LR8450 LR8450-01



Quick Start Manual

MEMORY HILOGGER



The latest edition of the instruction manual



	Read carefully before use. Keep for future reference.			
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Warranty Certificate

Introduction

Thank you for choosing the Hioki LR8450/LR8450-01 Memory HiLogger. To ensure your ability to get the most out of this instrument over the long term, please read this manual carefully and keep it available for future reference.

The LR8450-01 Memory HiLogger adds wireless LAN functionality to the LR8450.

Latest edition of instruction manual	
The contents of this manual are subject to change, for example as a result of product	回就
improvements or changes to specifications.	「穀魚
The latest edition can be downloaded from Hioki's website.	
https://www.hioki.com/global/support/download	

Product registration

Register this product in order to receive important product information. <u>https://www.hioki.com/global/support/myhioki/registration/</u>



This instrument comes with the following documentation. Please refer to these resources as necessary in light of your specific application. Please review the separate "Operating Precautions" before using the instrument.

Model	Manual contents	Printed edition	DVD edition
Operating Precautions	Information to ensure safe use of the instrument	\checkmark	_
Precautions Concerning Use of Equipment That Emits Radio Waves (LR8450-01 only)	Precautions relating to use of equipment that emits radio waves, countries in which the instrument has been certified, etc.	V	_
Quick Start Manual (this manual)	Operating precautions, connection methods, and basic operation	~	✓
Instruction Manual	Detailed information about functionality and operation; specifications and related knowledge	_	✓
Logger Utility* ¹ Instruction Manual	Information about how to install and use the computer application	_	✓
Communications Commands* ² Instruction Manual	Explanation of communications commands for controlling the instrument	_	✓
CAN Editor* ³ Instruction Manual	Explanation of how to install and use the CAN Unit PC application	-	\checkmark

*1: For information about how to install and use the Logger Utility computer application, see "Logger Utility Instruction Manual" on the included DVD (application disc).

- *2: The instrument can be controlled by a LAN- or USB-connected computer. For information about the communications commands used to control the instrument, see "Communications Commands Instruction Manual" on the included DVD (application disc).
- *3: For information about how to install and use the CAN Editor PC application, see "CAN Editor Instruction Manual" on the included DVD (application disc).

Intended audience

This manual has been written for use by individuals who use the product or provide information about how to use the product.

In explaining how to use the product, it assumes electrical knowledge (equivalent of the knowledge possessed by a graduate of an electrical program at a technical high school).

Trademarks

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- SD, SDHC Logos are trademarks of SD-3C LLC.
- Other products and company names are trade names, registered trademarks, or trademarks of their respective owners.

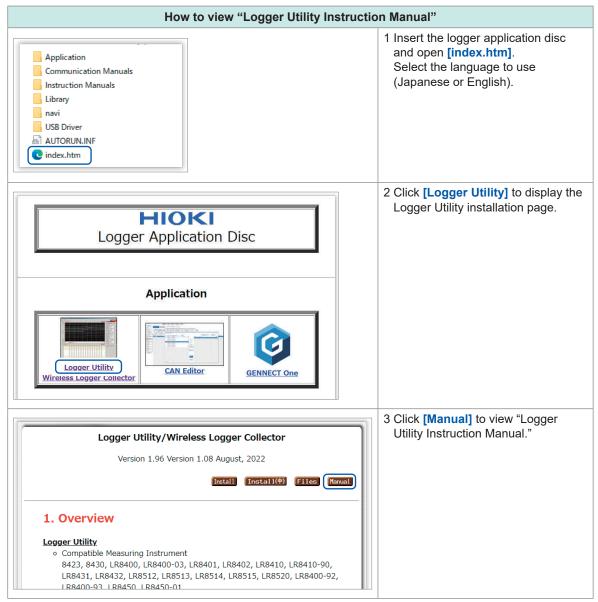
Screen font

• The typefaces included herein are solely developed by DynaComware Taiwan Inc.

Logger Utility

For information about how to install and use the Logger Utility computer application, see "Logger Utility Instruction Manual."

"Logger Utility Instruction Manual" can be found on the included logger application disc (p.5).



About the Notations Used in This Manual

Safety notations

This manual classifies seriousness of risks and hazard levels as described below.

A DANGER	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury or potential risks of damage to the supported product (or to other property).
IMPORTANT	Indicates information or content that is particularly important from the standpoint of operating or maintaining the instrument.
Â	Indicates a high-voltage hazard. Failure to verify safety or improper handling of the instrument could lead to electric shock, burns, or death.
\bigcirc	Indicates an action that must not be performed.
	Indicates action that must be performed.

Symbols on equipment

	Indicates the need for caution or the presence of a hazard. For more information about locations where this symbol appears on instrument components, see "Operating Precautions" (p.9), warning messages listed at the beginning of operating instructions, and the document entitled "Operating Precautions" that comes with the instrument.
	Indicates an instrument that has been protected throughout.
Ċ	Indicates whether the power is on or off.
<u> </u>	Indicates the ground terminal.
	Indicates direct current (DC).
\sim	Indicates alternating current (AC).

Notations related to standards compliance

X	Indicates compliance with the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive in EU member nations.
Li-ion	Indicates that the instrument is targeted for recycling under the Act on the Promotion of Effective Utilization of Resources.
CE	Indicates that the instrument complies with standards imposed by EU directives.

Other notations

Tips	Indicates useful advice concerning instrument performance and operation.
*	Instructs the reader to see below for additional information.
	Indicates the default setting. When initialized, the instrument will revert to this value.
(p.)	Indicates the page number to reference.
Bold	The names of control keys are printed in bold.
[]	The names of user interface elements on the screen are enclosed in brackets ([]).
Windows	Unless otherwise noted, the term "Windows" is used generically to refer to Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10, and Windows 11.
S/s	For this instrument, the number of times the analog input signal is digitized is indicated in samples per second (S/s). Example: 20 Ms/s (20 megasamples per second) signifies 20×10 ⁶ samples per second.

Accuracy

Hioki defines tolerances for measured values in terms of f.s. (full scale), as indicated below.

	Maximum display value, scale magnitude
f.s.	Indicates the maximum display value or scale magnitude. Generally speaking, the f.s. figure indicates the range in current use. Example: f.s. for the 1 V range = 1 V

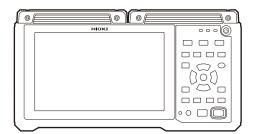
Checking Package Contents

When you receive the instrument, inspect it to ensure that no damage occurred during shipment. Pay particular attention to included accessories, panel keys and switches, and terminals. If you find any damage or discover that the instrument does not perform as indicated in its specifications, please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Check to ensure proper package contents.

The instrument

LR8450/LR8450-01 Memory HiLogger



Accessories

- □ Z1014 AC Adapter (with power cord) See "2.3 Connecting the AC Adapter" (p.50).
- □ Operating Precautions (0990A903)
- Precautions Concerning Use of Equipment That Emits Radio Waves (LR8450-01 only)
- □ Quick Start Manual (this manual)

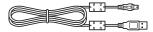








- □ Logger Application Disc (DVD)*
 - Quick Start Manual
 - Instruction Manual
 - Logger Utility
 - Logger Utility Instruction Manual
 - CAN Editor
 - CAN Editor Instruction Manual
 - GENNECT One
 - GENNECT One Instruction Manual
 - Communications Commands Instruction Manual
- USB cable
 - See "3.6 Acquiring Data with a Computer (PC)" in the Instruction Manual.



*: The most recent version is available for download from Hioki's website.

Options (sold separately)

The options listed below are available for the instrument. See "Options" (p.35).

To order an option, please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller. Options are subject to change. Check Hioki's website for the latest information.

U8550 Voltage/Temp Unit U8551 Universal Unit U8552 Voltage/Temp Unit U8553 High Speed Voltage Unit U8554 Strain Unit U8555 CAN Unit U8556 Current Module

LR8530 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit (LR8450-01 only) LR8531 Wireless Universal Unit (LR8450-01 only) LR8532 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit (LR8450-01 only) LR8533 Wireless High Speed Voltage Unit (LR8450-01 only) LR8534 Wireless Strain Unit (LR8450-01 only) LR8535 Wireless CAN Unit (LR8450-01 only) LR8536 Wireless Current Module (LR8450-01 only)

Z1014 AC Adapter (accessory) Z1007 Battery Pack Z5040 Fixed Stand C1012 Carrying Case Z4001 SD Memory Card (2 GB) Z4003 SD Memory Card (8 GB) Z4006 USB Drive (16 GB) 9642 LAN Cable L1012 Power Cable (with unprocessed ends)

Safety

The instrument and modules designed for use with the instrument have been designed in accordance with the IEC 61010 safety standard, and their safety has been verified by means of testing prior to shipment. However, failure to follow the information in this manual could render safety-related functionality provided by the instrument ineffective.

Please review the safety information below before using the instrument.

A DANGER



Read this manual carefully and ensure you understand its contents before using the instrument.

Improper use of the instrument could result in serious bodily injury or damage to the instrument.



If using an electrical measuring instrument for the first time, seek instruction from an individual with electrical measurement experience first.

Failure to do so may lead to electric shock, overheating, fire, arcing due to a shortcircuit, or other hazards.

Measurement categories

IEC 61010 defines measurement categories to facilitate safe use of measuring instruments. Test and measurement circuits designed to be connected to a main power supply circuit are classified into three categories depending on the type of main power supply circuit.

	Do not use an instrument to measure a main power supply circuit whose category exceeds the instrument's rated measurement category.
	Do not use an instrument that does not have a rated measurement category to measure a main power supply circuit.
	Doing so may result in serious bodily injury or damage to the instrument or other equipment.
CAT II	Applicable to test and measuring circuits connected directly to utilization points (socket outlets and similar points) of the low-voltage mains installation. Examples: Measurements on household appliances, portable tools, and similar equipment, and on the consumer side only of socket-outlets in the fixed installation.
CAT III	Applicable to test and measuring circuits connected to the distribution part of the building's low-voltage mains installation. Examples: Measurements on distribution boards (including secondary meters), photovoltaic panels, circuit breakers, wiring, including cables, busbars, junction boxes, switches, socket-outlets in the fixed installation, and equipment for industrial use and some other equipment such as stationary motors with permanent connection to the fixed installation.
CAT IV	Applicable to test and measuring circuits connected at the source of the building's low-voltage mains installation. Examples: Measurements on devices installed before the main fuse or circuit breaker in the building installation.
	Distribution panel Service inlet Service wire CAT IV Energy meter

Fixed equipment

Operating Precautions

Be sure to follow the precautions listed below in order to use the instrument safely and in a manner that allows it to function effectively.

Use of the instrument should conform not only to its specifications, but also to the specifications of all accessories, options, and other equipment in use.

Checking safety prior to use

A DANGER





Use of the instrument while malfunctioning could result in serious bodily injury. If you find any damage, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller. For more information about inspections, see "Inspection of the instrument" (p.53).

Installing the instrument

For more information about the instrument's operating temperature and humidity range and its storage temperature and humidity range, see "4 Specifications" (p.97).

- Do not install the instrument in locations such as the following:
- · In locations where it would be subject to direct sunlight or high temperatures
- · In locations where it would be exposed to corrosive or explosive gases
- In locations where it would be exposed to powerful electromagnetic radiation or close to objects carrying an electric charge



- Close to inductive heating devices (high-frequency inductive heating devices, IH cooktops, etc.)
- · In locations characterized by a large amount of mechanical vibration
- · In locations where it would be exposed to water, oil, chemicals, or solvents
- · In locations where it would be exposed to high humidity or condensation
- In locations with an excessive amount of dust

damage to the instrument.

Doing so could damage the instrument or cause it to malfunction, resulting in bodily injury.

ACAUTION

Do not place the instrument on an unstable stand or angled surface.

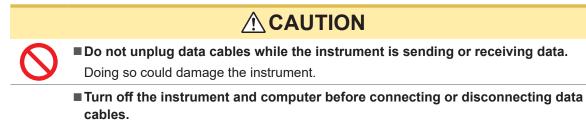


Do not bend or pull on cables at temperatures of 0°C or lower.

Since cables become rigid, doing so could damage the insulation or cause a wire break, resulting in electric shock.

Doing so could cause the instrument to fall or overturn, resulting in bodily injury or

Installing the instrument (continued)





Failure to do so could cause the instrument to malfunction or damage it.

■Use the same ground for the instrument and computer.

Connecting data cables while there is a potential difference between the instrument and computer's ground levels could cause the instrument to malfunction or damage it.

IMPORTANT

- Please take care not to change the ambient temperature around the terminal blocks of measurement modules. If the terminal blocks are subject to wind, such as that blown from a ventilator or an air conditioner, measurement errors will arise during temperature measurement with thermocouples.
- When moving the instrument to a location with a significantly different temperature, allow the instrument to sit for at least 60 minutes before starting measurement.

Do not block vent openings. (Leave at least 5 cm of space on the left and right sides of the instrument in order to keep its temperature from rising.)



At least 5 cm

At least 5 cm

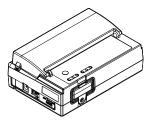
The instrument is classified as a Class A device under the EN 61326 standard. Use of the instrument in a residential setting such as a neighborhood could interfere with reception of radio and television broadcasts. If you encounter this issue, take steps as appropriate to address it.

Installing the wireless modules

Place the wireless module in either of the following orientations.

- Horizontal orientation: Place with its front side (the input terminals) up.
- Vertical orientation: Place with its upper side (the Z3230 or Z3231 attached) up.

If the wireless module is placed in other orientations, the system may yield measured values that do not meet the accuracy specifications.

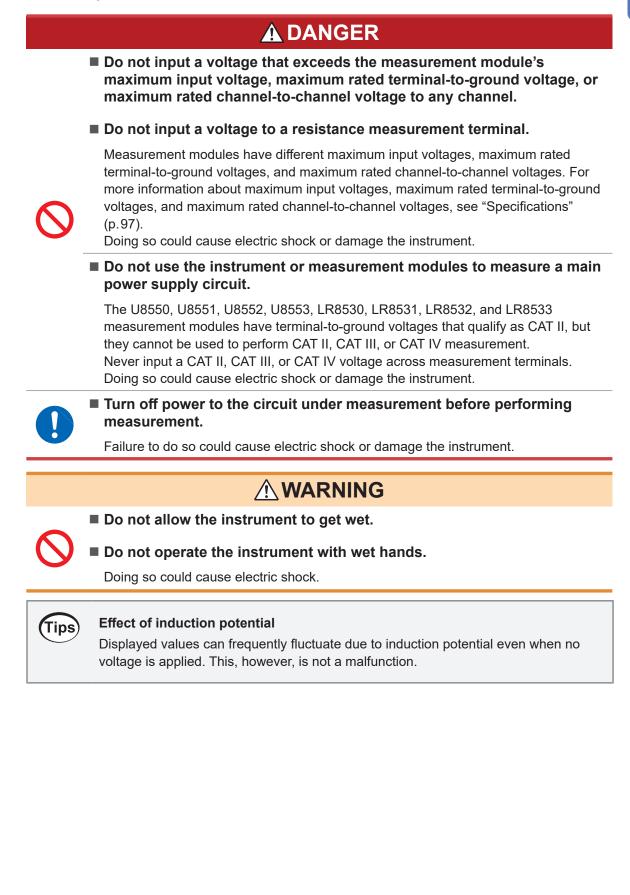


Horizontal orientation



Vertical orientation

Measurement precautions



Shipping precautions

Store packaging materials for future use. You will need the packaging materials when shipping the instrument.

Do not subject the instrument to vibration or mechanical shock while transporting or handling it.



■ Do not drop the instrument.

Doing so could damage the instrument.

When transporting the Z1007 Battery Pack on an aircraft

- The Z1007 Battery Pack uses rechargeable lithium-ion batteries.
- The transport of lithium-ion batteries by air is subject to regulations in accordance with United Nations recommendations.
- If you need to repair or calibrate any device that uses the Z1007 Battery Pack or to transport such devices by air, contact transport firms or airlines.

Precautions related to disc usage

- Exercise care to keep the recording surface of the disc free of dirt and damage. If you need to label the disc, for example with text, use a marker with a soft tip.
- Store discs in protective cases. Avoid exposing discs to direct sunlight, high temperatures, or high humidity.
- Hioki is not liable for any computer system issues that arise in connection with the use of this disc.

Wireless LAN

The LR8450-01 Memory HiLogger and Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapter use radio communications in the 2.4 GHz band. No regulatory permit is necessary to use the product, but caution should be exercised with regard to the following:

A DANGER



Do not use the instrument in proximity to medical devices such as pacemakers.

Radio waves from the product may affect operation of the pacemaker or other medical device, causing it to malfunction or damaging it.

Do not use the instrument with medical equipment, nuclear power equipment or devices, aerospace equipment, transport equipment or devices, or other equipment or devices being used in applications that affect human life, or with equipment, devices, or systems that require an advanced level of reliability.

Hioki is not liable for any bodily injury or damage that arise as a result of the use of the product in such applications.

IMPORTANT

- Do not use the LR8450-01 and its wireless modules near other wireless communications devices that use the same frequency band. Doing so may result in communications instability or affect the operation of other devices.
- Install the LR8450-01 and any wireless modules (Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapters) so that they are not more than roughly 30 m apart.
- Install the LR8450-01 and any wireless modules so that there are no obstructions (walls, metal materials, etc.) between them. Failure to do so may result in communications instability or reduce the communications range.
- Communications between the LR8450-01 and its wireless modules (Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapters) are encrypted, but the confidentiality of information sent and received is not guaranteed. Hioki is not liable for any leaks of measured values caused by wireless communications.
- The LR8450-01 and its wireless modules (Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapters) give off radiowave radiation. Use of radio communications requires a permit in the country of use. Use of the instrument outside the countries and regions listed in the included "Precautions Concerning Use of Equipment That Emits Radio Waves" may constitute a violation of applicable laws, resulting in penalties.
- Placing the LR8450-01 and its wireless modules (Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapters) on the floor or ground will reduce the communications range. The communications range can be extended by moving the devices away from the floor or ground, for example by placing them on a workbench or stand.



Troubleshooting communications issues

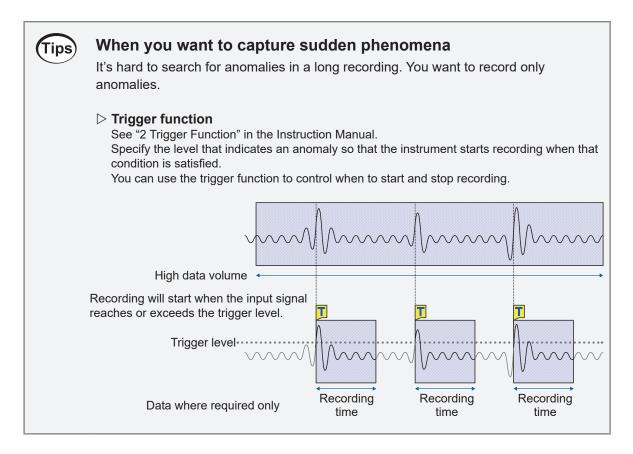
You can review how to deal with issues involving communications between the instrument and wireless modules using the QUICK SET feature. See "1.16 Configuration Navigator (Quick Set)" in the Instruction Manual.

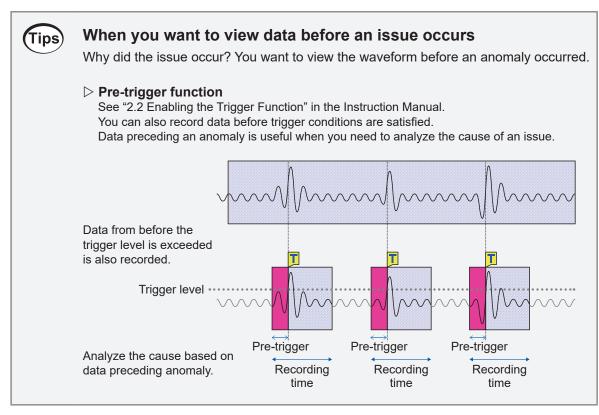
Checking communications status

You can check the status of communications on your wireless network. See "9.4 Using the Wireless Modules (LR8450-01 Only)" in the Instruction Manual.

Convenient Functionality

This section introduces convenient functionality provided by the instrument and indicates where to look for more information.





When you want to view waveforms, numerical values, and Tips comments at the same time You want to view waveforms and numerical values at the same time. You want to display comments that identify the data. > Switching the waveform screen See "Waveform display" in the Instruction Manual. You can switch the waveform screen with the WAVE key. This feature also lets you display numerical values and comments along with waveforms. ▼ Display Wave+Value ▼ rval 1 ▼ Horz 30 min Gauge AII CH Eject Inst < 1/1 > 18.41°C in temperature 5 Λ Scr 24 OFF Waveform Numerical values Comments

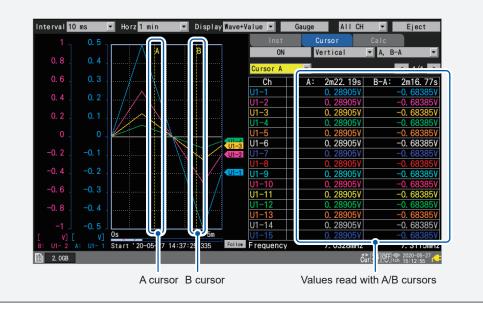
Tips

When you want to read values from waveforms

You want to read values from waveforms. You also want to ascertain the potential difference or time difference between two points.

▷ A/B cursors

See "1.14 Using the A/B Cursors" in the Instruction Manual. The A/B cursors let you read measured values and times from waveforms. You can also read the potential difference and time difference between the A cursor and the B cursor.



Tips When you want to ascertain the characteristics of the measured waveform

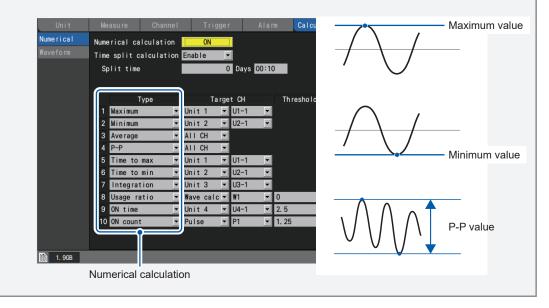
You want to ascertain the characteristics of a waveform, for example its maximum and minimum values.

▷ Numerical calculation function

See "6.1 Performing Numerical Calculations" in the Instruction Manual.

This function lets you ascertain the characteristics of measured waveforms using numerical calculations.

You can calculate any 10 values out of 13 available choices, including maximum value, minimum value, and average value.



Tips

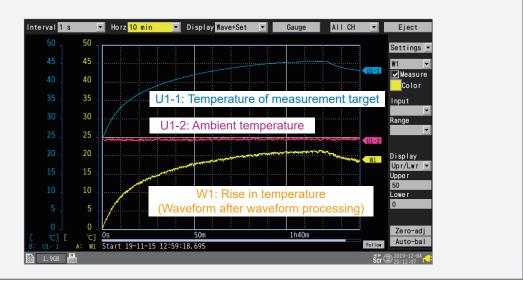
When you want to record only the rise in temperature

You want to know how much a temperature reading rose from the ambient temperature.

▷ Waveform calculation function

See "6.2 Performing Waveform Calculations" in the Instruction Manual. This function lets you measure the temperature of the measurement target using U1-1 and

the ambient temperature using U1-2. You can record the measurement target's rise in temperature using the following waveform calculation: W1 = U1-1 - U1-2





When you want to stop a piece of equipment if it becomes too hot

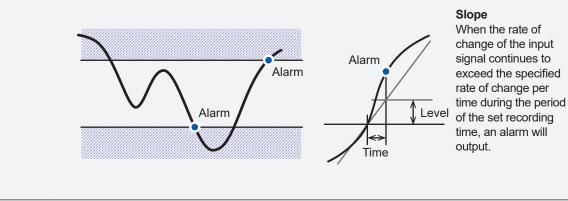
You want to monitor the temperature of a piece of equipment and halt its operation if it becomes too hot.

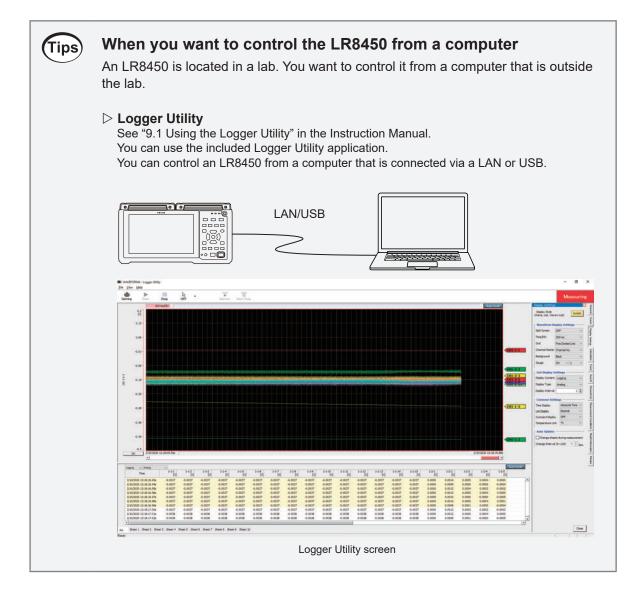
▷ Alarm output function

See "4 Alarm (Alarm Output)" in the Instruction Manual.

This function lets you set a threshold and then output an alarm signal if the input signal reaches or exceeds that threshold.

Alarm output can be used to communicate the alarm to a piece of equipment or to control a warning lamp.





Tips V

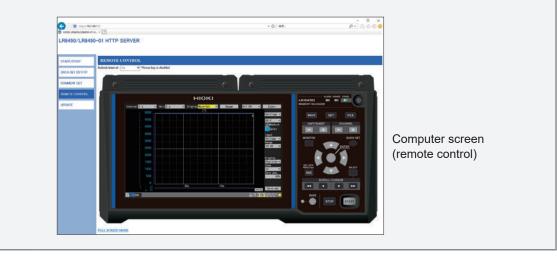
When you want to check the status of measurement from your office

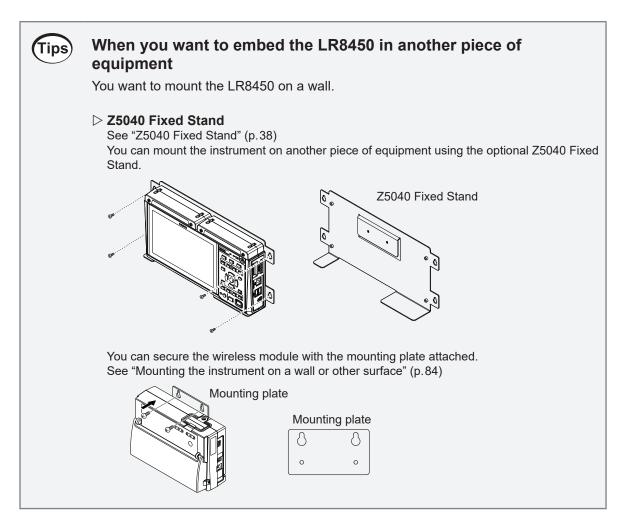
Your measurement site and office are connected by a LAN. You want to check the status of measurement using a computer in your office.

▷ HTTP server

See "9.5 Preforming Remote Operation Using the HTTP Server" in the Instruction Manual. This function lets you control the LR8450 remotely using a computer in an office while measurement continues in the field.

You can view data in real time, and you can also capture waveform data.







Tips

When you want to clear the settings from the previous user

The settings configured by the previous user could cause unintended operation. You want to clear those settings.

▷ Initialization (system reset)

See "Initialization (resetting the system)" (p.92). When multiple users are sharing the instrument, it is recommended to configure settings after first initializing the instrument.

When you want to schedule (start or stop) measurement in advance

You want to start or stop measurement at a certain time and date.

▷ Registering time specifications

See "1.3 Setting Measurement Conditions" in the Instruction Manual. You can specify a start time/date and stop time/date for measurement. You can also specify only a start or stop time/date.



When you want to measure voltage at a sampling interval of 1 ms

You want to record output from an amp's built-in sensor at high speed.

 U8553 High Speed Voltage Unit, LR8533 Wireless High Speed Voltage Unit See "1.3 Options" (p.35).
 You can record the sensor output voltage at 1 ms intervals.



When you want to measure strain at a sampling interval of 1 ms

You want to record strain gage-type converter output, for example pressure or acceleration.

▷ U8554 Strain Unit, LR8534 Wireless Strain Unit

See "1.3 Options" (p.35). The U8554/LR8534 has a built-in bridge box. You can record strain at 1 ms sampling intervals.



When you want to record a CAN signal, or you want to output measured values to a CAN bus

You want to register CAN information such as vehicle speed, or you want to output measured values from the LR8450 to a CAN bus.

▷ U8555 CAN Unit, LR8535 Wireless CAN Unit

See "1.3 Options" (p. 35). You can register up to 2000 channels of CAN data, and you can output measured values from plug-in modules to a CAN bus.

Tips

When you want to make measurements at a location that has no power outlets

You want to make measurements at a location that has no power outlets. You want to power the LR8450 using batteries.

▷ Z1007 Battery Pack

See "Z1007 Battery Pack" (p.37). You can power the instrument or wireless modules with the Z1007 Battery Pack.



When you want to use a sensor that requires a power supply

You want to supply power to the Z2000 Humidity Sensor or other sensor.

▷ Voltage output terminal

See "Connecting voltage output" (p.73). You can output +5 V DC, +12 V DC or +24 V DC as a sensor power supply from the instrument.



When you want to transport the instrument in a case

You want to transport the LR8450 and its accessories in a case.

▷ C1012 Carrying Case

See "C1012 Carrying Case" (p.38). You can store the instrument and seven wireless modules in this case.



When you want to read sensor values directly

You want to display values from the Humidity Sensor, which generates output ranging from 0 V to 5 V, as humidity values (% RH).

▷ Scaling function

See "1.7 Using the Scaling Function" in the Instruction Manual. You can use the scaling function to convert voltage values to humidity values. By setting the conversion ratio to 20 and the unit to "% RH," you can display values as humidity values.



When you want to record current from an instrumentation device

You want to record a current of 4-20 mA that is being output from an instrumentation device.

Connecting a 250 Ω shunt resistor to the input terminal See "Connecting wires to a screw-type terminal block" (p.56). You can record a current of 4-20 mA as a voltage of 1 to 5 V.

Old-Versus-New Loggers

The following table provides a comparison of the LR8400-20/LR8410-20 to the LR8450/LR8450-01.

	✓: Yes; -: No								
	Functionality, configuration	LR8400-20	LR8410-20	LR8450	LR8450-01				
N	lumber of plug-in modules	Up to 4	-	Up to 4	Up to 4				
N	lumber of wireless modules	-	Up to 7	_	Up to 7				
N	lumber of channels	Up to 60	Up to 105	Up to 120	Up to 330				
N	lumber of pulse inputs	8	-	8	8				
N	lumber of alarm outputs	4	4	8	8				
S	ync operation	_	-	Up to 5	Up to 5				
N	leasurement target			1					
	Voltage	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓				
	Temperature	\checkmark	✓	√	\checkmark				
	Humidity	\checkmark	~	~	✓				
	Strain	_	-	✓	\checkmark				
	Resistance	\checkmark	✓	✓	\checkmark				
	CAN	_	-	√	✓				
	Current	_	-	✓	√				
N	laximum sampling intervals			1	1				
	Voltage	10 ms	100 ms	1 ms	1 ms				
	Temperature	10 ms	100 ms	10 ms	10 ms				
	Humidity	10 ms	100 ms	10 ms	10 ms				
	Strain	_	-	1 ms	1 ms				
	CAN	_	-	10 ms	10 ms				
	Current	_	-	1 ms	1 ms				
lr	nternal buffer memory capacity	8 MW	8 MW	256 MW	256 MW				
L	CD size	5.7 inches	5.7 inches	7 inches	7 inches				
S	torage media*	CF, USB	SD, USB	SD, USB	SD, USB				
	xternal control terminal (excluding round)	6 terminals	6 terminals	12 terminals	12 terminals				
V	oltage output (for current sensors)	12 V DC	-	5 V, 12 V, 24 V DC	5 V, 12 V, 24 V DC				
N	lumerical calculation			1	1				
	Number of calculations	Up to 6	Up to 6	Up to 10	Up to 10				
	Calculation type	6	6	13	13				
V	Vaveform calculation			,					
	Number of calculations	Up to 30	Up to 30	Up to 30	Up to 30				
	Four arithmetic operations	✓	✓	· · ·	√				
	Moving average	_	-	√	✓				
V	Vired LAN	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓				
V	Vireless LAN	_	-	-	✓				
U	ISB communications (USB 2.0)	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓				
<u> </u>	lock accuracy	±3.0 s/day	±3.0 s/day	±1.0 s/day	±1.0 s/day				
C	perating temperature range (logger)	0°C to 40°C	-10°C to 50°C	-10°C to 50°C	-10°C to 50°C				

✓: Yes: -: No

*: CF, SD, USG stand for CF card, SD Memory Card, and USB Drive, respectively. Hioki guarantees the operation of our options only.

U

1.1 Instrument Overview and Features

The LR8450/LR8450-01 is a multichannel logger that can measure physical quantities like temperature, voltage, and strain and observe data on CAN buses when combined with various measurement modules.

Two categories of measurement modules are available: plug-in modules that can be plugged directly into the instrument and wireless modules that can send data wirelessly.

Choose the modules that are right for your application from 14 different types.

The LR8450 can accommodate plug-in modules.

The LR8450-01 is capable of communications with not only plug-in modules but also wireless modules.

Recommended modules

Feature	Plug-in modules	Wireless modules
Record temperature at a sampling interval of 10 ms (using thermocouples)	U8550	LR8530
Record temperature with a high degree of precision (using resistance temperature detectors)	U8551	LR8531
Record multiple channels of temperature data (using thermocouples)	U8552	LR8532
Record voltage data at a sampling interval of 1 ms	U8553	LR8533
Record strain data at a sampling interval of 1 ms	U8554	LR8534
Record CAN signal at a sampling interval of 10 ms	U8555	LR8535
Record current data at a sampling interval of 1 ms	U8556	LR8536

See "Plug-in modules" (p.32) and "Wireless modules" (p.33).

Add or remove modules according to the number of channels.

Both the LR8450 and LR8450-01 can accommodate up to four plug-in modules. The LR8450-01 can also record data using only wireless modules, even if no plug-in modules have been installed.

The LR8450 can accommodate up to four CAN Units (plug-in) and the LR8450-01 can accommodate up to four CAN Units (total of plug-in and wireless modules).

Number of modules and channels that can be used

Model number	Plug-in modules	Wireless modules	Number of channels that can be measured
LR8450	4	-	120
LR8450-01	4	7	330 (plug-in: 120; wireless: 210)

See "2.1 Connecting Plug-in Modules" (p.42).

Maintain the sampling speed, even when modules are added.

Adding modules, each of which incorporates an A/D converter, does not cause the reduction of the sampling speed.

You can perform measurement at different data refresh rates (sampling intervals) appropriate for every module.

See "Measurement module data refresh intervals" in the Instruction Manual.

Setting example

- Control signals are recorded at a high sampling interval of 1 ms using the U8553 High Speed Voltage Unit.
- Multi channels of temperatures are recorded at a sampling interval of 1 s using the U8552 Voltage/Temp Unit.

(The U8552 can use a relatively low sampling speed, allowing the filter to set a lower cutoff frequency. Using the U8552 can eliminate lower-frequency noise.)

Perform strain measurement.

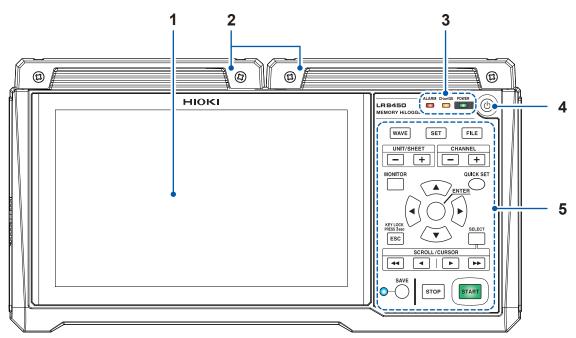
You can measure multiple channels of strain data using the Strain Unit. The instrument has a built-in bridge box, allowing it to support a variety of connection methods.

See "Connecting a strain gage or converter" (p.62).

1.2 Part Names and Functions; Screens

LR8450/LR8450-01 Memory HiLogger

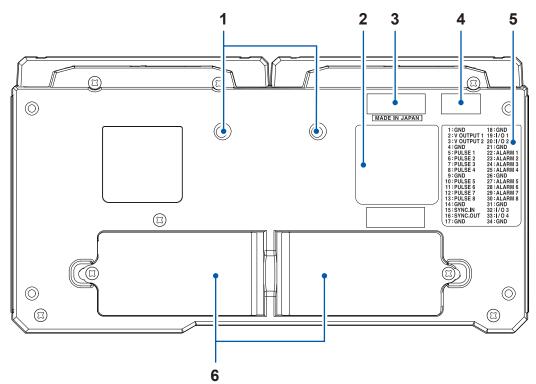
Front



No.	Name		Functionality	See		
1	Display		The instrument features a 7-inch TFT color LCD.			
2	-		Inside each cover are connectors for plug-in modules. Affix the covers when not installing plug-in modules. The covers can also be used as connector covers for plug-in modules.	p.42		
3	POWER LED	POWER	Lights up when the instrument is on.	p.76		
	ALARM LED ALARM Power key		Lights up when the instrument is charging.	p.48		
			Lights up when an alarm occurs.	Instruction Manual		
4			Power key Turns the instrument on or off.			
5	Key controls		See following page.	-		

Key controls

Key	Name	Functionality	See	
WAVE	WAVE key	Displays the waveform/value screen. Allows you to view waveforms and numerical values.	p.95	
SET	SET key	Displays the settings screen. Allows you to configure function settings.	p.86	
FILE	FILE key	Displays the file list screen. Allows you to perform file operations.	p.91	
	UNIT/SHEET keys	Allows you to select the module or sheet and switches between sub tabs.		
CHANNEL 	CHANNEL keys	Switches channels.	p.88	
MONITOR	MONITOR key	Displays the monitor. Allows you to check the current input channel.	Instruction Manual	
	QUICK SET key	Launches the configuration navigator to display the connection guide. Using the configuration navigator, you can easily configure various settings.	p.83	
	Left Arrow, Right Arrow, Up Arrow, and Down Arrow keys	Moves the focus* on the screen up and down.*: Refers to the active item. The background of the selected item will turn yellow.	p.88	
$\overline{\nabla}$	ENTER key	Accepts the settings you have made. Moves down a level.		
KEY LOCK PRESS 3sec ESC	ESC key	Cancels the operation. On the settings screen, moves up a level. You can disable keys (p.92) by pressing and holding ESC key for at least 3 seconds.	p.86	
SELECT	SELECT key	Toggles between waveform scrolling and A/B cursor movement. On the file screen, opens a menu of file operations.	Instruction	
SCROLL/CURSOR	SCROLL/CURSOR keys	Scrolls the waveform or move the A/B cursors.	Manual	
SAVE	SAVE key	Saves the data. The LED next to the key will turn blue while data is being saved.	p.91	
START	START key	Starts measurement. The key will turn green while measurement is in progress.		
STOP	STOP key	Stops measurement.	- p.89	

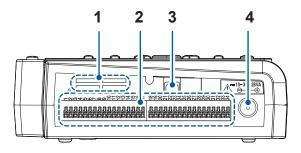


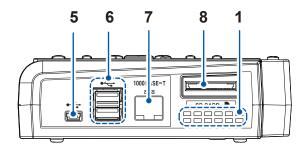
No.	Name	Functionality	See				
1	Installation screw holes	screw The screws can be used for attaching the Z5040 Fixed Stand, which allows the product to mount on a wall.					
2	Warning	Contains important information about the instrument.					
3	Serial numberThe first four digits of the 9-digit number indicate the year (its last two digits only) and the month of manufacture. Do not remove this sticker as the number is important. Communicate this number when you contact your authorized 						
4	MAC address	Indicates the MAC address assigned to your instrument. Do not remove this sticker as the number is important.	_				
5	External control terminal names	Indicates the names of the external control terminals on the left side of the instrument.	p.75				
6	Battery compartments	Provides internal space for the Z1007 Battery Pack. (Up to 2)	p.44				

1 Overview

Left side







No.	Name	Functionality	See
1	Air vents	Provides ventilation to keep the instrument from reaching too high an internal temperature.	p.10
2	External control terminals*	Allows you to control the instrument using external signals. Outputs alarm signals.	p.75
3	Cable hook	Pass the Z1014 AC Adapter's cable through this hook to keep it from being pulled out.	p.51
4	Power inlet	Connect the included Z1014 AC Adapter here. You can externally supply power (10 V to 30 V DC) here.	p.50 p.52
5	USB connector	Connect the included USB cable here. (USB 2.0 Mini-B)	Instruction Manual
6	USB connector	Connect an optional USB Drive or a commercially available keyboard or mouse. (USB 2.0 Standard-A)	p.81
7	LAN connector	Connect a LAN cable here. (100Base-TX/1000Base-T)	Instruction Manual
8	SD card slot	Insert an optional SD Memory Card here.	p.79

*: How to check the pin assignments of the external control terminals

Press the **QUICK SET** key, and choose **[External connection guide]**. Names of the external control terminals will be displayed.

	nal contr	01 101	
GND			
	V OUTPUT 1 V OUTPUT 2	12	2
GND			3
GINL	PULSE 1		5
	PULSE 2 PULSE 3		6
	PULSE 3		7
GND			8
GINL	PULSE 5		2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
	PULSE 6		111
	PULSE 7		12 13 14 15
GND	PULSE 8		13
GNL	SYNC.IN		15
	SYNC.OUT	I Col	16
GND			17
GND			18
	I/01 I/02		19
0.11			20 21
GND	ALARM 1		21
	ALARM 2		23
	ALARM 3		24
0.11	ALARM 4		25
GND			26
	ALARM 5 ALARM 6		28
	ALARM 7		29
0.110	ALARM 8		30
GND	1/0.3		31 32
	1/03 1/04		33
GND			34
ริญิ 1	. 9GB		

Function name	Pin number	Signal name	See
Pulse input	5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13	PULSE 1 to PULSE 8	p.71
Warning output	22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30	ALARM 1 to ALARM 8	p.72
Voltage output	2, 3	V OUTPUT 1 V OUTPUT 2	p.73
External control	19, 20, 32, 33	I/O 1 to I/O 4	p.75
GND	1, 4, 9, 14,17, 18, 21, 26, 31, 34	GND	-
Synchronization	15, 16	SYNC.IN, SYNC.OUT	p.75

See "8 External Control (Ext. I/O)" in the Instruction Manual.

iterval 1	10 ms	-	Horz 1 m	in	•	Display	lave+Set	•	Gauge	ALL	СН		Eject
100	<mark>ז 5</mark>	_ ا	: :	:		: :				: :			Settings
90	4	_											Unit 1
80	3	_											Ch V Measure
70	2	_											
60	1	_											Input Voltage
50	0												Range 10 V
40	-1												Display
30	-2												Position Zoom
20	-3												x1
10	_4												Zero pos. 50
0													
°C]	[V]				-1(Om		- (Бm				Zero-adj Auto-ba
	8GB						•			P sc 24		Follow	2024-03-26 00:00:00
	} /								ÎÎ				100.00.00
1 1	2						3		4 5	67	8 9	9101	1 1

Screen and icons

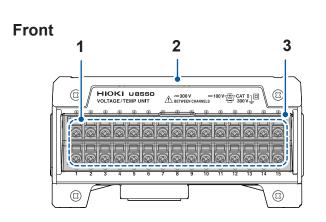
	2		5 4 5 6 7 6 5 10	
No.	ltem	lcon	Description	See
1	Media ^{*1}	ŝD	An SD Memory Card has been inserted.	p.79
		USB	A USB Drive has been inserted.	p.81
2	Media indicator	29.8GB	Indicates SD Memory Card and USB Drive status with a level meter. Available space is displayed as a value. The indicator turns red when available space falls to 5% or less.	_
3	Status bar	_	Displays messages, icons, media space, day, and time.	-
4	Sampling correction	NIP	Indicates the sampling correction function enabled.	Instruction
		×	Indicates the sampling correction function disabled.	Manual
5	GENNECT Cloud	Ø	(Gray) GENNECT Cloud is not connected.	
		۵	(Blue) GENNECT Cloud is connected.	Instruction Manual
		ø	A file is being uploaded to GENNECT Cloud.	
6	Synchronization	Ρ	Indicates that the instrument has been set as the primary instrument.	Instruction
		S	Indicates that the instrument has been set as a secondary instrument.	Manual
7	SCROLL CURSOR	Ŝcr	Tapping the SCROLL/CURSOR keys moves the waveforms.	Instruction
		đ⊾ Čur	Tapping the SCROLL/CURSOR keys moves the A/ B cursors.	Manual

No.	Item	lcon	Description	See	
8	Voltage output* ²	OFF	No voltage is being output from the voltage output terminals.		
		5	A voltage of 5 V DC is being output from the voltage output terminals.	– p.73	
		12	A voltage of 12 V DC is being output from the voltage output terminals.	μ.75	
		24	A voltage of 24 V DC is being output from the voltage output terminals.		
9	Scaling	•	Scaling is enabled for one or more channels.	Instruction Manual	
10	Wireless LAN	ŜT	In station mode. (communicating)		
		🍣 ST	In station mode. (disrupted)		
		ÂP	In access point mode.	- Instruction Manual	
		Tch	In wireless module connection mode. The channel numbers represent the frequency band channels of the wireless LAN.		
11	Wireless module communications status ^{*3}	\. \. \. \. \. \. \. \. \. \. \. \. \. \	Communications between the instrument and wireless unit: Interrupted (Displays the power and signal strength status of the wireless modules during communications.)		
		2	Communications between the instrument and wireless unit: Communicating Upper row: Signal strength Lower row: Power of the wireless module		
		Signal strength* ⁴	Signal strength between the instrument and the wireless module: Excellent	p.83	
		(Upper row)	Signal strength between the instrument and the wireless module: Good		
			Signal strength between the instrument and the wireless module: Fair		
			Signal strength between the instrument and the wireless module: Poor		
		Power ^{*4} (Lower row)	Running on AC Adapter power. The icons will also be displayed when the modules are running on externally supplied power.	p.50 p.52	
			Running on battery power (fully charged).		
			Running on battery power. The battery starts to run out. Connect the AC Adapter to charge the battery.	p.44	
			Running on battery power. The battery has run out. Immediately connect the AC adapter to charge the battery.		

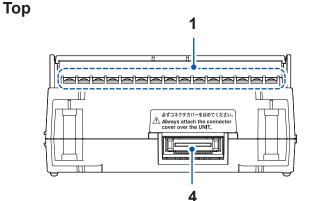
No.	Item	lcon	Description	See	
12	Instrument power* ⁵	r e	Running on AC Adapter power. The icons will also be displayed when the modules are running on externally supplied power.	p.50 p.52	
			Running on battery power (fully charged).		
			Running on battery power.		
			Running on battery power. The battery starts to run out. Connect the AC adapter to charge the battery.		
		Ō	Running on battery power. The battery has run out. Connect the AC adapter to charge the battery.	p.44	
		2	Running on AC Adapter power. The battery is being charged.		
		İ	A battery anomaly has occurred. Immediately stop the use of the instrument and remove the Battery Packs.		

- *1: The amount of available space on the media that is selected as the preferred auto save location is displayed to the right of the media's icon.
- *2: The left icon indicates the state of the voltage output terminal 1: the right, that of the voltage output terminal 2.
- *3: The icon's border will flash red for wireless module from which no measurement data is being received.
- *4: The power and signal strength status of each wireless module will be displayed using a two-tier icon. When the multiple wireless modules are registered, they show in the module number order from the left.
- *5: Two icons will appear if two Z1007 Battery Packs have been inserted. The icon on the right indicates the status of the Battery Pack on the right when the instrument is viewed from the front (looking at the LCD screen), while the icon on the left indicates the status of the Battery Pack on the left.

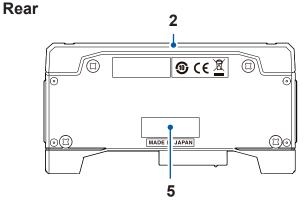
Plug-in modules



Figures show the U8550 Voltage/Temp Unit.



Bottom



4

No.	Name	Functionality	See
1	Input terminals	Provides input terminals for each channel. The numerics represent the channel numbers.	p.53
2	Connector cover	Protects the plug-in unit's input terminals.	
3	Terminal block cover	Close the cover during measurement.	p.32
4	Connector	Used for module expansion. Attach the connector cover to any unused connectors.	p.42
5	Serial number	The first four digits of the 9-digit number indicate the year (its last two digits only) and the month of manufacture. Do not remove this sticker as the number is important. Communicate this number when you contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.	_

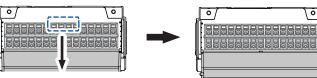
The LR8534 Wireless Strain Unit has the DIP switch, used to select the wiring method. See "Connecting a strain gage or converter" (p.62).

The U8555 CAN Unit has two LEDs that indicate its operational status. See "Connecting a CAN cable" (p.65)

If four plug-in modules have been installed

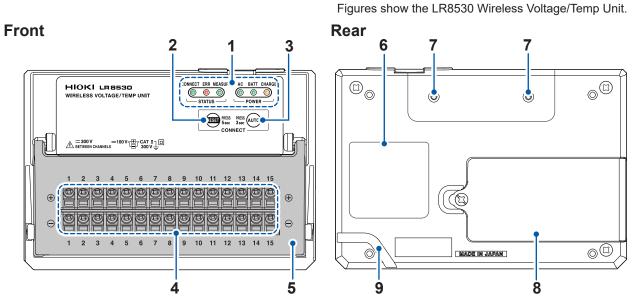


Terminal block cover



Terminal block covers open toward you. The CAN Unit and the Current Module do not have a terminal block cover.

Wireless modules



No.	Name		Functionality	See
1		CONNECT ERR MEASURE	Remains on during communications. Blinks during registration or low-signal state.	p.117
	ERR LED		Lights up when an error occurs.	
	MEASURE LED		Remains on during measurement.	
	AC LED	AC BATT CHARGE	Lights up when the instrument is being powered by the AC Adapter or by an external power supply.	
	BATT LED	POWER	Lights up when the instrument is operating on battery power. Blinks when the battery is low.	p.77
	CHARGE LED		Lights up when the Battery Pack is being charged.	
2	RESET key	PRESS PRESS AUTO	Resets the wireless module's communications settings.	n 02
3	AUTO key		Automatically configures communications settings between the LR8450-01 and the wireless modules.	p.83
4	Input terminals		Provides input terminals for each channel. The numerics represent the channel numbers.	p.53
5	Terminal block co	over	Close the cover during measurement.	p.34
6	Warning		Contains important information about the wireless module.	_
7	Installation screw holes		Accommodates screws for use in mounting the module on a board or wall.	p.84
8	Battery compartment		Provides space for the Z1007 Battery Pack.	p.44
9	Cable guide		Hitch the Z1008 AC Adapter's cord to prevent the cord unplugged.	p.51

The LR8531 Wireless Universal Unit has the power terminal for the Z2000 Humidity Sensor. See "Connecting the Humidity Sensor" (p.59).

The LR8534 Wireless Strain Unit has the DIP switch, used to select the wiring method. See "Connecting a strain gage or converter" (p.62).

The LR8535 Wireless CAN Unit has two LEDs that indicate its operational status. The CAN Unit does not have a terminal block cover.

See "Connecting a CAN cable" (p.65)

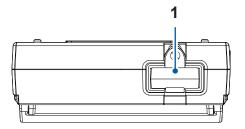
To perform zero-adjustment on the LR8536 Wireless Current Module, quickly press the **RESET** key twice.

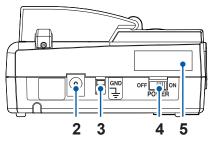
The Current Module does not have a terminal block cover.

1

Тор

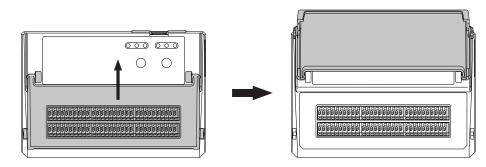
Right side





No.	Name	Functionality	See
1	Wireless LAN Adapter	Connect the Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapter (wireless module accessory) here.	p.82
2	Power inlet	Plug the supplied Z1008 AC Adapter. You can externally supply power (10 V to 30 V DC) here.	p.50 p.52
3	GND	Serves as the function ground terminal.	_
4	POWER switch	Turns the instrument on or off.	p.76
5	Serial number	The first four digits of the 9-digit number indicate the year (its last two digits only) and the month of manufacture. Do not remove this sticker as the number is important. Communicate this number when you contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.	_

Terminal block cover



Terminal block covers open toward the LEDs. The CAN Unit and the Current Module do not have a terminal block cover.

....

1.3 Options

For detailed specifications, see "10 Specifications" in the Instruction Manual.

Plug-in modules

Diversity we advise a second	المالة براج والألوار والأليان او والمراجع وال	
Plug-in modules can	i ne lisea with either th	e LR8450 or the LR8450-01.
r lug in moduloo our		

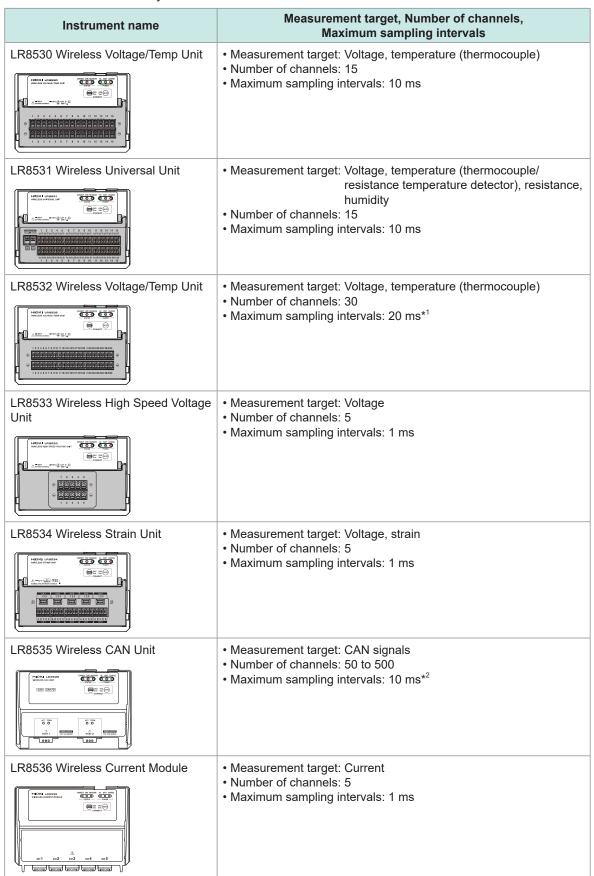
Instrument name	Measurement target, Number of channels, Maximum sampling intervals
U8550 Voltage/Temp Unit	 Measurement target: Voltage, temperature (thermocouple), humidity Number of channels: 15 Maximum sampling intervals: 10 ms
U8551 Universal Unit	 Measurement target: Voltage, temperature (thermocouple/resistance temperature detector), resistance, humidity Number of channels: 15 Maximum sampling intervals: 10 ms
U8552 Voltage/Temp Unit	 Measurement target: Voltage, temperature (thermocouple), humidity Number of channels: 30 Maximum sampling intervals: 20 ms*¹
U8553 High Speed Voltage Unit	 Measurement target: Voltage Number of channels: 5 Maximum sampling intervals: 1 ms
U8554 Strain Unit	 Measurement target: Voltage, strain Number of channels: 5 Maximum sampling intervals: 1 ms
U8555 CAN Unit	 Measurement target: CAN signals Number of channels: 50 to 500 Maximum sampling intervals: 10 ms*²
U8556 Current Module	 Measurement target: Current Number of channels: 5 Maximum sampling intervals: 1 ms

*1: When using with 15 channels or less, 10 ms.

*2: Up to 50 CAN channels (signals) can be measured at a maximum sampling interval of 10 ms.

Wireless modules

Wireless modules can only be used with the LR8450-01.



*1: When using with 15 channels or less, 10 ms.

*2: Up to 50 CAN channels (signals) can be measured at a maximum sampling interval of 10 ms.

Overview

Other options

Z1014 AC Adapter (LR8450/LR8450-01 accessory) Z1008 AC Adapter (wireless module accessory)

The LR8450/LR8450-01 ships with the Z1014 AC Adapter. Wireless modules ship with the Z1008 AC Adapter. These adapters allow the LR8450/LR8450-01 and wireless modules to be powered by commercial power. (AC power)

- Rated supply voltage (100 V to 240 V AC)
- Rated power supply frequency (50 Hz/60 Hz)

When using both the AC Adapter and Battery Pack, the AC Adapter has priority in powering the instrument or module. When power from the AC Adapter is interrupted, the instrument or module will immediately switch to battery power.

L1012 Power Cable

The L1012 Power Cable can power the LR8450 or LR8450-01 with DC power. It can not be used with wireless modules.

Z1007 Battery Pack

The optional Z1007 Battery Pack can be used to operate the instrument when commercial power, which enables through the AC Adapter the instrument to operate, cannot be used. In addition, it can be used as a backup power supply in the event of a power outage.

See "Installing a Battery Pack" (p.44).

Z3230 Wireless LAN Adapter (wireless module accessory)

Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapter (wireless module accessory)

The Wireless LAN Adapter comes with the LR8530, LR8531, LR8532, LR8533, LR8534, LR8535 and LR8536. It is used by attaching it to the wireless module. See "Preparing the Wireless Modules" (p.82).

Z2000 Humidity Sensor

The Z2000 Humidity Sensor can be connected to the U8550, U8551, U8552, or LR8531 to measure humidity. The Z2000 requires a power supply. With the U8550, U8551, and U8552, the instrument's VOUTPUT 1 and 2 power supply output terminals can be used to supply power to the Z2000. With the LR8531, connect the Z2000 to the module's Humidity Sensor power supply terminal.

The Z2000 has a cable length of 3 m.













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Z5040 Fixed Stand

You can mount the instrument on a wall or other surface using the optional Z5040 Fixed Stand.

For more information about how to install the stand, see the Instruction Manual that comes with the Z5040.

Use the screws that come with the Z5040 (M3×5 mm) to attach the instrument to the stand.

C1012 Carrying Case

The optional C1012 Carrying Case provides a convenient way to transport the instrument. The C1012 can accommodate the logger (with up to four plug-in modules) as well as wireless modules (up to seven).

Z4001 SD Memory Card (2 GB) Z4003 SD Memory Card (8 GB) Z4006 USB Drive (16 GB)

You can save measurement data and settings to an SD Memory Card or USB Drive.

Proper operation of the instrument with SD memory cards and USB drives other than options provided by Hioki is not guaranteed.

SP7001-95 Non-Contact CAN Sensor 9713-01 CAN Cable

The SP7001-95 Non-Contact CAN Sensor and the 9713-01 CAN Cable are options for the U8555 and LR8535, and used for CAN signal measurement.

The 9713-01 has a cable length of 2.0 m.



SP7001-95

9713-01





1.4 Measurement Process

This section describes how to make measurements using the instrument.

1 Prepare to use the instrument.

See "Making Connections (Preparing for Measurement)" (p.41).

- If using one or more plug-in modules, install them in the instrument.
- Connect either the AC Adapter or a charged Battery Pack.

2 Connection the cables.

See "2.5 Connecting the Cables" (p.53).

 Connect sensors, such as thermocouples and Humidity Sensors, to the terminal blocks of the measurement modules.

3 Turn on the instrument.

See "2.6 Turning the Instrument On and Off" (p.76).

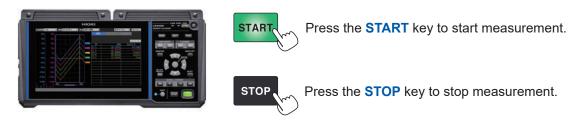
• Press the power key to turn on the instrument.

4 Configure the Input channels.

- Set the recording interval (sampling interval) and recording time. See "1.3 Setting Measurement Conditions" in the Instruction Manual.
- Set the input type, such as voltage and temperature, and the range. See "1.4 Configuring Input Channels" in the Instruction Manual.

5 Start/stop measurement.

See "Starting and stopping measurement" (p.89).



6 Observe waveform data.

- You can scroll the waveform display in the time (horizontal) axis to observe. See "1.13 Observing Waveforms" in the Instruction Manual.
- You can use the A/B cursors to read values from waveforms. See "1.14 Using the A/B Cursors" in the Instruction Manual.

7 Save the data.

- You can save measured waveforms and setting conditions onto storage media. See "Saving data" (p.91).
- The instrument can load saved waveforms and settings data. See "Loading data" (p.91).

Measurement Process

2 Making Connections (Preparing for Measurement)



This chapter describes how to prepare for measurement. Use either the AC Adapter or Battery Pack to power the instrument. You can rest secure in the event of an abrupt power outage by installing a Battery Pack even while using the AC Adapter.

Install and connect modules and cables according to your measurement targets.

You can choose either an SD Memory Card or a USB Drive as storage media.

2.1 Connecting Plug-in Modules	p.42
2.2 Installing a Battery Pack	p.44
2.3 Connecting the AC Adapter	p.50
2.4 Connecting the External Power Supply	p. 52
2.5 Connecting the Cables	p.53
Connecting voltage cables and thermocouples	p.56
Connecting resistance temperature detectors	p.58
Connecting the Humidity Sensor	p.59
Connecting a resistor	p.61
Connecting a strain gage or converter	p.62
Connecting a CAN cable	p.65
Connecting a Non-Contact CAN Sensor	p.66
Connecting a current sensor	p.68
Connecting pulse input	p.71
Connecting alarm output	p.72
Connecting voltage output	p.73
Connecting external control signals	p.75
2.6 Turning the Instrument On and Off	p.76
2.7 SD Memory Card and USB Drive	p.78
2.8 Preparing the Wireless Modules	p.82

2.1 Connecting Plug-in Modules

You can connect up to four optional plug-in modules to one LR8450/LR8450-01. Connect modules according to the number of channels necessary for measurement.



Do not remove the connector cover when not connecting plug-in modules.

Failure to do so could cause electric shock or damage the instrument or plug-in module.



Turn off the instrument and disconnect any cables before connecting or removing any plug-in modules.

Failure to do so could cause electric shock or damage the instrument or plug-in module.

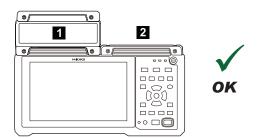
If connecting multiple plug-in modules, do so as indicated in the diagram below.

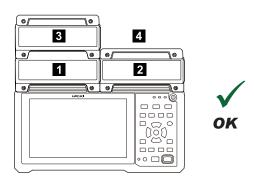
When connecting 1 plug-in module

When connecting 3 plug-in modules

Connect the module to slot **1** or **2**.

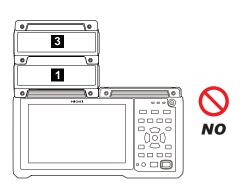
Connect the modules to slots **1**, **2**, and **3** or **1**, **2**, and **4**.



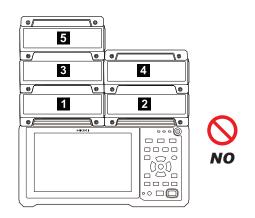


The connections described below are not available. The screen will show an error message.

When connecting 2 or more plug-in modules on one side



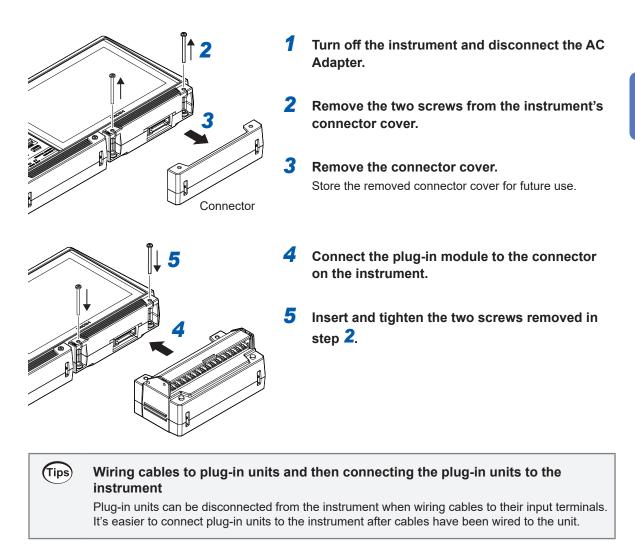
When connecting 5 or more plug-in modules



IMPORTANT Changing the module configuration may reset the channel settings. Check the settings.

Connecting plug-in modules to the instrument

Compatible modules: U8550, U8551, U8552, U8553, U8554, U8555, U8556 You will need: a Phillip's head screwdriver (No. 2)



Adding plug-in modules

You can additionally connect another plug-in module to the module attached to the instrument. Connect another module to the attached module in the same way as to the instrument.

IMPORTANT

Plug-in modules ship with two spare screws (M3×35 mm). Exercise care not to lose them.

2.2 Installing a Battery Pack

You can power the instrument and wireless modules using the optional Z1007 Battery Pack when commercial power is not available.

You can also use the Battery Pack as a backup power supply in the event of a power outage while using commercial power.

When you connect the AC Adapter to the instrument or wireless module with the Battery Pack inserted, the AC Adapter will supply power in preference. If the AC Adapter discontinues supplying power, the instrument and modules will operate on batteries.

- Do not attempt to disassemble or modify the Battery Pack.
- Do not incinerate or heat the Battery Pack.
- Do not use the Battery Pack in locations where the temperature is higher than 80°C or leave it in a hot place.
- Do not soak the Battery Pack in liquid or get the Battery Pack wet.
- Do not puncture the Battery Pack with nails, strike it with a hammer, or step on it.
- Do not subject the Battery Pack to mechanical shock or throw the Battery Pack.
- Do not solder a wire or other conductor directly to the Battery Pack.
- Do not connect the Battery Pack to any device not specified by Hioki.



- Do not use any Battery Pack that exhibits exterior damage or whose shape has become deformed.
- Do not place the Battery Pack on top of an electromagnetic cooking device or inside a microwave oven or high-pressure container.
- If you notice that a Battery Pack being stored exhibits an anomaly (for example, unusual odor, heat, discoloration, or deformation in shape), do not use the Battery Pack.

Doing so may cause the Battery Pack to leak liquid, overheat, give off smoke, rupture, or ignite, resulting in serious bodily injury.

- Do not connect the Battery Pack's positive and negative terminals with a metallic object.
- Do not carry or store the Battery Pack together with metal instruments.

A short circuit of the terminals could cause the Battery Pack to leak liquid, overheat, give off smoke, rupture, or ignite, resulting in serious bodily injury. Alternatively, an excessive current could flow through the metal products, causing them to heat up. These hazards could result in serious bodily injury.



To operate the instrument or a wireless module on battery power, use only the Z1007 Battery Pack.

0

Use of other batteries may damage the instrument or cause the Battery Pack to leak liquid, overheat, give off smoke, rupture, or ignite, resulting in serious bodily injury. Hioki is not liable for any equipment damage or accident resulting from use of a battery pack other than the Z1007.

If you get electrolyte that has leaked from the Battery Pack in an eye, immediately wash the eye thoroughly with tap water or other clean water without rubbing and seek immediate medical attention.

Failure to treat the eye may result in injury to the eye.

- If the Battery Pack malfunctions during charging, disconnect the AC Adapter from the instrument or measurement module to stop charging.
- If the Battery Pack fails to charge fully in the designated charge time, stop charging.



■ If the Battery Pack malfunctions during use, stop using it immediately.

Failure to do so may cause the Battery Pack to leak liquid, overheat, give off smoke, rupture, or ignite, resulting in bodily injury.

If the Battery Pack is leaking electrolyte or giving off an unusual odor, move it away from fire immediately.

Failure to do so may cause the leaked electrolyte to ignite, causing bodily injury.

Do not use the Battery Pack in locations where it would be exposed to direct, strong sunlight or where it would become hot, for example inside a vehicle on a hot day.



- Do not leave the Battery Pack in hot locations.
- When using the Battery Pack for the first time after purchase, avoid use if you notice any rust, unusual odor, overheat, or other anomaly.

Doing so may cause the Battery Pack to leak liquid, overheat, give off smoke, rupture, or ignite, resulting in bodily injury. It may also lower the Battery Pack's performance and reduce its service life.



If you get electrolyte leaked from the Battery Pack on your skin or clothing, immediately rinse with tap water or other clean water.

Electrolyte may irritate the skin.

Be sure to use the included screws to close the cover.

Use of screws that are longer than the included screws could damage the instrument.

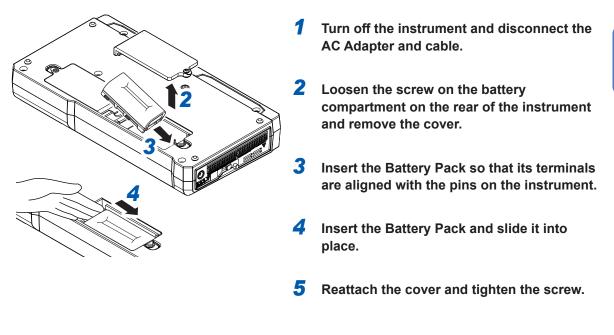
IMPORTANT

- Be sure to charge Battery Packs when using them for the first time after purchase or for the first time after an extended period of non-use. Battery Pack capacity declines due to self-discharge.
- When operating time has become significantly shorter even though the Battery Pack was charged properly, the Battery Pack has reached its service life. Replace it with a new Battery Pack.
- Connect Battery Packs to the instrument or wireless module correctly.
- Charge Battery Packs within the ambient temperature range of 5°C to 35°C. Charging Battery Packs at a low temperature of close to 5°C will result in lower charge than at 23°C. The amount of time the instrument or wireless module can operate on the Battery Pack will decrease as the temperature falls.
- When not using a Battery Pack for an extended period of time, remove it from the instrument or wireless module and store it at about 20°C. Charge each Battery Pack for about 30 min. with the instrument or a wireless module once a year.
- Battery Packs are consumables. Each Battery Pack's service life (defined as the period of time during which its capacity is at least 70% of the initial capacity) is about 300 charge/discharge cycles. (Service life varies with storage method and operating environment.)
- For reasons related to Battery Pack characteristics, the indicated remaining battery life may diverge from the actual remaining battery life due to factors such as settings during use, operating temperature, and the number of battery charge/discharge cycles.

Installing the Battery Pack in the instrument

The instrument can accommodate two Z1007 Battery Packs. One Battery Pack may be used alone.

You will need: Z1007 Battery Pack and a Phillip's head screwdriver (No. 2)

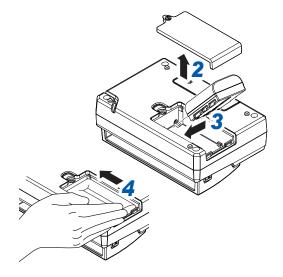


IMPORTANT

When using two Battery Packs, replace both at the same time. If you replace only one Battery Pack during use, the remaining battery life may not be detected correctly.

Installing the Battery Pack in a wireless module

You will need: Z1007 Battery Pack and a Phillip's head screwdriver (No. 2)



- Turn off the instrument and disconnect the AC Adapter and cable.
- 2 Loosen the screw on the battery compartment on the rear of the wireless module and remove the cover.
- **3** Insert the Battery Pack so that its terminals are aligned with the pins on the wireless module.
- **4** Insert the Battery Pack and slide it into place.
- **5** Reattach the cover and tighten the screw.

Charging the Battery Pack

You can charge the Battery Pack by connecting the Z1014 AC Adapter to the instrument or the Z1008 AC Adapter to the wireless module. The Battery Pack will continue to be charged even while the instrument or the wireless module is turned off. (p.46)

The **CHARGE** LED will turn orange while the Battery Pack is being charged. (On the instrument, the **CHARGE** LED will light up about 5 seconds after charging begins.)

Charging will stop once the Battery Pack is fully charged, and the CHARGE LED will turn off.

Rough charge time (LR8450/LR8450-01, wireless modules)

• Approx. 7 h (when charging a Battery Pack with little remaining battery life)

Continuous operating time on Battery Pack power

Instrument

Approximate continuous operating time on one Battery Pack (reference value)

Approximate continuous operating time		Backlight brightness	
	Approx. 2 h	5 (maximum brightness)	

After being fully charged, with one U8551 Universal Unit connected, at an ambient temperature of 23°C

Enabling the backlight saver or lowering the backlight brightness (dimming the backlight) will increase the operating time.

See "Backlight saver" and "Backlight brightness" in the Instruction Manual.

When using two Battery Packs, the instrument will be able to operate continuously for about twice as long as on one Battery Pack.

The amount of time the instrument can operate on the Battery Pack will decrease as the temperature falls.

Even if the Battery Pack is fully charged, the instrument may not operate if the Battery Pack becomes cold. Attach two Battery Packs in the instrument, warm the Battery Pack to room temperature, or replace the Battery Pack with a standby Battery Pack.

Displaying the monitor and individual settings screens use battery power even if you have not yet started measurement because those screens collect data.

Wireless modules

Rough continuous operating time when operating on the Battery Pack power only (reference value)

Modules	Approximate continuous operating time
LR8530 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit	Approx. 9 h
LR8531 Wireless Universal Unit	Approx. 7 h
LR8532 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit	Approx. 9 h
LR8533 Wireless High Speed Voltage Unit	Approx. 9 h
LR8534 Wireless Strain Unit	Approx. 5 h
LR8535 Wireless CAN Unit	Approx. 10 h ^{*1} Approx. 5 h ^{*2}
LR8536 Wireless Current Module	Approx. 5 h

After being fully charged, at an ambient temperature of 23°C

*1: When not using the Non-Contact CAN Sensor

*2: When using two Non-Contact CAN Sensors

Charging time

Instrument

The battery icon on the screen will turn red when the battery life declines while the instrument is being powered by a Battery Pack. If this mark is displayed, connect the Z1014 AC Adapter and charge the battery.

Approximate time from when the instrument's battery icon turns red until the battery has no remaining charge (reference value)

 Approx. 10 min. (with four plug-in modules connected while saving waveform data in real time to an SD Memory Card, backlight brightness of 5 [maximum brightness], backlight saver off, 23°C)

Wireless modules

If the Battery Pack starts to run out while the wireless module is working on Battery Pack power, the battery (BATT) LED that remains on will start blinking.

Rough continuous operating time after the battery LED starts blinking (reference value)

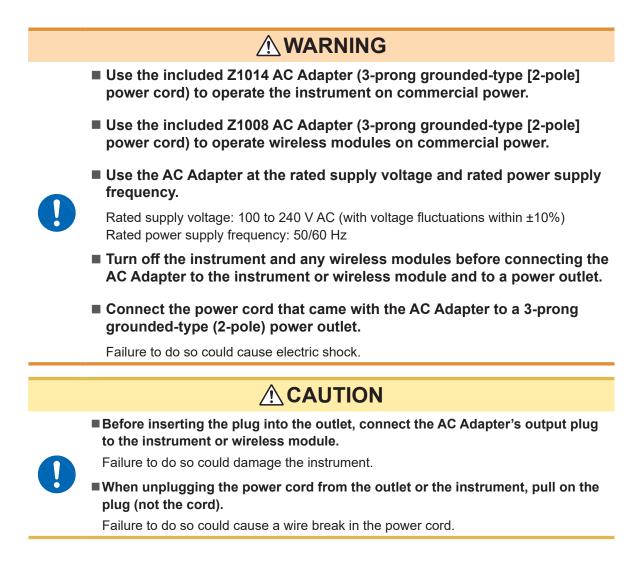
• Approx. 30 min. (at an ambient temperature of 23°C)

2.3 Connecting the AC Adapter

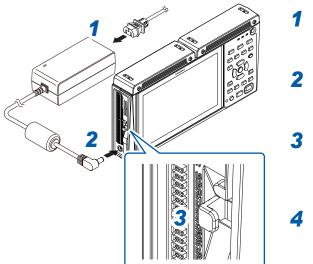
The instrument ships with the Z1014 AC Adapter, while wireless modules ship with the Z1008 AC Adapter. Connect the power cord to the AC adapter and plug it into a power outlet.

Be sure to use the included AC Adapter (3-prong grounded-type [2-pole] power cord). The optional Z1007 Battery Pack can be used to enable the instrument to continue operating in the event of a power outage. When using the AC Adapter with a Battery Pack, the AC Adapter has priority in powering the instrument. When power from the AC Adapter is interrupted, the instrument or module will switch to battery power.

Be sure to read "Handling of cords and cables" (p.53) before connecting the AC Adapter. In addition, turn off the instrument before connecting or disconnecting the AC Adapter.

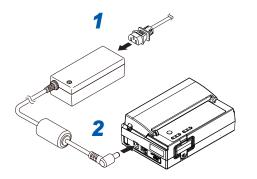


Supplying power to the instrument with the AC Adapter (AC power)



- Connect the power cord to the Z1014 AC Adapter.
- 2 Connect the AC Adapter's output plug to the Instrument's power inlet.
- **3** To keep the plug from being pulled out inadvertently, insert the AC Adapter's output cord into the cable hook on the instrument.
- Insert the plug on the power cord into an outlet.

Supplying power to a wireless module with the AC Adapter (AC power)



- 1 Connect the power cord to the Z1008 AC Adapter.
- 2 Connect the AC Adapter's output plug to the module's power inlet.
- **3** To keep the plug from being pulled out inadvertently, insert the AC Adapter's output cord into the cable guide on the bottom of the wireless module.
- 4 Insert the plug on the power cord into an outlet.

2.4 Connecting the External Power Supply

The instrument and wireless modules are capable of externally-DC-powered operation.

L1012 Power Cable can be used to connect the instrument and an external power supply with each other.

L1012 Power Cable can not be used with wireless modules.

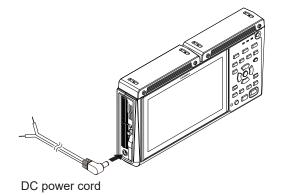
Supply power having only the rated supply voltage to the instrument or the wireless modules.

Rated supply voltage: 10 V to 30 V DC



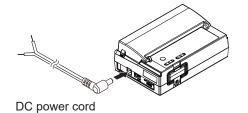
- Turn off the instrument and the wireless modules before plugging the DC power cords.
- Insert the output plugs into the instrument and wireless modules before supplying power.
- Observe the correct polarity when connecting the wires of the DC power cord. Failure to do so could cause damage to the product.

Externally supplying DC power to the instrument



- **1** Insert the plug of the DC power cord into the instrument's power inlet.
- 2 Hitch the DC power cord to the instrument's cable hook to prevent the cord from being unplugged.
- 3 Observing the correct polarity, connect another end of the DC power cord to an external power supply.

Externally supplying DC power to the wireless module



- **1** Insert the plug of the DC power cord into the wireless module's power inlet.
- 2 To keep the plug from being pulled out inadvertently, insert the DC power cord into the cable guide on the bottom of the wireless module.
- **3** Observing the correct polarity, connect another end of the DC power cord to an external power supply.

IMPORTANT

Using a DC power cord of 3 m or longer can subject the wireless module to harmful electromagnetic environments such as external noises.

2.5 Connecting the Cables

Pre-use inspection

Inspect the instrument and wireless module before turning them on to check for damage during storage or shipping.

If you find any damage, contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Inspection of peripheral equipment

Do the measurement cables you're about to connect have tears in their insulation, or is any metal exposed?

If you find any damage, do not use the measurement cable. Doing so could cause electric shock. Replace the cable with the designated type.

Inspection of the instrument

- Does the instrument exhibit any damage? If you find any damage, have the instrument repaired.
- When you turn on the instrument, does the screen work?

If no screen is displayed, there may be a wiring break in the power cord, or the instrument may be damaged. Have it repaired.

Handling of cords and cables

Ensure measurement cables hang lower than the instrument.

Failure to do could allow water or other liquids to travel down the measurement cables into the instrument, resulting in damage or bodily injury.

- Before connecting measurement cables to measurement terminals or turning on the instrument, follow the procedure below:
 - 1. Shut off the power to the measurement lines.
 - 2. Turn off all equipment.



- 3. Remove the measurement cables from measurement targets.
- 4. Close the terminal block cover. (other than U8555, U8556, LR8535, or LR8536)
- Use specified wiring only. Alternatively, use wiring that provides sufficient dielectric strength and current capacity.

Failure to do so may result in electric shock or a short-circuit.

Surely connect measurement cables to the input terminals.

A loosened screw could cause contact resistance to increase and thus the instrument to overheat, resulting in bodily injury, burning of the instrument, or fire.

■ Do not step on cords or allow them to become caught between other objects.

Doing so may damage insulation, resulting in bodily injury.



Do not apply a voltage exceeding the specifications between channels.

Modules whose channels are isolated from one another incorporate semiconductor relays. Subjecting these modules to a voltage exceeding the voltage specified in the instrument's specifications could cause a short circuit fault of the semiconductor relays.

IMPORTANT

- Measurement may be affected by the EMC environment, for example external noise, when connecting cables of greater than 3 m in length. Keep cables away from power lines and ground lines.
- Measured values may exhibit variability when cables are connected in parallel with other devices. Be sure to verify proper operation when connecting cables in parallel.

When connecting cords to the input terminals

A DANGER

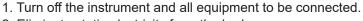


Do not leave input cords connected in environments where there is the possibility of a surge exceeding the dielectric strength.

Doing so may damage the instrument, resulting in serious bodily injury.



Before connecting measurement cables to the input terminals, follow the procedure below:



2. Eliminate static electricity from the body.

Failure to do so could cause electric shock or damage to the instrument.

When using wires with crimp terminals, use insulated terminals designed for use with M3 screws in the following sizes:

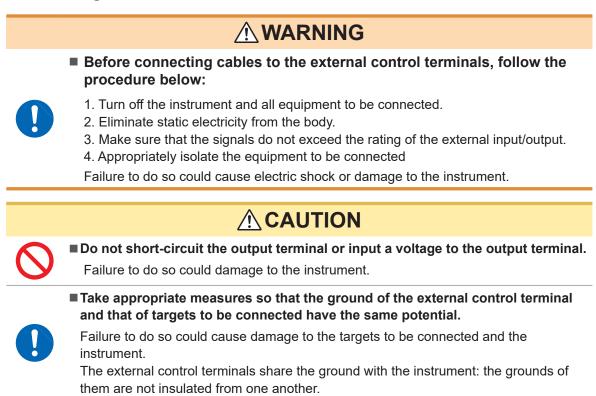




6 mm or less

mm	or	less	
	01	1000	

When connecting cables to the external control terminals



When using twisted-pair wiring for measurement cables, exercise care not to make contact with adjacent measurement cables or terminals.

Connecting voltage cables and thermocouples

Connecting wires to a screw-type terminal block



For screw-type terminal blocks, use specially designed screws to secure connections.

Use of other screws could result in electric shock or equipment damage.

Applicable modules: U8550, U8553, LR8530, LR8533 You will need: a Phillip's head screwdriver (No. 2) and an input cable or thermocouple

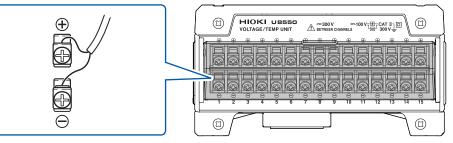
Recommended wire diameter

Single-wire	Diameter of 0.2 mm to 1.29 mm (AWG 32 to 16)
Stranded wire	0.03 mm ² to 1.38 mm ² (AWG 32 to 16)
Standard stripping length	10 mm

1 Open the terminal block cover.

2 Loosen the terminal block screw. Insert the tip of the cable as shown in the figure and tighten the screw.

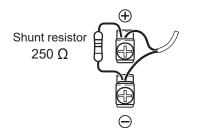
Tighten the terminal block screws to $0.4 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ (recommended; $0.8 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ at a maximum). Cable insulation colors vary by country and manufacturer. Check before connecting.



3 Connect the cable to the measurement target.

4 Close the terminal block cover.

When measuring an instrumentation device (inputting a 4-20 mA current), connect a 250 Ω shunt resistor as shown in the figure. For more information about measuring instrumentation devices, see "Measuring voltage" in the Instruction Manual.



Connecting wires to a push-button terminal block

Applicable modules: U8551, U8552, U8554, LR8531, LR8532, LR8534 You will need: a flat-head screwdriver (with a tip width of 2.6 mm) and an input cable or thermocouple

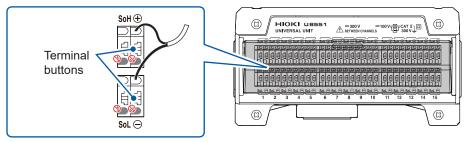
Single-wire	Diameter of 0.32 mm to 1.29 mm (AWG 26 to 16)
Stranded wire	0.2 mm ² to 0.52 mm ² (AWG 24 to 20)
Standard stripping length	9 mm

1 Open the terminal block cover.

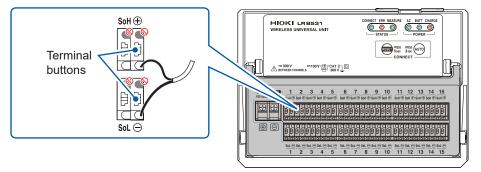
2 While pressing down the terminal button with the flat-head screwdriver, insert the front end of a wire into the terminal opening.

Cable insulation colors vary by country and manufacturer. Check before connecting. For more information about Strain Unit input terminals, see "(5) Voltage input" (p.64).

Plug-in modules



Wireless modules



3 Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.

- **4** Connect the cable to the measurement target.
- **5** Close the terminal block cover.

Connecting resistance temperature detectors

Applicable modules: U8551, LR8531

You will need: a flat-head screwdriver (with a tip width of 2.6 mm) and a resistance temperature detector

Recommended wire diameter

Single-wire	Diameter of 0.32 mm to 1.29 mm (AWG 26 to 16)
Stranded wire	0.2 mm ² to 0.52 mm ² (AWG 24 to 20)
Standard stripping length	9 mm

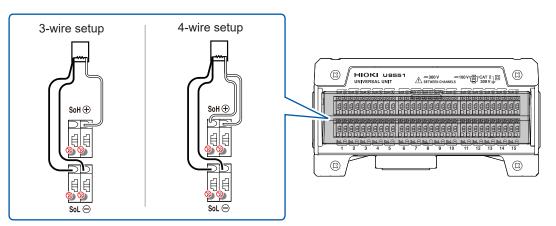
1 Open the terminal block cover.

2 Press down on the terminal button with the flat-head screwdriver.

3 Insert the cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.

Three-wire type: Insert the cables into the positive terminal (red), negative terminal (black), and SoL terminal (black).

Four-wire type: Insert the cables into the positive terminal (red), negative terminal (black), SoL terminal (black), and SoH terminal (red).



Cable insulation colors vary by country and manufacturer. Check before connecting.

4 Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.

- **5** Connect the cable to the measurement target.
- **6** Close the terminal block cover.

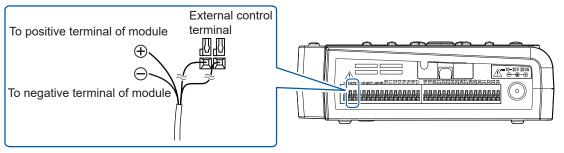
Connecting the Humidity Sensor

Applicable modules: U8550, U8551, U8552, LR8531 You will need: a flat-head screwdriver (with a tip width of 2.6 mm) and the Z2000 Humidity Sensor

1 Open the terminal block cover.

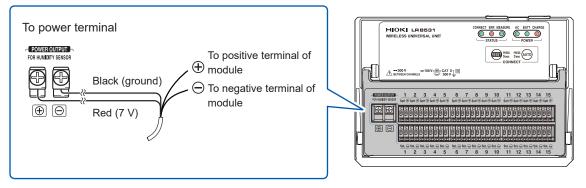
2 Connect the Z2000 Humidity Sensor's power cable to external control terminal voltage output terminal 1 or 2.

Connect the red cable to the "VOUTPUT1" terminal or the "VOUTPUT2" terminal and the black cable to the "GND" terminal. The instrument can supply power to up to 120 pieces of the Z2000 at once.



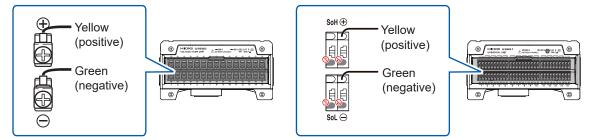
To supply power to the Z2000, set Voltage output terminals 1 or 2 to **[12 V]**. See "8.1 Configuring Voltage Output (VOUTPUT)" in the Instruction Manual.

With the LR8531, you can connect the Humidity Sensor's power cable to the module's Z2000 power supply terminal. The instrument can supply power to up to 15 pieces of the Z2000 at once. Connect the red cable to the positive terminal and the black cable to the negative terminal.



3 Connect the Z2000's measurement cable to the input channel's push-button terminal or screw terminal.

Connect the yellow cable to the positive terminal and the green cable to the negative terminal.



- **4** Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.
- 5 Affix the Z2000 to the measurement target.
- **6** Close the terminal block cover.



Do not use the Z2000 Humidity Sensor in locations with an excessive amount of dust or locations causing the instrument to get wet.

Doing so could damage the Z2000 Humidity Sensor, which is not water-resistant or dust-resistant.

- The Z2000 Humidity Sensor's sensitivity and precision will degrade over time, even under normal operating conditions. To ensure measurement within the accuracy specifications, it is recommended to replace the sensor with a new model after one year of the first open of the sealed package.
- If the conditions diverge from the indicated operating (storage) environment, the Z2000 Humidity Sensor's precision may degrade in less than a year, making it incapable of accurate measurement.
- In principle, placing the Z2000 Humidity Sensor in an environment where it would be exposed to organic gases (ketone, acetone, ethanol, toluene, etc.) may cause the sensor surface to become contaminated, increasing humidity measurement error.
- Ensure that the Z2000 Humidity Sensor is not exposed to high concentrations of chemical solvents for extended periods of time during use or storage.
- The sensor may also be contaminated by organic gases released by vinyl chloride or packaging materials.
- When not using the Z2000 Humidity Sensor, seal it along with a package of desiccant in the polyethylene bag in which it was shipped and store it in a cool, dark place.
- Exercise care to avoid condensation. The sensor is particularly prone to condensation in environments where the temperature changes rapidly.
- Proper operation is not guaranteed in the event that conditions diverge from the indicated operating (storage) environment.
- Changes in humidity (to high humidity from low humidity or to low humidity from high humidity) will affect measured values due to hysteresis. The Z2000 Humidity Sensor's measured values are affected within a range of about 3% RH.

Connecting a resistor

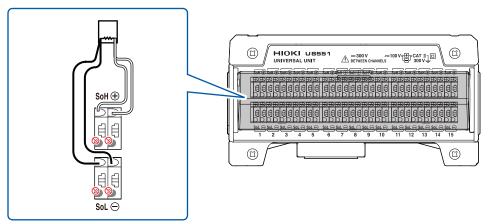
Applicable modules: U8551, LR8531

You will need: a flat-head screwdriver (with a tip width of 2.6 mm) and an input cable (for resistance measurement)

Recommended wire diameter

Single-wire	Diameter of 0.32 mm to 1.29 mm (AWG 26 to 16)
Stranded wire	0.2 mm ² to 0.52 mm ² (AWG 24 to 20)
Standard stripping length	9 mm

- **1** Open the terminal block cover.
- **2** Press down on the terminal button with the flat-head screwdriver.
- **3** Insert the cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.



Connect the resistor using a 4-wire setup (the instrument cannot measure 2- or 3-wire setups). One side of the resistor: Insert the wires into the positive terminal (red) and the SoH terminal (red). Other side of the resistor: Insert the wires into the negative terminal (black) and the SoL terminal (black).

4 Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.

5 Close the terminal block cover.

Connecting a strain gage or converter

Applicable modules: U8554, LR8534

You will need: a flat-head screwdriver (with a tip width of 2.6 mm) and either a strain gage or a strain gage-type converter

Recommended wire diameter

Single-wire	Diameter of 0.32 mm to 1.29 mm (AWG 26 to 16)	
Stranded wire	0.2 mm ² to 0.52 mm ² (AWG 24 to 20)	
Standard stripping length	9 mm	

- Choose a strain gage whose gage resistance value is 120 Ω . If you plan to use a 350 Ω strain gage, add a separate bridge box and use the same connection as for the 4-gage method (converter).
- Choose a strain gage-type converter that supports a bridge voltage of 2 V DC.
- For more information about measuring strain, see "11.2 Measuring Strain" in the Instruction Manual.



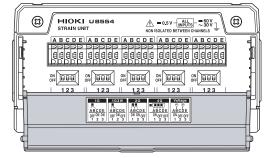


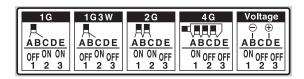
Do not bend, pull on, or twist cables, including where they connect, excessively. Doing so could cause a wire break into the cable.

- Keep the cables away from power lines and ground lines.
- When measuring with a voltage range of 5 mV or less, measurement may be affected by the thermal electromotive force of wires and connectors.
- Perform auto-balancing using the same wires and connectors as will be used in measurement.
- All channels in the U8554 and LR8534 terminal block have a common E terminal (GND).
- If connecting the lead wires for the strain gage or other sensor directly, strip back about 9 mm of insulation from the tip of each lead wire first.
- When using a strain gage, connect lead wires of the recommended wire diameter using the gage terminals or use a strain gage with lead wires of the recommended wire diameter.
- If the sensor has a connector (NDIS connector, etc.) like a strain gage-type converter, use the connection cable supplied by the sensor manufacturer to connect it.

Affixing connection confirmation labels

Affix the included connection confirmation labels as desired (for example, on the back of the terminal block cover).



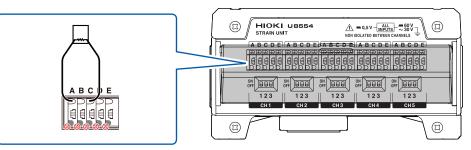


Connection confirmation label

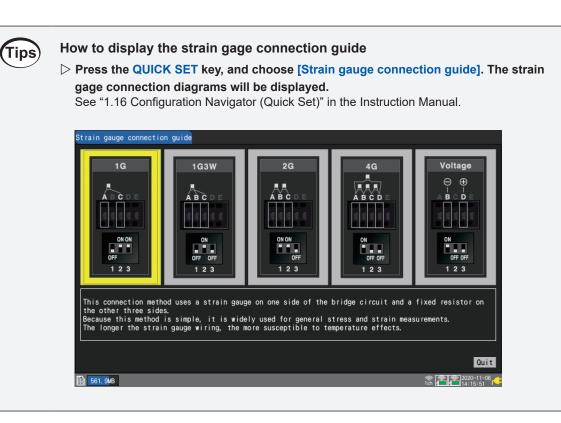
If label is affixed to the terminal block cover

- **1** Open the terminal block cover.
- **2** Set the DIP switch depending on the connection method.
 - See "Setting the DIP switches for input connections" (p.64).
- **3** Press down on the terminal button with the flat-head screwdriver.
- **4** Insert the cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.

Example: 1-gage method (2-wire setup)



- 5 Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.
- **6** Close the terminal block cover.



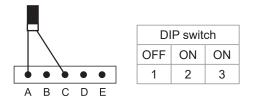
Setting the DIP switches for input connections

This section describes how to set the DIP switches for input connections. The DIP switch is on in the upper position and off in the lower position.

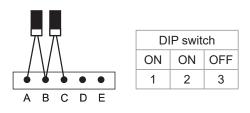
ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF	ON OFF
123	123	123	123	123
CH 1	CH 2	CH 3	CH4	CH 5

DIP switches

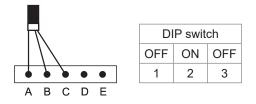
(1) 1-gage method (2-wire setup)



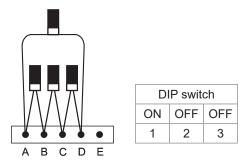
(3) 2-gage method (adjacent sides)



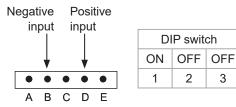
(2) 1-gage method (3-wire setup)



(4) 4-gage method/converter



(5) Voltage input



When connecting a converter, the terminals function as indicated below. If the converter output utilizes a connector (such as NDIS connector), use a cable with a connector on one end and loose wires on the other to make the connection.

- A Applied voltage (+)
- B Converter output (-)
- C Applied voltage (-)
- D Converter output (+)
- E Measurement GND

(Tips) Measuring strain

- After installing the strain gage and completing its wiring, perform auto-balancing before measurement.
- See "Measuring strain" in "1.4 Configuring Input Channels" in the Instruction Manual.
- Secure the strain gage wires in place and ensure that the gage itself is not subjected to force.

Connecting a CAN cable

Applicable modules: U8555, LR8535

You will need: a Phillip's head screwdriver (No. 1) and the 9713-01 CAN Cable



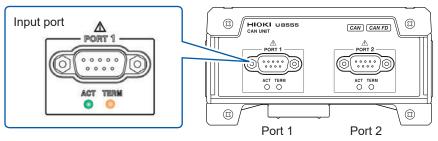


• Do not disconnect the input cable while communications are in progress. Doing so could cause an unexpected error on the CAN bus.

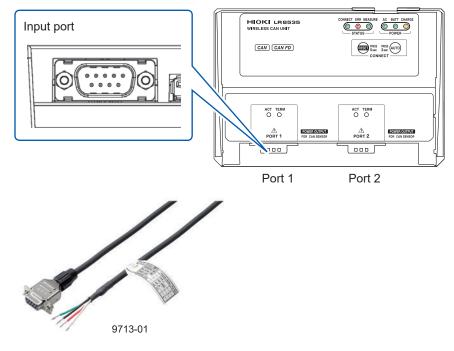
Check the CAN interface settings before connecting the cables. See "1.5 Configuring CAN Settings" in the Instruction Manual.

Connect the 9713-01 CAN Cable to the input port on the CAN Unit.

Plug-in modules



Wireless modules



2 Tighten the screws of the 9713-01 CAN Cable.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull lightly on the cable to make sure it stays connected.

Connecting a Non-Contact CAN Sensor

Applicable modules: U8555, LR8535 You will need: SP7001-95 Non-Contact CAN Sensor



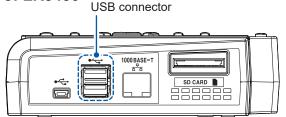
 Do not connect any device other than the Non-Contact CAN Sensor to the LR8535's USB power supply receptacle.
 Doing so could damage the measurement target or the instrument.

- If using the Non-Contact CAN Sensor, set the U8555 or LR8535's terminator to OFF.
- If using the Non-Contact CAN Sensor, use the U8555 or LR8535 in the ACK OFF state. See "1.5 Configuring CAN Settings" in the Instruction Manual.

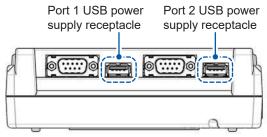
1 Connect the SP7001-95 Non-Contact CAN Sensor's USB cable to the instrument's USB connector

On the LR8535, the cable can be connected to a USB power supply receptacle that's designed specifically for the Non-Contact CAN Sensor.

Right side of LR8450



Bottom of LR8535



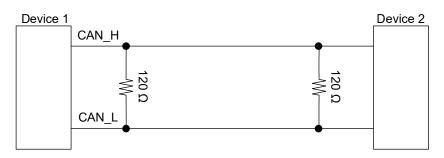
2 Connect the SP7001-95 Non-Contact CAN Sensor's D-Sub cable to the CAN unit's input port

3 Tighten the screw of the SP7001-95 Non-Contact CAN Sensor's D-Sub connector

The cable will be locked in place. Pull lightly on the cable to make sure it stays connected. For more information about how to connect the SP7001-95 Non-Contact CAN Sensor to a CAN bus, see the SP7001 Instruction Manual.

Setting the termination resistance

• CAN communications systems require a termination resistance of 120 Ω at both ends of the bus.



 By enabling the U8555/LR8535's terminal resistance setting, you can insert a 120 Ω resistance between the CAN bus differential signals inside the unit.
 See "11.13 Input Circuit Schematics" in the Instruction Manual.

Explanation of LED operation

The LEDs allows you to check the CAN unit's operational status.

LE	D	Status	
ACT LED	ACT	 (Receive mode) Flashing: CAN communications have been established and assigned to a receive channel.*1 Solid: CAN communications have been established but not assigned to a receive channel.*2 Off: CAN communications have not been established.*3 (Measured value output mode) Flashing: The output signal is being received properly.*1 Off: No output target exists.*4 	
TERM LED	Term	Solid: The terminator is on.Off: The terminator is off.	

*1: The LED will flash if any of the set CAN communications is operating according to the configured conditions.

See "6.3 Receive CAN Data" in the Can Editor Instruction Manual.

*2: Check the receive channel settings.

See "6.3 Receive CAN Data" in the Can Editor Instruction Manual.

*3: The CAN communications conditions may not match those of the CAN bus, or the CAN port may not be properly connected to the CAN bus.

See "5.4 Setting the Communication Method of the CAN Unit" in the Can Editor Instruction Manual.

*4: Check whether output has been enabled for any channel.

See "7.5 Selecting the Channel to be Output" in the Can Editor Instruction Manual.

Connecting a current sensor

Applicable modules: U8556, LR8536

Connect one of the following supported current sensors (output connector: Hioki PL14 connector).

Supported current sensors
CT7812 AC/DC Current Sensor (rated current: 2 A)
CT7822 AC/DC Current Sensor (rated current: 20 A)
CT7126 AC Current Sensor (rated current: 60 A)
CT7131 AC Current Sensor (rated current: 100 A)
CT7136 AC Current Sensor (rated current: 600 A)
CT7044 AC Flexible Current Sensor (rated current: 6000 A, diameter: 100 mm)
CT7045 AC Flexible Current Sensor (rated current: 6000 A, diameter: 180 mm)
CT7046 AC Flexible Current Sensor (rated current: 6000 A, diameter: 254 mm)
CT7731 AC/DC Auto-Zero Current Sensor (rated current: 100 A)
CT7736 AC/DC Auto-Zero Current Sensor (rated current: 600 A)
CT7742 AC/DC Auto-Zero Current Sensor(rated current: 2000 A)
CT7116 AC Leakage Current Sensor (rated current: 6 A)

Operation is not guaranteed when using the following current sensors.

- CT7631 AC/DC Current Sensor
- CT7636 AC/DC Current Sensor
- CT7642 AC/DC Current Sensor

Do not use a current sensor outside of its rating or specifications.

Doing so may damage the current sensor or cause heat generation that could result in personal injury.



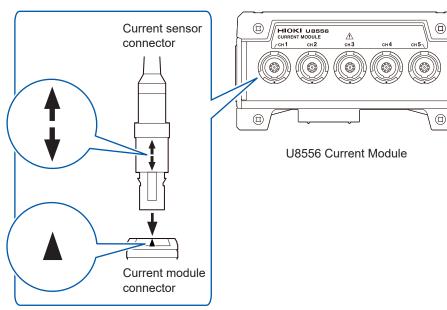
Do not measure any current in excess of the maximum input current.

Doing so may cause heat generation that could result in personal injury, fire, or damage to the instrument.

The maximum measurable current of the current sensor will vary according to the frequency. Check the frequency derating characteristics in the current sensor's instruction manual to determine the maximum input current.

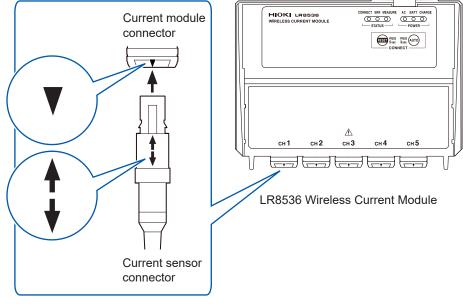
1 Turn off the instrument.

2 Connect the current sensor to the current module by aligning the ▲ mark on the current module connector with the arrow on the current sensor connector.



Plug-in modules

Wireless modules



3 Turn on the instrument.

The current sensor will be automatically recognized by the instrument.

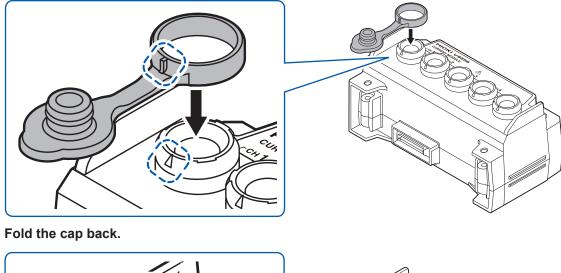
2

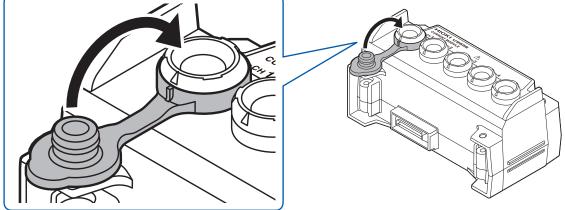
Attaching input terminal caps

Attach the included cap when not connecting a current sensor.

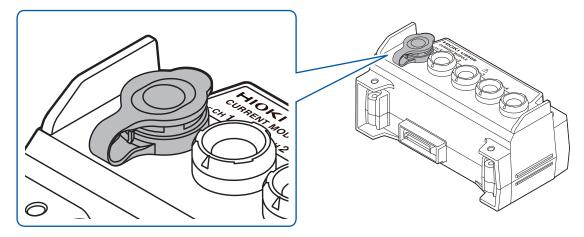
1 Attach the cap by aligning the ▲ mark on the current module connector with the protrusion on the cap.

Make sure the cap is securely attached to the top of the module.





3 Insert the cap into the module connector.



Connecting pulse input

This section describes how to connect pulse input to the instrument's external control terminals.

You will need: a flat-head screwdriver (with a tip width of 2.6 mm) and an input cable (for pulse measurement)

Recommended wire diameter

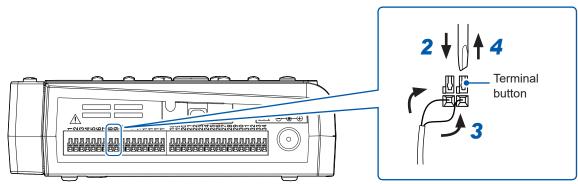
Single-wire	Diameter of 0.32 mm to 0.81 mm (AWG 28 to 20)			
Stranded wire	0.08 mm ² to 0.32 mm ² (AWG 28 to 20)			
Standard stripping length	10 mm			

- **1** Position the instrument so that the external control terminals on its side are facing you.
- **2** Press down on the button for pulse 1 (or pulse 2 through 8) terminal with the flat-head screwdriver.
- **3** Insert the positive (+) cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.
- **4** Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.

- **5** Press down on the GND terminal button with the flat-head screwdriver. There are 10 GND terminals. The wire can be connected to any of the GND terminals.
- **6** Insert the negative (–) cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.
- 7 Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.



Example connecting to pulse 4 and GND

Tips How to check the pin assignments of the external control terminals Press the QUICK SET key, and choose [External connection guide]. Names of the external control terminals will be displayed.

Connecting alarm output

This section describes how to connect alarm output to the instrument's external control terminals. You will need: a flat-head screwdriver (with a tip width of 2.6 mm) and an output cable (alarm output)

Recommended wire diameter

Single-wire	Diameter of 0.32 mm to 0.81 mm (AWG 28 to 20)				
Stranded wire	0.08 mm ² to 0.32 mm ² (AWG 28 to 20)				
Standard stripping length	10 mm				

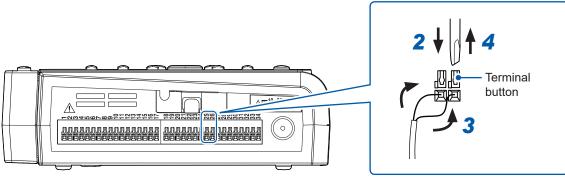
- **1** Position the instrument so that the external control terminals on its side are facing you.
- **2** Press down on the button for alarm output 1 (or alarm output 2 through 8) terminal with the flat-head screwdriver.
- **3** Insert the cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.
- **4** Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.

- **5** Press down on the GND terminal button with the flat-head screwdriver. There are 10 GND terminals. The wire can be connected to any of the GND terminals.
- **6** Insert the cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.

7 Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.



Example connecting to alarm output 4 and GND

Tips How to check the pin assignments of the external control terminals Press the QUICK SET key, and choose [External connection guide]. Names of the external control terminals will be displayed.

Connecting voltage output

This section describes how to connect voltage output to the instrument's external control terminals. The instrument can output a DC voltage for driving sensors.

You can choose the output voltage. The maximum supplied current is 100 mA.

- Voltage output terminal 1: 5 V, 12 V, 24 V
- Voltage output terminal 2: 5 V, 12 V

For more information about voltage output settings, see "8.1 Configuring Voltage Output (VOUTPUT)" in the Instruction Manual.

You will need: a flat-head screwdriver (with a tip width of 2.6 mm) and an output cable (5 V to 24 V DC)

Recommended wire diameter

Single-wire	Diameter of 0.32 mm to 0.81 mm (AWG 28 to 20)			
Stranded wire	0.08 mm ² to 0.32 mm ² (AWG 28 to 20)			
Standard stripping length	10 mm			

Do not short the voltage output terminals and GND terminals.



Once the output voltage has been set for the voltage output terminal, that voltage will be output as long as the instrument is turned on. Shorting the terminals in this state could damage the instrument.

Do not apply a voltage from an external source to the voltage output terminals. Doing so could damage the instrument.



Connect cables to voltage output terminals before turning on output.

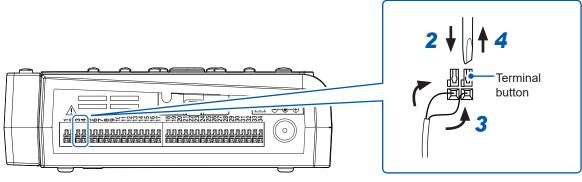
Connecting cables to voltage output terminals while voltage is being output could damage the instrument.

- **1** Position the instrument so that the external control terminals on its side are facing you.
- **2** Press down on the button for the voltage output terminal 1 or voltage output terminal 2 with the flat-head screwdriver.
- **3** Insert the positive (+) cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.
- **4** Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.

- **5** Press down on the GND terminal button with the flat-head screwdriver. There are 10 GND terminals. The wire can be connected to any of the GND terminals.
- **6** Insert the negative (-) cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.
- **7** Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.



Example connecting to voltage output 2 and GND

TipsHow to check the pin assignments of the external control terminalsPress the QUICK SET key, and choose [External connection guide]. Names of the external
control terminals will be displayed.

Connecting external control signals

This section describes how to connect external control signals to the instrument's external control terminals. You can choose functions using sync I/O and external I/O.

Sync input, sync output: You can simultaneously operate multiple instruments. See "8.3 Configuring Sync Input/Output (SYNC) Terminals" in the Instruction Manual.

External input: You can control when to start and stop the instrument and input trigger signals. See "8.4 Configuring External Input/Output (I/O) Terminals" in the Instruction Manual.

External output: You can output signals when a trigger is activated. See "Trigger output" in the Instruction Manual.

You will need: a flat-head screwdriver (with a tip width of 2.6 mm) and an input cable (for pulse measurement)

Recommended wire diameter

Single-wire	Diameter of 0.32 mm to 0.81 mm (AWG 28 to 20)				
Stranded wire	0.08 mm ² to 0.32 mm ² (AWG 28 to 20)				
Standard stripping length	10 mm				

- **1** Position the instrument so that the external control terminals on its side are facing you.
- **2** Press down on the terminal button with the flat-head screwdriver.
- **3** Insert the cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.
- **4** Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.

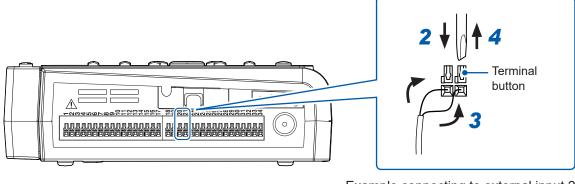
5 Press down on the GND terminal button with the flat-head screwdriver.

There are 10 GND terminals. The wire can be connected to any of the GND terminals.

- **6** Insert the cable into the terminal hole while depressing the button.
- 7 Remove the flat-head screwdriver from the button.

(Tips)

The cable will be locked in place. Pull gently on the cable and verify that it does not come out.



Example connecting to external input 2 and GND

How to check the pin assignments of the external control terminals

Press the **QUICK SET** key, and choose **[External connection guide]**. Names of the external control terminals will be displayed.

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2.6 Turning the Instrument On and Off

WARNING



Before turning on the instrument, verify that the supply voltage you plan to use falls within the supply voltage range noted on the instrument's AC Adapter.

Supplying a voltage that falls outside the specified range to the AC Adapter could damage the instrument or AC Adapter, causing bodily injury.



Do not input a voltage to input terminals while the instrument or wireless module is off.

Doing so could damage the instrument or wireless module.

IMPORTANT

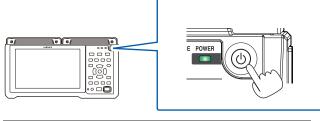
- Be sure to turn off the instrument and any wireless modules after use.
- The instrument and wireless modules will not malfunction in the event of a momentary power interruption lasting 40 ms or less. However, an interruption lasting longer than 40 ms will cause the instrument and wireless modules to malfunction. Check the condition of the power supply being used. In addition, you can continue measurement even in the event of an outage by using the Z1007 Battery Pack.

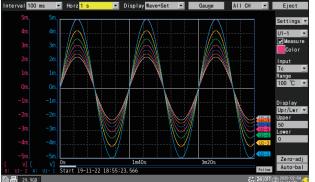
See "2.2 Installing a Battery Pack" (p.44).

LR8450/LR8450-01

(1) Turning on the instrument

Press the power key to turn on the instrument. The **POWER** LED will turn green.





When the instrument starts up, the icon will be shown on the bottom right of the screen. See "Screen and icons" (p.29).

When the instrument is powered by the AC Adapter, the power plug icon will be displayed.

When operating on battery power, the battery icon will be displayed.

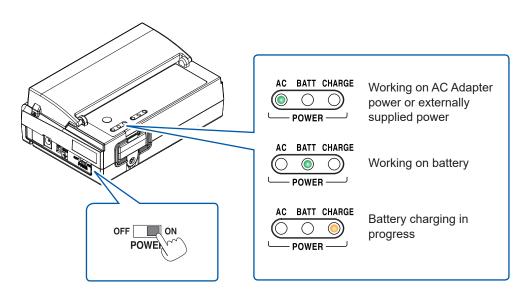
(2) Turning off the instrument

Pressing the power key will cause the instrument to display a message confirming whether you want to turn off the instrument. Choose **[OK]** and press the **ENTER** key to turn off the instrument. The **POWER** LED will be turned off.

Wireless modules

(1) How to turn on the module

- Move the **POWER** switch's slider to the on position to turn on the wireless module.
- While the wireless module is working on AC Adapter power or externally supplied power, the AC LED remains on.
- While the wireless module is working on battery power, the **BATT** LED remains on.
- If the battery starts to run out, the **BATT** LED will start to blink.
- While the battery charging is in progress, the CHARGE LED remains on.



(2) How to turn off the module

Move the **POWER** switch's slider to the off position to turn off the wireless module.

- The AC or BATT LED will be turned off.
- While the battery charging is in progress, the CHARGE LED remains on.



Charging battery

The instrument can charge the Battery Pack even during the power-off condition.

2.7 SD Memory Card and USB Drive

You can save the instrument's measurement data and settings to an SD Memory Card or USB Drive.

You can also load previously saved data into the instrument to reproduce it. See "3 Saving and Loading Data" in the Instruction Manual.

Use the following Hioki options for saving data.

Z4001 SD Memory Card (2 GB), Z4003 SD Memory Card (8 GB), Z4006 USB Drive (16 GB)



Do not attempt to modify, disassemble, or repair an SD Memory Card or USB Drive yourself.

Doing so may result in bodily injury or fire.



Store SD Memory Cards and USB Drives out of reach of young children.
Failure to do so could allow young children to accidentally ingest the SD Memory

Card or USB Drive.

ACAUTION

Do not apply labels or other stickers to SD Memory Cards.

Doing so may cause the SD Memory Card to become hot, resulting in burns or fire.

- Do not use the SD Memory Card or USB Drive with those terminals wetting.
- Do not bend or drop SD Memory Cards or USB Drives, or subject them to strong mechanical shocks.
- \wedge
- Do not forcibly insert an SD Memory Card or USB Drive upside down or in the wrong orientation.

Doing so could damage the SD Memory Card, USB Drive, or instrument.

Do not transport the instrument while connected to a USB Drive. Doing so could damage the USB Drive or instrument.

Never eject the SD Memory Card or USB Drive while the instrument is performing measurement or accessing the SD Memory Card or the USB Drive (while the LED next to the SAVE key lights up).

Doing so could corrupt the data on the SD Memory Card or USB Drive.

Take steps to ensure that static electricity is not applied to SD Memory Cards or USB Drives.



Application of static electricity could damage the SD Memory Card or USB Drive, or cause the instrument to malfunction.

Insert the USB Drive into the instrument after turning on the instrument. The instrument may fail to start up if it is turned on while a USB Drive is inserted.

■ Use USB Drives within the specified temperature and humidity ranges.

Failure to do so could damage the USB Drive.

IMPORTANT

- Proper operation of the instrument is only guaranteed when using Hioki optional SD Memory Cards and USB Drives. Proper operation is not guaranteed with other recording media.
- SD Memory Cards and USB Drives have a service life because they use flash memory. They lose the ability to store and load data after extended use.
- Hioki is not liable for data stored on SD Memory Cards and USB Drives, regardless of the nature or cause of the accident or damage involved. Data saved on SD Memory Cards and USB Drives may become unreadable after an extended period of time has passed. Be sure to back up any important data on SD Memory Cards and USB Drives.
- Format new SD Memory Cards and USB Drives with the instrument. Using those formatted with a computer could prevent the real-time saving from keeping up with the measurement.
- Verify that the write protect switch of SD Memory Card has been disengaged.
- Observe the following to avoid loss or corruption of internally stored data:
 - 1. Do not touch terminals or connection surfaces with your fingers or metallic objects.
 - 2. Do not subject the instrument to vibration or mechanical shock or turn it off while writing or reading data.
 - 3. Verify that SD Memory Cards and USB Drives do not contain important information (files) before initializing them.
 - 4. Follow the procedure on the next page when removing the SD Memory Cards and USB Drives.

Inserting and removing SD Memory Cards

Inserting an SD Memory Card

- **1** Orient the SD Memory Card so that the ▲ mark is facing upward and insert it into the SD card slot.
- **2** Insert the card until it locks in place with a clicking sound.

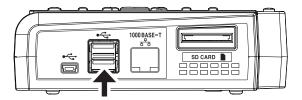
Removing an SD Memory Card

- **1** Make sure that the instrument is not accessing the SD Memory Card (not saving or loading data).
- **2** Press the FILE key to display the FILE screen.
- **3** Press the Left Arrow and Right Arrow keys to choose [SD].
- 4 Press the ENTER key while [Eject] is selected. The [Eject media] window will be displayed.
- Fress the ENTER key while [OK] is selected.
 After the message [SD card can be safely removed] has been displayed, you can remove the SD Memory Card.
- **6** Push in on the SD Memory Card. Once the card is sticking out slightly, grip it and pull it out.

Inserting and removing USB Drives

Inserting a USB Drive

- **1** Align the plug of the USB Drive with the USB port of the instrument.
- 2 Insert the USB Drive as far as it will go.



Removing a USB Drive

- **1** Verify that the instrument is not accessing the USB Drive (saving or writing data, etc.).
- **2** Press the FILE key to display the FILE screen.
- **3** Press the Left Arrow and Right Arrow keys to choose [USB].
- **4** Press the ENTER key while [Eject] is selected.

The [Eject media] window will be displayed.

5 Press the ENTER key while [OK] is selected.

After the message **[USB flash drive can be safely removed]** has been displayed, you can remove the USB Drive.

6 Remove the USB Drive.

(Tips) Replacing media

• You can replace an SD Memory Card or USB Drive while real-time saving is enabled. See "3.3 Saving Data" in the Instruction Manual.

• If an FTP client connects to the instrument, ejecting media will cause a failure. Close the FTP client connection before conducting the procedure for ejecting the media again.

2.8 Preparing the Wireless Modules

The LR8450-01 is capable of communications with not only plug-in modules but also wireless modules.

Attach the Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapter to the wireless module before use. The Z3230 or Z3231 comes with each wireless module.

Before use, you need to register wireless modules in the LR8450-01.

Attaching the Z3230 or Z3231

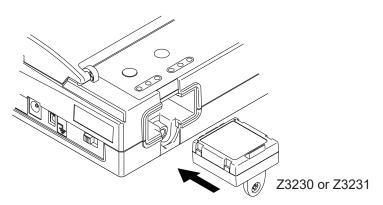
ACAUTION



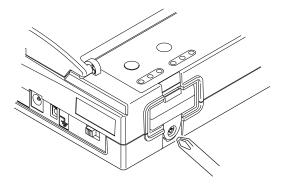
Use the captive screw of the Z3230 or Z3231 only. Using another screw can damage the wireless module.

You will need: Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapter and a Phillip's head screwdriver (No.2)

- **1 Turn off the wireless module and unplug the AC Adapter.** Do not connect any input cables.
- **2** Attach the Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapter to the top side of the wireless module. Insert the Z3230 or Z3231 as far as it will go.



3 Tighten the captive screw of the Z3230 or Z3231.



Registering the wireless modules

You can register up to seven wireless modules in the LR8450-01.

It is recommended to follow the instructions of the configuration navigator when you register the modules for the first time.

Registering the wireless modules with the configuration navigator

Following the instructions from the registration guide, you can register the wireless modules. See "1.16 Configuration Navigator (Quick Set)" in the Instruction Manual.

- **1** Place the wireless module close to the instrument to avoid communications failure.
- **2** Connect the AC Adapters to the instrument and the wireless modules, and turn them on.

Connection of the AC Adapters is not required when they are being battery-powered.

3 Press the QUICK SET key.

The configuration navigator menu will be displayed.

Quick set								
Wireless unit registration guide								
Strain gauge connection guide								
External connection guide								
Action during communication error								
Load settings data								
Cancel								

4 Press the ENTER key while [Wireless unit registration guide] is selected.

Following the instructions from the registration guide, register the wireless modules.

- List method: Allows you to choose wireless modules from the list of the modules available for registration.
- · Auto connect method: Allows you to use the keys on wireless modules to register.

Wireless unit	registration guide	
Select	Select how to register	_
Register	OList method	
Settings	O Auto connect method C ENR MEASURE AC BATT CHARGE Turn on the power of the unit. Verify that either the unit's [AC] or [BATT] LED is on. Press [Next] and then [Execute] in	
	the search dialog. Search for surrounding units that can be registered.	
	Quit Next	
50 Ha 29.8GB	24 OFF @ 2020-05-2	7

Once the registration completes, the wireless module's **CONNECT** LED will light up. You can check the radio-wave strength with the instrument's icon. See "Screen and icons" (p.29).

Registering the wireless modules with the settings screen.

You can search for the wireless modules connectible with the instrument to register the modules. See "1.2 Registering Wireless Modules" in the Instruction Manual.

Mounting the instrument on a wall or other surface

The mounting plate comes with the wireless modules.

You can anchor the wireless module, with the mounting plate attached, to a wall or another installation.

A CAUTION

Properly secure the mounting plate on a solid wall or other planes.



Failure to do so can cause the wireless module to fall, causing an accident that results in injury or death or damage to the wireless module.

Use the M3×4 mm flat-head screws only.
Using other screws can damage the wireless module or cause the wireless module to

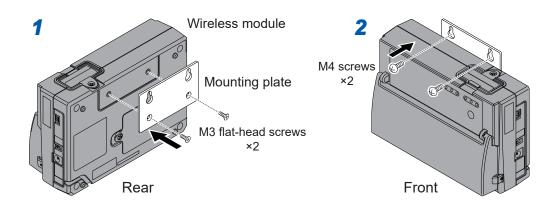
detach from the mounting plate.

You will need: the mounting plate (comes with wireless modules), flat-head screws (M3×4 mm) ×2 (come with wireless modules), mounting screws (M4×8 mm or longer) ×2 (You need to prepare separately.), and a Phillip's head screwdriver (No.2)

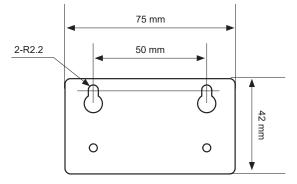
1 Secure the mounting plate onto the rear of the wireless module with two flat-head screws (M3×4 mm, accessory).

2 Secure the mounting plate on a wall with two M4 screws.

No mounting screws come with the wireless module. Please use commercially available screws. Recommended screws: M4×8 mm or longer



Dimensions of the mounting plate





3

This chapter describes the basic procedures and setting examples.

For more detailed information about settings, see "1 Settings and Operation" in the Instruction Manual.

8.1	Basic Operation	p.86
	Switching among the main tabs	p.86
	Switching among the sub tabs	p.86
	Configuration Process	p.87
	Changing and accepting settings	p.88
	Starting and stopping measurement	p.89
	Formatting storage media	p.90
	Saving data	p.91
	Loading data	p.91
	Initialization (resetting the system)	p.92
	Key lock (disabling keys)	p.92

3.2 Setting Example (Measuring Temperature Using Thermocouples)......p.93

3.1 Basic Operation

You can configure settings by operating the instrument's keys. You can switch between main and sub tabs on the settings screens. See "1.1 Performing Basic Operations" in the Instruction Manual.

In this manual, the selected active item is said to have "focus." The background of the selected item will turn yellow.

Switching among the main tabs

Press the SET key to display the settings screen.

You can switch the seven screens with main tabs listed at the top of the screen.

[Unit], [Measure], [Channel], [Trigger], [Alarm], [Calculation], and [System].

- You can switch among the main tabs using the Left Arrow and Right Arrow keys.
- You can move the focus among sub tabs by pressing the ENTER key.
- You can return the focus to the main tab by pressing the ESC key.
- You can also switch among the main tabs using the SET key.

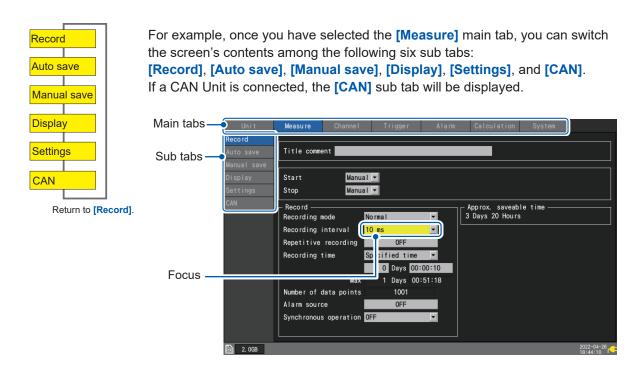
Γ	Unit	Measure	Channel	 - Alarm	Calculation	System	┝
_							

Return to [Unit].

Switching among the sub tabs

After selecting a main tab, you can switch the screen's contents further with sub tabs shown on the left side of the screen.

- Select the sub tab whose settings you wish to configure with the Up Arrow and Down Arrow keys.
- You can move the focus to the settings area by pressing the ENTER key.
- You can return the focus to the sub tab by pressing the ESC key.



Configuration Process

Before starting measurement, you must set measurement conditions such as recording interval and range.

Settings are retained even when the instrument is turned off.

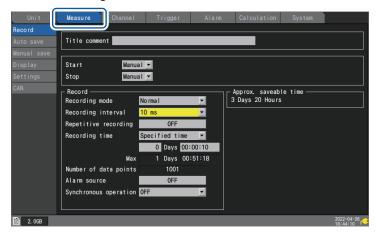
You can save configured measurement conditions to storage media (an SD Memory Card or USB Drive) or the instrument.

You can perform measurement using the same settings as in the past by loading previously saved measurement conditions.

See "3 Saving and Loading Data" in the Instruction Manual.

1 Set the recording conditions.

Press the **SET** key to display the **[Measure]** settings screen. Set the recording interval, recording time, and other parameters. See "1.3 Setting Measurement Conditions" in the Instruction Manual.



2 Configure the input channels.

Press the **SET** key to display the **[Channel]** settings screen. Set the input type, such as voltage and temperature, and the range. See "1.4 Configuring Input Channels" in the Instruction Manual.

Unit	Measu re Channe I	Trigger Alarm Calculation System
Individual	Waveform	Channel
Unit 1	5m	Unit 1 🔍 UI-1 🔍 🗹 Measurement 📃
Unit 2	4m	Voltage
Unit 3 Unit 4	3m	Range 10 mV
Pulse	2m.	
	1m.	L Display — Disp
	Om.	Position 🔽 Zoom x 1 💌 Zero position 50 %
	-1m.	Scaling
	-2m_	OFF
	-3m.	
	-4m.	
	-5m	Comment Temperature of terget
	U1- 1-0. 2800mV	Numerical threshold <mark>0</mark>
🛐 👪 29. 8GB		24.0FF @ 2020-02-04 13:12:15

Changing and accepting settings

1 Select the setting you wish to configure with the Left Arrow, Right Arrow, Up Arrow, and Down Arrow keys.

. . . .

Unit	Measure	Channe I		Alarm	Calculation			
Individual	Waveform	-	Channel —			_		
Unit 1	0.5	:	Unit 1	U1-1 ▼	Measurement			
Unit 2	0. 4		_ Input	Voltage	.			
Unit 3 Unit 4	0. 3		Range	1 V				Focus
Pulse	0. 2							
	0. 1		∟ ∟Display —					
	° _		Position	▼ Zoom x 1	▼ Zero	position	50 %	
	-0. 1		Scaling —					
	-0. 2		OFF	•				
	-0. 3							
	-0. 4							
	-0. 5		Comment		perature of terg	get		
	U1- 1 -0.	00030V	Numerical	threshold 0				
50 🔛 29. 8GB		e [-1 V] - [1 V	v]			24 OF	3 2020-02-04 14:08:15	

You can now configure the setting with focus (shown in yellow).

2 Press the ENTER key.

The available settings will be displayed.

Unit		Channe I		Alarm	Calculation			
Individual	Waveform	•				_		
Unit 1	0.5			 U1−1 U1−1 	✔ Measurement			
Unit 2	0. 4		└ Input	Voltage	.			
Unit 3 Unit 4	0. 3		Range	1 V 10 mV				
Pulse	0. 2			20 mV 100 mV				
	0.1		Display —	200 mV		_		Available settings
	0	U1-1	Position	-2 V 10 V	▼ Ze ro	position	50 %	
	-0. 1		Scaling —	20 V 100 V 1-5 V				
	-0. 2		OFF					
	-0. 3							
	-0. 4							
	-0. 5		Comment	Tem	perature of ter	get		
	U1- 1-0.	00025V	Numerical	threshold 0				
50 (SE 29.8GB		000201				24 OF	F @ 2020-02-04	

3 Select the desired setting with the Up Arrow and Down Arrow keys and then press the ENTER key.

The setting will be accepted. Pressing the **ESC** key will cancel the settings.

You can also change the channel being configured with the following keys:

- UNIT/SHEET keys: Changes the measurement module number.
- CHANNEL keys: Changes the channel number.

Starting and stopping measurement



Press the **START** key to start measurement. The key will turn green while measurement is in progress.



Press the **STOP** key to stop measurement.

When the **[Operation error prevention]** setting is set to **[ON]**, the confirmation window will be displayed. Select **[Yes]** and press the **ENTER** key to start or stop measurement. See "7.1 Configuring Settings" in the Instruction Manual.

IMPORTANT

Starting measurement will cause the measurement data in the instrument's internal buffer memory to be deleted. Save important data on an SD Memory Card or USB Drive before starting measurement.



Starting and stopping measurement

- The instrument can perform measurement of the set recording time in length and automatically stop it.
- See "1.3 Setting Measurement Conditions" in the Instruction Manual.
- You can set the instrument to start measurement at the time when the specified conditions are met, which enables detection of an abnormality.
 See "2 Trigger Function" in the Instruction Manual.



Auto save (real-time save)

The instrument can save waveform data (using the real-time save function) to an SD Memory Card or a USB Drive while measurement is in progress. See "3 Saving and Loading Data" in the Instruction Manual.

Formatting storage media

Format the SD Memory Card and the USB Drive when they are virgin. See "3.2 Formatting Media" in the Instruction Manual.

When you press the **FILE** key, the file list screen will be displayed. Every time you press the **FILE** key, the list will switch between the SD Memory Card and the USB Drive.

When you press the **SELECT** key, the file managing window will be displayed. Select [Media Format], and then press the ENTER key. The instrument will start formatting the storage media.

SD USB						
🛐 2.6MB / 1.9GB (0%) Eject			I	Exit VIEW	mode SELECT	key: <u>Menu</u>
Name	Size	Туре	Date Modifie	ed		
🛱 🖶 HIOKI		Folder	2020-09-09			
🖻 🚞 LR8450		Folder	2020-09-23			
🗈 🚞 CONFIG		Folder	2020-11-17			
🕀 🚞 DATA	LR8450			10:38:44		
				14:12:56		
PICTURE	Rename	Сору		16:18:16		
🗎 🖮 💳 System Volume Information	61 Sort	Media Format		14:09:20 16:21:14		
			Close	10.21.14		
			01030			
50 1. 9GB					@ 🗟 Ž	2020-11-17

IMPORTANT

- Format new SD Memory Cards and USB Drives with the instrument. Using those formatted with a computer could prevent the real-time saving from keeping up with the measurement.
- When you format an SD Memory Card or USB Drive, all the saved data will be erased. Be sure to back up any important data.

Saving data

You can save measurement data, settings, screen images, numerical calculation results, and other information with to storage media.

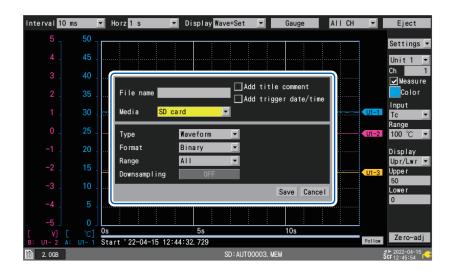
SAVE



Press the **SAVE** key to display the data saving window.

Select a destination location and the saving type, and then press the **ENTER** key while **[Save]** is selected. The instrument will save data.

See "3 Saving and Loading Data" in the Instruction Manual.



Loading data

The instrument is capable of replicating waveforms by loading waveform data (binary) and setting conditions.

When you press the **FILE** key, the file list screen will be displayed. Press the **ENTER** key while files are selected. The data loading window will be displayed. Select **[OK]** and then press the **ENTER** key. The instrument will load the files. See "3 Saving and Loading Data" in the Instruction Manual.

SD USB				
1.3GB / 1.9GB (70%) Eject			Exit VIEW	mode SELECT key: Menu
Name	Size	Туре	Date Modified	
🚞 HIOKI		Folder	2020-09-09 13:47:50	
🖻 🪍 LR8450		Folder	2020-09-23 14:12:56	
🖶 🚞 CONFIG		Folder	2020-11-06 14:24:46	
😐 🚞 DATA		Folder	2020-11-06 12:18:32	
🗉 🚞 MEASUREMENT		Folder	2020-09-23 14:12:56	
🖻 🚞 PICTURE		Folder	2020-11-06 14:55:22	
🚞 System Volume Informatio		Folder	2020-09-09 14:09:20	
📄 FileInfo2. dat	61bytes	dat File	2020-11-06 15:52:54	

Use the **Up Arrow** and **Down Arrow** keys to select folders.

When you press the **Right Arrow** key, the screen will move into the folder.

When you press the **Left Arrow** key, the screen will move back to the previous folder.

Initialization (resetting the system)

You can restore the settings to their factory defaults.

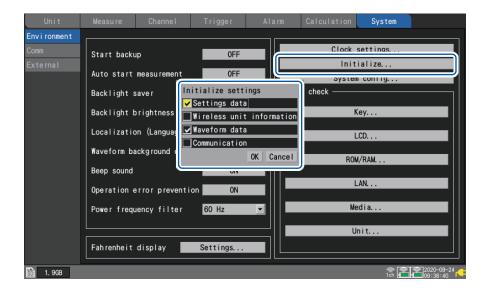
When multiple people are using the instrument, special settings made by the last person to use the instrument may remain in effect.

In such situations, it is recommended to perform an initialization.

Press the ENTER key while **[System] > [Environment] > [Initialize...]** is selected. The initialize settings window will be displayed.

Check the box next to the item to be initialized, and then select **[OK]** and press the **ENTER** key to begin initialization.

See "7.2 Controlling the System" in the Instruction Manual.



Key lock (disabling keys)

You can disable the instrument's keys. This feature can be used to prevent accidental or unintended operation.



You can disable the keys by pressing and holding the **ESC** key for at least 3 seconds. The message **[Keylock enabled]** will be displayed on the screen.

Pressing a key will cause a message informing the user that the key lock is engaged to be displayed on the screen.

You can disable the key lock by pressing and holding the **ESC** key again for at least 3 seconds.



With the key lock engaged



When attempting key operation with the key lock engaged

3.2 Setting Example (Measuring Temperature Using Thermocouples)

This section describes how to configure the settings to measure temperature with the instrument and a plug-in module

You can measure temperature with the following products.

- Logger: LR8450 or LR8450-01
- Plug-in module: U8550 Voltage/Temp Unit
- Thermocouple: Type K

Preparing for measurement

1 Insert storage media.

See "2.7 SD Memory Card and USB Drive" (p.78).

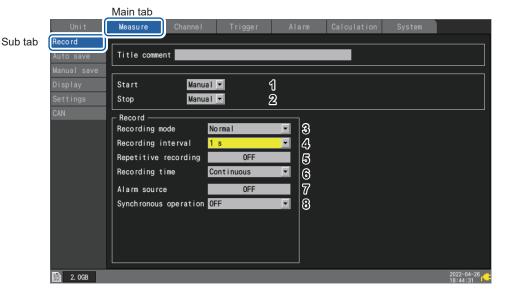
2 Connect the thermocouple (Type K) to the U1-1 input terminal of the module.

Cable insulation colors vary by country and manufacturer. Check before connecting. See "Connecting voltage cables and thermocouples" (p.56).

How to operate the instrument

1 Press the SET key to display the [Measure] main tab and the [Record] sub tab.

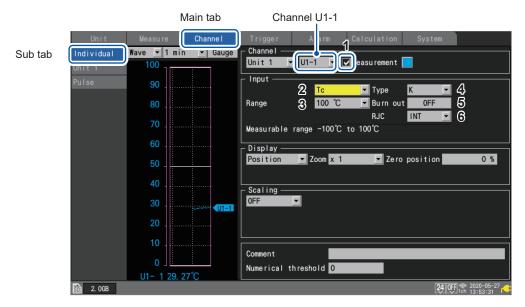
Set the recording conditions as follows:



No.	Setting	Condition	Description
1	Start	Manual	Starts recording when the corresponding key is operated.
2	Stop	Manual	Stops recording when the corresponding key is operated.
3	Recording mode	Normal	Fixed.
4	Recording interval	1 s	Measures temperatures every 1 s.
5	Repetitive recording	OFF	Disables the repetitive recording. The instrument will perform a series of measurements only once.
6	Recording time	Continuous	Continues the recording until you press the STOP key.
7	Alarm source	OFF	Disables the alarm function.
8	Synchronous operation	OFF	Does not use synchronous operation.

2 Press the SET key to display the [Channel] main tab and the [Individual] sub tab.

The instrument represents the input channels as Un-m. n represents the module number; m represents the channel number.



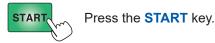
Set the input conditions of U1-1 (Channel 1 of Module 1) as follows:

No.	Setting	Condition	Description
1	Check box		Performs measurement for channels whose check box is selected.
2	Input type	Thermocouple	Measures temperature using thermocouples.
3	Range	100°C	Measures temperature between −100°C and 100°C.
4	Туре	К	Select Type K thermocouple.
5	Burn out	OFF	Disables the thermocouple wire break detection function.
6	RJC	INT	Performs the reference junction compensation in the measurement module.

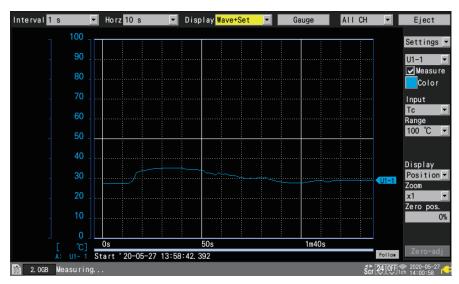
Switching over to the **[Unit 1]** sub tab allows you to configure the settings for 15 channels at once. Clear the check boxes of channels U1-2 to U1-15, exempting the channels from the measurement subjects.

		Check	box	Ma	in tab						
	Unit	Measu	r	C	nanne l	Trigger	Ala	rm	Calculation	System	
	Individual	Сору			Input	-					Zero adjust
Sub tab	Unit 1	J				Range		Inp	ut		
	Pulse	U1-1	☑	Tc	Tc	100 °C	К	0FF	INT		
		U1-2		Ň	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-3		V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-4	\Box	V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-5		V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-6		V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-7		V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-8		V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-9	\Box	V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-10	\Box	V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-11	\Box	V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-12		V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-13		V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-14	\Box	V	Voltage	10 mV					
		U1-15	\Box	V	Voltage	10 mV					
	50 2. OGB Τι	urn measu	remei	nt ON/	OFF collecti	vely.				24	₩ 2020-05-27 1ch 13:55:03

3 Start measurement.



The confirmation window [Start measurement?] will appear. Select [Yes], and then press the ENTER key to start measurement.



Wave+Set screen

You can use the **WAVE** key to switch the screen.



When **[X-Y Composite]** is on, the **[XY+Set]** and **[XY+Value]** screens will also be displayed. See "1.15 X-Y Compositing" in the Instruction Manual.

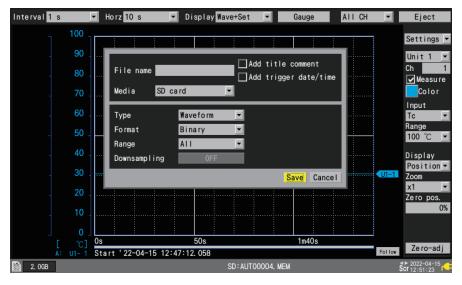
4 Stop measurement.

STOP Press the STOP key.

The confirmation window **[Stop measurement?]** will appear. Choose **[Yes]**, and then press the **ENTER** key to stop measurement.

5 Save the measured waveform data.

When you press the **SAVE** key, the file saving window will appear. Under **[Type]**, select **[Waveform]**. Under **[Format]**, select **[Binary]**. Press the **ENTER** key while **[Save]** is selected.



The instrument can load binary-form (LR8450-specific-form) waveform data only. When you do not name files, the instrument will automatically name them.

6 Load the saved waveform data.

When you press the **FILE** key, the file list screen will be displayed. Waveform data is saved in the **[HIOKI]** > **[LR8450]** > **[DATA]** > **[yy-MM-dd]** folder. (yy-MM-dd represent the year, month, and date, respectively)

Press the **ENTER** key while files are selected. The data loading window will be displayed. Select **[OK]** and then press the **ENTER** key. The instrument will load the files.

SD USB								
🛐 10.1MB / 2.0GB (1%) Eject				Exit VIEW	mode	SELECT	key:	Menu
Name	Size	Туре	Date Modifi	ed				
🖨 🚞 HIOKI		Folder	2020-10-29	11:11:58				
📄 🚞 LR8450		Folder	2020-11-06	14:21:34				
😐 🚞 CONFIG		Folder	2020-10-29	13:13:18				
🖨 🚞 DATA		Folder	2020-11-04	04:28:56				
😑 🚞 20–11–04		Folder	2020-11-04	14:03:54				
AUTOOO1. MEM	1. 63MB	MEM File	2020-11-04	13:40:10				
🗉 🚞 MEASUREMENT		Folder	2020-10-29	13:42:16				
😐 🚞 PICTURE		Folder	2020-11-06	14:21:34				
🖶 🚞 System Volume Information		Folder	2020-11-06	6 16:12:10				
📄 🗋 FileInfo2. dat	60bytes	dat File	2020-11-06	6 16:12:14				
50 2. OGB 🔢						💭 🎅 🕯	2020	2:23

Each data is saved in the following folders:

- · CONFIG: setting data
- · DATA: waveform data
- MEASUREMENT: numerical calculation results
- · PICTURE: image data

For detailed information on the instrument's specifications, see "10 Specifications" in the LR8450/ LR8450-01 Instruction Manual stored on the accompanying DVD.

4.1 Memory HiLogger Basic Specifications

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)					
Operating temperature and humidity range	charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C [41°F to 95°F])					
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to	140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)				
Power supply	AC adapter	Z1014 AC Adapter (12 V DC ±10%) AC Adapter rated supply voltage 100 V to 240 V AC (assuming voltage fluctuation of ±10%) AC Adapter rated power supply frequency 50 Hz/60 Hz				
	Battery	LR8450 accommodates 2 batteries. Z1007 Battery Pack (When used with AC Adapter, AC Adapter has priority.)				
	External power supply	10 V to 30 V DC				
Power consumption	Normal power consumption	Using the Z1014 AC Adapter or 12 V DC external power supply, without Battery Pack With LCD at maximum brightness: 8.5 VA (instrument only) With LCD backlight off: 7 VA (instrument only)				
	Maximum rated power	 When using the Z1014 AC Adapter 95 VA (including AC Adapter) When using a 30 V DC external power supply 28 VA (while charging battery with LCD at maximum brightness) When using the Z1007 Battery Pack 20 VA (with LCD at maximum brightness) 				

4.2 Plug-in Module Specifications

U8550 Voltage/Temp Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)
Operating temperature and humidity range	−10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)
Maximum input voltage	±100 V DC
Maximum channel-to- channel voltage	300 V DC
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	300 V AC, DC (Measurement Category II) Between any input channel (+, -) and the instrument (LR8450/LR8450-01) or between any two modules Anticipated transient overvoltage: 2500 V

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U8551 Universal Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)
Operating temperature and humidity range	−10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)
Maximum input voltage	±100 V DC
Maximum channel-to- channel voltage	300 V DC (The SoL terminals used to measure resistance temperature detectors and resistors are not isolated as they are shorted for all channels internally.)
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	300 V AC, DC (Measurement Category II) Between any input channel (SoH, SoL, +, -) and the instrument (LR8450/LR8450-01) or between any two modules Anticipated transient overvoltage: 2500 V

U8552 Voltage/Temp Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)
Operating temperature and humidity range	−10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)
Maximum input voltage	±100 V DC
Maximum channel-to- channel voltage	±300 V DC
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	300 V AC, DC (Measurement Category II) Between any input channel (+, -) and the instrument (LR8450/LR8450-01) or between any two modules Anticipated transient overvoltage: 2500 V

U8553 High Speed Voltage Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)
Operating temperature and humidity range	−10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)
Maximum input voltage	±100 V DC
Maximum channel-to- channel voltage	300 V DC
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	300 V AC, DC (Measurement Category II) Between any input channel (+, -) and the instrument (LR8450/LR8450-01) or between any two modules Anticipated transient overvoltage: 2500 V

U8554 Strain Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)		
Operating temperature and humidity range	−10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)		
Storage temperature and humidity range	-20°C to 60°C (-4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)		
Maximum input voltage	±0.5 V DC		
Maximum channel-to- channel voltage	Non-isolated (all channels share common GND)		
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage30 V rms AC or 60 V DCBetween analog input channels and the instrument (LR8450/LR8450-01) Anticipated transient overvoltage: 330 V			

U8555 CAN Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)	
Operating temperature and humidity range	−10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Interface	Supported protocols	CAN (ISO 11898-1:2015 compliant) CAN FD (ISO 11898-1:2015 compliant) CAN FD (non-ISO)
	Physical layer	ISO 11898 (high-speed)

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U8556 Current Module

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)	
Operating temperature and humidity range	−10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Maximum measurable current	130% of each range or the maximum measurable current of a current sensor to be connected, whichever is less	
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	Non-isolated	

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4.3 Wireless Module Specifications

LR8530 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit

Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)	
−20°C to 55°C (−4°F to 131°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing) (Charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C [41°F to 95°F])	
−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
±100 V DC	
300 V DC	
300 V AC, DC (Measurement Category II) Between any input channel (+, −) and the enclosure Anticipated transient overvoltage: 2500 V	

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LR8531 Wireless Universal Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)	
Operating temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 55°C (−4°F to 131°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing) (Charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C [41°F to 95°F])	
Storage temperature and humidity range	-20°C to 60°C (-4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Maximum input voltage	±100 V DC	
Maximum channel-to- channel voltage	300 V DC (The SoL terminals used to connect resistance temperature detectors and resistors are not isolated as they are shorted for all channels internally.)	
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	300 V AC, DC (Measurement Category II) Between any input channel (SoH, SoL, +, −) and the enclosure Anticipated transient overvoltage: 2500 V	

LR8532 Wireless Voltage/Temp Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)	
Operating temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 55°C (−4°F to 131°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing) (Charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C [41°F to 95°F])	
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Maximum input voltage	±100 V DC	
Maximum channel-to- channel voltage	300 V DC	
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	300 V AC, DC (Measurement Category II) Between any input channel (+, −) and the enclosure Anticipated transient overvoltage: 2500 V	

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LR8533 Wireless High Speed Voltage Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)	
Operating temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 55°C (−4°F to 131°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing) (Charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C [41°F to 95°F])	
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Maximum input voltage	±100 V DC	
Maximum channel-to- channel voltage	300 V DC	
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	300 V AC, DC (Measurement Category II) Between any input channel (+, –) and the enclosure Anticipated transient overvoltage: 2500 V	

LR8534 Wireless Strain Unit

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Operating environment	t Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)		
Operating temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 55°C (−4°F to 131°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing) (Charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C [41°F to 95°F])		
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)		
Maximum input voltage	±0.5 V DC		
Maximum channel-to- channel voltage	Non-isolated (all channels share common GND)		
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	30 V rms AC or 60 V DC Between each analog input channel and the enclosure Anticipated transient overvoltage: 330 V		

LR8535 Wireless CAN Unit

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)	
Operating temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 55°C (−4°F to 131°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing) (Charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C [41°F to 95°F])	
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Interface	Supported protocols	CAN (ISO 11898-1:2015 compliant) CAN FD (ISO 11898-1:2015 compliant) CAN FD (non-ISO)
	Physical layer	ISO 11898 (high-speed)

LR8536 Wireless Current Module

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)	
Operating temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 55°C (−4°F to 131°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing) (Charging temperature range: 5°C to 35°C [41°F to 95°F])	
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	
Maximum measurable current	130% of each range or the maximum measurable current of a current sensor to be connected, whichever is less	
Maximum rated line-to- ground voltage	Non-isolated	

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4.4 Wireless LAN Adapter Specifications

Z3230 Wireless LAN Adapter, Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapter

Operating environment	Indoor use, pollution degree 2, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.)
Operating temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 55°C (−4°F to 131°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)
Storage temperature and humidity range	−20°C to 60°C (−4°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensing)

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5.1 Repairs, Calibration, and Cleaning



Do not attempt to modify, disassemble, or repair the instrument or measurement modules yourself.

High voltages are present in certain parts of the instrument and measurement modules. Attempting the above may cause electric shock or fire.

Replaceable parts and service life

Some parts used in the instrument are characterized by performance that degrades over years of use.

It is recommended to replace these parts regularly to ensure instrument functionality over the long term.

To order replacements, please contact your Hioki distributor.

Part service life varies with the operating environment and frequency of use.

These parts are not guaranteed to operate throughout the period defined by the recommended replacement interval.

Part	Recommended replacement interval	Remarks
Electrolytic capacitors	About 10 years	Boards with these components must be replaced.
LCD backlight	About 100,000 hours	When brightness falls to half the initial level Service life varies greatly with ambient temperature. Use in hot environments will shorten the service life substantially.
Backup battery	About 10 years	Replace battery when the clock indicates a time that diverges significantly from the actual time as shown when the instrument is plugged in.
Z1007 Battery Pack	About 300 charge/ discharge cycles	Once the Battery Pack has been fully charged from empty and then completely discharged 300 times, it will have reached 70% of its initial capacity.
Fan motor	About 5 years	At 23°C

Fuse

The instrument's power supply has a built-in fuse. If the instrument will not turn on, the fuse may have tripped. Fuses cannot be repaired or replaced by the customer. Please contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Calibration

IMPORTANT

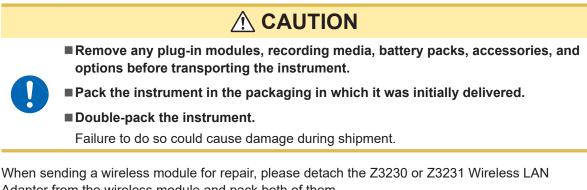
Regular calibration is necessary in order to obtain correct measurement results at the defined accuracy.

The calibration interval depends on factors such as operating conditions and environment. Please determine the appropriate calibration interval based on your operating conditions and environment and have Hioki calibrate it accordingly on a regular basis.

Backing up data

When repairing or calibrating the instrument, we may initialize it or update it to the latest software version. It is recommended to back up (save/write) data such as the settings and measurement data before requesting service.

Transporting the instrument



Adapter from the wireless module and pack both of them. When sending the instrument to be repaired, attach a description of the issue.

Hioki is unable to guarantee that instruments will not be damaged during shipment.

When transporting the Z1007 Battery Pack on an aircraft

- The Z1007 Battery Pack uses rechargeable lithium-ion batteries.
- The transport of lithium-ion batteries by air is subject to regulations in accordance with United Nations recommendations.
- If you need transport any device that uses the Z1007 Battery Pack by air, contact transport firms or airlines.

Cleaning

A CAUTION

If the instrument becomes dirty, wipe the instrument clean with a soft cloth moistened with water or a neutral detergent.

Do not wipe the instrument strongly and never use solvents such as benzene, alcohol, acetone, ether, ketones, thinners, or gasoline. Failure to follow this instructions can deform and discolor the instrument..

Wipe the display gently with a soft, dry cloth.

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5.2 Troubleshooting

This section describes what to check when you have a problem and suggests possible solutions.

Before sending the instrument to be repaired

If you believe your instrument might be damaged or malfunctioning, check the following information before contacting your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.

Symptom	Cause	Solutions
Nothing is displayed on the screen after the power key is pressed. The instrument cannot be turned on.	The power cord is disconnected.	Properly connect the power cord. (p.51)
	• The Battery Pack is not installed correctly.	Properly install the Battery Pack if it is improperly installed. (p.47)
	 The Battery Pack is not sufficiently charged. 	Charge the Battery Pack.
	• The AC Adapter is not outputting 12 V DC.	The AC Adapter cannot be replaced or repaired by the customer. Contact your authorized Hioki distributor or reseller.
Nothing is shown on the screen.	• A backlight saver is being used.	Disable the backlight saver. (See "7.1 Configuring Settings" in the Instruction Manual.)
The instrument does not respond when any key is pressed.	• The key lock is engaged.	Disengage the key lock. (p.92)
	A key is stuck in the depressed position.	Release the key from its depressed position.
No waveform is displayed after measurement starts.	• The instrument is displaying the [Waiting for pre-trigger] message. When using the pre-trigger function, the trigger will not be accepted until the instrument finishes capturing the pre- trigger waveform.	When not using the pre-trigger, disable it. (See "2.2 Enabling the Trigger Function" in the Instruction Manual.)
	• The instrument is displaying the [Waiting for trigger] message. Recording will start when the trigger is activated.	When not using the trigger, disable it. (See "2.2 Enabling the Trigger Function" in the Instruction Manual.)
	• The waveform display has been disabled.	Enable the waveform display.
The waveform is not changing.	 The cables are disconnected. The cables are damaged.	Properly connect the cables if they are disconnected or improperly connected. (p.53)
	• The range settings are not correct.	Select a more appropriate range. (See "1.4 Configuring Input Channels" in the Instruction Manual.)

Symptom	Cause	Solutions
Data cannot be saved to storage media (SD Memory Card, USB Drive).	• Hioki optional media is not being used.	Use a Hioki optional SD Memory Card or USB Drive. Proper operation of the instrument with media other than options provided by Hioki is not guaranteed.
	• The media has not been inserted properly.	Insert the media properly. (p.78)
	• The media has not been formatted (initialized).	Format media when using it for the first time. (See "3.2 Formatting Media" in the Instruction Manual.)
	• There is not enough available space left on the media.	Format or switch media.
	• There are more than 1000 files in the folder. Up to 1000 files can be displayed in the folder.	Keep the number of files stored in every folder to a maximum of 1000. If a folder contains an excessive number of files, it will take a while to store. You can copy and delete files. (See"3.5 Managing Data" in the Instruction Manual.)
The Z1007 Battery Pack cannot be charged (the CHARGE LED does not light up).	 The ambient temperature is outside the charging temperature range of 5°C to 35°C. 	Charge the Z1007 within an ambient temperature range of 5°C to 35°C.
	• The instrument was stored for an extended period with a Battery Pack installed.	The Battery Pack may have deteriorated. (p.37) Please purchase a new Battery Pack. Remove the Battery Pack before storing the instrument if it will not be used for one month or more.
The Z1007 Battery Pack, even immediately after recharged, can power the instrument for only a significantly shorter time than before.	• The Battery Pack's capacity has diminished due to deterioration.	The Battery Pack may have deteriorated. (p.37) Please purchase a new Battery Pack.
The instrument with the Z1007 Battery Pack installed cannot be turned on.	• The instrument is being used in a cold place. Due to the Battery Pack's characteristics, the instrument may not start up if the Battery Pack is cold.	 Take one or more of the following measures: Attach two Battery Packs in the instrument. Warm the Battery Pack to room temperature. Replace the Battery Pack with a standby Battery Pack.

If you can't identify the cause of your issue

Perform a system reset (initialization). See "Initialization (resetting the system)" (p.92).

If you can't turn the instrument off

Press and hold the power key for 10 seconds to forcibly turn off the instrument.

Error messages

There are two types of error message: errors and warnings.

Errors encountered by the instrument are displayed on the screen.

Use the tables shown below to check the nature of the error and review suggested solutions.

Error messages

No.	Message	Solutions
ERR_SY01	Program failure. Repair required.	Turn off the instrument and have it repaired.
ERR_SY02	Unit connection error. Current unit configuration is not valid. Please review the connection.	Verify that the measurement module is properly connected.
ERR_SY03	The battery has been removed.	Check the Battery Pack connection.
ERR_SY04	Clock correction circuit error. Repair required.	Turn off the instrument and have it repaired.
ERR_SY05	Update failed	Turn off the instrument and repeat the update. If the update fails again, have the instrument repaired.
ERR_SY06	Internal temperature of the instrument is abnormal.	Check the operating temperature environment and verify that the fan is operating. If this message is displayed while using the instrument within the operating temperature range, have it repaired.
ERR_SY07	Unit error. Unit no	The instrument cannot correctly detect modules (Units). The instrument may be damaged. Have it repaired.
ERR_SY08	The unit's CAN controller has encountered an error. Unit no	The unit's CAN controller has encountered an error. Restart the instrument and unit.
ERR_SY09	Hardware error detected.	Turn off the instrument and have it repaired.
ERR_SY10	Measurement stopped due to sync signal interruption.	Check connections of the primary and secondary instruments. See "8.3 Configuring Sync Input/Output (SYNC) Terminals" in the Instruction Manual.
ERR_FL01	File processing error	While the instrument is handling files stored on the SD Memory Card or USB Drive, an anomaly has unexpectedly occurred. Switch media or turn off the instrument.
ERR_FL02	Waveform data not found	Acquire waveform data.
ERR_FL03	Numerical calculation data not found	Execute numerical calculation.
ERR_FL04	Cannot load this file	 The selected file may be in one of the following situations: Not a file associated with this instrument In a format that cannot be loaded into this instrument Corrupted Load an appropriate file.
ERR_FL05	Insufficient storage memory	The file cannot be stored because the media starts to run out of space. Delete unnecessary files to free up space. Alternatively, switch media.

No.	Message	Solutions
ERR_FL06	Media is full or cannot delete oldest wave file	The file was not able to be stored because the SD Memory Card or the USB Drive starts to run out of space. Delete unnecessary files to free up space. Alternatively, switch media.
ERR_FL07	This folder cannot be deleted or renamed on the instrument.	This message is displayed to prevent accidental deletion of data folders. Use a computer to delete or rename folders.
ERR_FL08	Confirm the A-B cursor position	The A/B cursors are inappropriately placed (for example, outside the waveform range). Check the positions of the A/B cursors.
ERR_FL09	File is damaged	The file cannot be loaded because the information in it is damaged. Load an appropriate file.
ERR_FL10	Duplicate name.	Enter a unique file name.
ERR_FL11	This folder/file is protected.	Folders and files with the read-only attribute cannot be deleted using the instrument. Use a computer to delete.
ERR_FL12	This file cannot be loaded because the model configuration of the current wireless unit is different from that of the loaded file.	The instrument can load automatic setup files only containing the wireless module configuration identical to the one at the time of the shutdown. To load a file manually, select the [Wireless unit information] check box, and then load it. See "3.4 Loading data" in the Instruction Manual.
ERR_FL13	Cannot read because the names of the direct connection unit and that on the file are different.	In OVERWRITE mode, the instrument can load data only when the configuration of the plug-in modules remains the same as that applied when the data was saved. Check the module configuration in VIEW mode.
ERR_FL14	The version cannot be downgraded. • Delete an LR8535 registration. • Set the display language to a setting other than [繁體中文].	 Delete the LR8535 Wireless CAN Unit's registration. See "1.2 Registering Wireless Modules" in the Instruction Manual. Set the display language to a setting other than [繁體中文] (Traditional Chinese). See "7.1 Configuring Settings" in the Instruction Manual.
ERR_FL15	Cannot load this file because the data was saved by LR8450-01.	The LR8450 cannot load waveform files saved by the LR8450-01. Use the LR8450-01 to load such files.
ERR_FL16	Cannot load the selected file due to a different version.	Load the appropriate file. Alternatively, update the instrument by installing the latest firmware version.
ERR_SU01	 Could not start measurement. The setting conditions when the recording interval is 1 ms are as follows. Measurement ON channel: 150CH or less Alarm source data recording: OFF 	 Change either one of the settings as follows. Set the longer [Recording interval]. Reduce the number of channels. Set [Alarm source] to off. See "1.3 Setting Measurement Conditions" in the Instruction Manual.
ERR_WLAN01	Failed to restart the wireless interface. Restart the instrument.	Cycle the instrument.

Warning messages

Press any key to clear the display.

WARN_SY02	Battery low. Connect the AC adapter to the instrument,	Connect the AC Adapter to the instrument.
	or shut down and replace the battery.	See "2.3 Connecting the AC Adapter" (p.50).
	Battery low. Connect the AC adapter to the wireless unit.	Connect the AC Adapter to the wireless module. See "2.3 Connecting the AC Adapter" (p.50).
-	Internal temperature of the instrument has risen. Check the operating environment.	Check the conditions under which the instrument has been installed. See "Installing the instrument" (p.9).
	Internal temperature of the instrument has risen. Stopping external power output. Check the operating environment.	Check the conditions under which the instrument has been installed. See "Installing the instrument" (p.9). When voltage output stops, configure the setting again as necessary. See "8.1 Configuring Voltage Output (VOUTPUT)" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_SY05	No channel selected for measurement.	The measurement preferences of all channels are set to Off. Set one or more of them to On before starting measurement.
	Battery low. Stopping auto save. Connect the AC adapter to the instrument, or shut down and replace the battery.	The battery starts to run out. Provide power to the instrument using the AC adapter or an external power supply. Alternatively, turn off the instrument, and then replace the batteries.
WARN_SY07	Failed to initialize.	Initialize the system again. Key operation during the initialization of the instrument may cause an error. Do not operate any keys during the initialization.
	System error (SY08). Restart the instrument.	Cycling the wireless interface is required. Cycle the instrument.
	System error (SY09). Restart the instrument.	Cycling the wireless interface is required. Cycle the instrument.
_	System error (SY10). Restart the instrument.	Cycling the wireless interface is required. Cycle the instrument.
—	Some wireless units failed to start due to unstable communication conditions.	See [Action during communication error] in the configuration navigation.
_	Improper wiring detected. Check connections of the primary and secondary instruments.	Check connections of the primary and secondary instruments. See "8.3 Configuring Sync Input/Output (SYNC) Terminals" in the Instruction Manual.
-	The sampling correction function stopped because the correction limit was exceeded.	The instrument failed to communicate with the NTP server. Check the communications environments.
	The sampling correction function stopped because NTP time synchronization before measurement start failed.	
	The sampling correction function stopped because NTP time synchronization failed.	
WARN_FL01	Storage media not found.	Insert an SD Memory Card or a USB Drive.

No.	Message	Solutions
WARN_FL02	Firmware update not possible due to low battery. Connect the AC adapter and try again.	Updating the instrument is prohibited if the battery starts to run out. Provide power to the instrument using the AC adapter or an external power supply. Alternatively, charge the battery sufficiently.
WARN_FL03	Firmware update not possible due to weak signal conditions. Improve the communication environment and try again.	Check if the wireless modules are on. Check the state of communications with the wireless modules. If the communications are disrupted, move the equipment to improve the communications state.
WARN_FL04	The firmware cannot be updated because the battery of the wireless unit is low. Connect the AC adapter and try again.	Updating the instrument is prohibited if the battery of the wireless modules starts to run out. Connect the AC adapter before updating the instrument.
WARN_FL06	Insert SD memory card or USB flash drive.	Insert an SD Memory Card or a USB Drive.
WARN_FL07	Storage media is almost full	The media starts to run out of space. Switch media.
WARN_FL08	Unsaved data will be deleted shortly. Please insert storage media.	This message is displayed when data occupies half the internal buffer memory space or more after the start of the real- time save operation with no media inserted. Insert an SD Memory Card or a USB Drive.
WARN_FL09	Unsaved data present.	An SD Memory Card or a USB Drive is not inserted. Alternatively, available space may start to run out. Insert an SD Memory Card or a USB Drive, and then manually save necessary data.
WARN_FL10	File name including the folder is too long - file operation unsuccessful.	The path name entered consists of too many characters. Use a computer to rename the folder stored on the SD Memory Card or the USB Drive so that the folder name becomes shorter than the limit.
WARN_FL11	Busy	Wait for the completion of the process.
WARN_FL12	Battery low	Connect the AC Adapter to the instrument. (p.51)
WARN_SU01	SSID not entered	Enter the [SSID] for the access point in the wireless LAN settings. See "9.4 Using the Wireless Modules (LR8450-01 Only)" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_SU02	Select a channel to execute auto balance.	Choose channels for which you want to execute auto-balance.
WARN_SU03	Text contains invalid characters.	Check whether any special symbols have been entered.
WARN_SU04	User name has not been entered.	When [FTP/HTTP authentication settings] is set to [ON] , enter the user name. See "9.6 Acquiring Data Using the FTP Server" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_SU05	 The setting conditions when the recording interval is 1 ms are as follows. Measurement ON channel: 150CH or less Alarm source data recording: OFF 	Change either one of the settings as follows. • Set the longer [Recording interval]. • Reduce the number of channels. • Set [Alarm source] to off.

No.	Message	Solutions
WARN_SU06	Some channels could not be copied because the copy source W channel is larger than the copy destination W channel.	Check the calculation channel settings for the channels used in the waveform calculation.
WARN_SU07	Only up to 4 CAN units can be registered.	Use a maximum of four U8555 and LR8535 units.
WARN_SU08	Up to 4 CAN units can be used. 5 or more are registered.	Use a maximum of four U8555 and LR8535 units.
WARN_SU09	Unable to start measurement with the current settings. Optimize the settings listed below. For more information, see the User's Guide. • Recording interval • Number of measurement-enabled channels • Auto save format • Recording of data that triggers a warning	The number of channels that can be used will be restricted based on the recording interval and auto save settings as well as whether any CAN Units are connected. See "Auto save (real-time save)" in "3.3 Saving Data" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_SU10	Registered wireless unit hinders sync operation.	Disable the synchronous operation or deregister the wireless modules. See "8.3 Configuring Sync Input/Output (SYNC) Terminals" and "1.2 Registering Wireless Modules" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_SU11	Unable to start measurement due to different current sensor configurations.	Check the current sensor configuration.
WARN_SU12	Select a channel to execute zero adjustment (CT).	Select a channel.
WARN_COM01	Wireless unit cannot be searched because wireless LAN setting is OFF or the wireless LAN is in a mode other than unit connection mode	Set the wireless LAN mode to On. Switch the wireless LAN mode over to [Connect wireless unit].
WARN_COM02	USB drive mode cannot be used because it is connected from an FTP client.	Following the completion of the FTP communications, switch over USB drive mode.
WARN_FTP01	Failed to connect to FTP server	Check the setting and connection of the FTP data auto-transmission.
WARN_FTP02	FTP data transfer failed. File not found.	Manually obtain files that have not transferred from the instrument with the FTP. Alternatively, load files from the media set as the destination location.
WARN_ML01	The mail server name is invalid.	Check the mail server's name setting.
WARN_ML02	Failed to connect to the mail server.	Check the mail server settings and connection.
WARN_ML03	Unable to find the mail server, or DNS failure.	Check the mail server settings, DNS IP address, and connection.
WARN_ML04	The POP server name is invalid.	Check the POP server's name setting.
WARN_ML05	Failed to connect to the POP server.	Check the POP server settings and connection.
WARN_ML06	Unable to find the POP server, or DNS failure.	Check the DNS IP address and connection.
WARN_ML07	Unable to find the mail address.	Check the destination's mail address.

No.	Message	Solutions
WARN_WLAN01	This wireless unit has already been added to the registration list.	Check the list of the modules to be registered. See "1.2 Registering Wireless Modules" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_WLAN02	Maximum number of units that can be registered has been exceeded.	You can register up to seven wireless modules. Deregister the unwanted wireless modules.
WARN_WLAN03	Searching for a new wireless unit failed. See [Action during communication error] in QUICK SET.	See [Action during communication error] in the configuration navigation. See "1.16 Configuration Navigator (Quick
WARN_WLAN04	Some wireless units have failed to register.	Set)" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_WLAN05	Failed to re-initialize wireless LAN.	-
WARN_WLAN06	Some wireless units have failed to reconnect.	-
WARN_WLAN07	When setting security, set the password to at least 8 characters.	When communicating data through the wireless LAN after encryption, set a password with at least eight characters. See "9.4 Using the Wireless Modules (LR8450-01 Only)" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_WLAN08	Invalid IP address has been entered.	 Check the following points: Is the IP address the same as that of the wireless LAN? Is the address the same as the subnet mask? Is the broadband address mistakenly entered?
WARN_WLAN09	The communication environment cannot be inspected because the wireless LAN setting is turned OFF.	Set the wireless LAN mode to ON. See "9.4 Using the Wireless Modules (LR8450-01 Only)" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_WLAN10	New wireless unit not found. The wireless interface of the instrument may be busy. Please try again.	Search for wireless modules again. If not remedied, see [Action during communication error] in the configuration navigation. See "1.16 Configuration Navigator (Quick Set)" in the Instruction Manual.
WARN_WLAN11	This wireless unit is not connected to the instrument. See [Action during communication error] in QUICK SET.	See [Action during communication error] in the configuration navigation. See "1.16 Configuration Navigator (Quick Set)" in the Instruction Manual.
MSG_SU07	Settings for recording interval has been optimized. (Recording time, file division time, pre-trigger, horizontal axis, etc.)	Check the following settings, which may have changed: • [Recording interval] • [Split time] under [File splitting] • [Pre-trigger] • [Horizontal axis] (time per division) • Measurement module data update interval (changed to optimal interval during auto operation) • [Split time] in [Time split calculation] under [Numerical calculation]
MSG_SU15	User-specified frame transmission is disabled due to the ACK OFF state.	Set the CAN Unit's ACK port setting to ON.

When a warning occurs, a message will be displayed for several seconds.

No.	Message	Solutions
_	NTP client disabled	Set the NTP client function in the NTP settings to [ON] . See "Synchronizing the time" in "7.2 Synchronizing the time" in the Instruction Manual.
_	No server address entered	Enter the server address in the NTP settings. See "Synchronizing the time" in "7.2 Synchronizing the time" in the Instruction Manual.
-	Invalid key	The pressed key is disabled, for example because measurement is in progress. Press the key after the operation completes.
-	Modification not available while measuring	Press the STOP key to stop measurement and then change the setting.
-	Settable range exceeded	The entered value does not fall within the valid setting range. Enter an appropriate value.
_	Pre-trigger time and settings modified	Changing the recording interval or recording time may shorten the time that can be set for the pre-trigger. Check the updated pre-trigger settings.
-	Trigger or alarm setting value of this channel modified	The trigger or alarm settings have changed. Check the updated settings. See "2.2 Enabling the Trigger Function" and "4.1 Configuring Alarms" in the Instruction Manual.
_	Burn-out settings modified	The wire break detection function has been set to [OFF] . To use the wire break detection function, either increase the recording interval or reduce the number of channels being measured. See "1.3 Setting Measurement Conditions" in the Instruction Manual.
-	Cannot activate Burn Out (broken-wire) detection. Set the unit update interval to automatic or a rate slower than current settings.	The user-specified setting does not support the wire break detection. Set the data refresh interval to [Auto] or an interval longer than that presently set. See "1.3 Setting Measurement Conditions" in the Instruction Manual.
-	File partition period modified	Changing the recording interval will cause the segment time to change. Check if the settings are appropriate.
_	Recording interval modified	The measurement preferences of all channels of the High Speed Voltage Unit and Strain Unit have been set to off (check box cleared), forcing the recording interval setting to change. Check the updated recording interval.
-	Settings for external I/O3 modified to external trigger	The [External input 3] terminal was set to [Trigger input] because the external trigger was set to [ON] . Check if the settings are appropriate. See "2.6 Applying Triggers Based on External Sources" in the Instruction Manual.

No.	Message	Solutions
_	Horizontal axis modified	The horizontal axis (time per division) was changed because the recording interval was changed. The time per division cannot be set to a value that is shorter than the recording interval. Check if the settings are appropriate. See "Other display settings" in "1.6 Configuring the Waveform Display" in the Instruction Manual.
_	Division time for numerical calculation modified	The [Split time] setting under [Numerical calculation] was changed because the recording interval was changed. Check if the settings are appropriate. See "Configuring numerical calculations" in "6.1 Performing Numerical Calculations" in the Instruction Manual.
_	Recording time settings modified	The recording time was changed because the recording interval was changed. Check if the settings are appropriate. See "1.3 Setting Measurement Conditions" in the Instruction Manual.
-	File rename failed	The filename cannot be changed. Check whether there's another file with the same name.
_	Copy file failed	The file cannot be copied. Check whether there's another file with the same name.
_	Delete file failed	The file cannot be deleted. Verify that the media's write protect switch has been disengaged.
-	Format media failed	The media cannot be formatted (initialized). Verify that the media's write protect switch has been disengaged.
-	Invalid file name	The filename is incorrect. Check the characters used in the filename. In addition, verify that there is not another file with the same name.
-	Settings data normalized	Changing a specific setting can force some other settings to change under measurement constraints. Check if appropriate settings have been set before starting measurement.
_	Measurement will start with backed up settings data	The connected plug-in modules do not match the plug-in modules configuration saved in the loaded setting data. Check the configuration of the connected plug-in modules.
_	Unit update interval modified	There are some conditions where changing a specific setting can force the data refresh interval to change. Check if an appropriate data refresh rate of the module has been set.
-	Failed to eject SD card.	Any attempts to eject the SD Memory Card in the middle of internal processing may fail. Wait for a while or cycle the instrument. After that, eject it.

No.	Message	Solutions
-	Failed to eject USB flash drive.	Any attempts to eject the USB Drive in the middle of internal processing may fail. Wait for a while or cycle the instrument. After that, eject it.
-	Aborted.	Any attempts to interrupt a manual-saving process may cause this message to appear. If it was unintentional, perform saving again.
-	Scaling conversion error.	Any attempts to configure a disabled scaling setting may cause this message to appear. (Example: Attempting to set the scaling slope at zero) Set an appropriate figure.
-	Cannot set to text format. Set the recording interval to [20 ms] or more.	The user-specified setting does not support text-format saving of waveform data. Set the recording interval at [20 ms] or longer.
-	Cannot set to text format. Set the recording interval to [10 ms] or more.	The user-specified setting does not support text-format saving of waveform data. Set the recording interval at [10 ms] or longer.
-	Recording interval cannot be changed. Set waveform data storage format to binary format.	The user-specified setting does not support a recording interval of less than [10 ms] . Set the saving format to binary. Alternatively, reduce the number of measurement channels.
_	Waveform data storage format has been changed to binary format.	The number of channels to be measured exceeds the upper limit supported by the user-defined recording interval. To save data in text format, use the longer recording length, or reduce the number of channels to be measured.
-	Out of data range.	No event marks or jump data points of the warning history can be found.
-	Flashing LED failed.	The connection to the wireless module has failed. See [Action during communication error] in the configuration navigation.
-	Repetitive recording turned ON.	The interval trigger is available only when the [Repetitive recording] is set to [ON] . [Repetitive recording] is switched over to [ON] . Confirm the settings.
_	Interval trigger turned OFF.	The interval trigger is available only when the [Repetitive recording] is set to [ON] . The interval trigger is switched over to [OFF] because [Repetitive recording] is set to [OFF] . Confirm the settings.
-	Measurement cannot be turned on. Set the recording interval to [2 ms] or more.	Set [Recording interval] to [2 ms] or longer.
-	The recording interval cannot be set to [1 ms] because the number of measurement channels exceeds 151.	Reduce the number of channels.
-	The frame cannot be changed. Set the send ID to a value of [7FF] or less.	Set the send ID to [7FF] or less.
-	This combination of baud rate and sampling point settings cannot be used.	Check the combination of baud rate and sampling point settings for CAN FD (arbitration) and CAN FD (data).

No.	Message	Solutions
_	The baud rate and sampling point settings have been initialized.	Changing the interface from CAN to CAN FD invalidated the baud rate and sampling settings and caused them to be initialized.
-	The recording interval cannot be changed. Optimize the number of measurement- enabled channels and the save format.	Auto save operation is subject to restrictions. Change the settings to values for which auto save is supported. See "Auto save (real-time save)" in "3.3 Saving Data" in the Instruction Manual.
-	The save format cannot be changed. Optimize the recording interval and number of measurement-enabled channels.	
-	The measurement on setting cannot be changed. Optimize the recording interval and save format.	
-	The combination of recording interval [1 ms] and alarm source [ON] cannot be set.	Set the [Recording interval] to [2 ms] or longer or set [Alarm source] to [OFF] .
-	Invalid key. Operate the primary instrument.	In the secondary instrument, the key pressed is ignored. Use the primary instrument.
_	Authentication fail.	The entered account information is incorrect. Check the account information.
-	Could not connect.	The instrument was not able to communicate with GENNECT Cloud. Check the internet connection.
-	Failed to create an app.	Too many applications have been registered on your GENNECT Cloud account. Unregister some of them.
_	Failed to create a connection.	Creation connection for MQTT communication is failed. Check the internet connection.

LED indicators (wireless modules)

The wireless module's LEDs are used to give you indications of the present operation status. The following table describes the operation status and remedies against issues.

Power status

AC LED	BATT LED	Status
Lighting up.	Off	Running on externally supplied power.
Off	Lighting up.	Running on battery.
Off	Repeatedly emits 3 flashes every 3 s.	Battery is low.

While the battery charging is in progress, the **CHARGE** LED remains on.

Measurement status

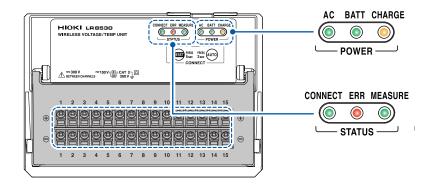
MEASURE LED	Status
Off	Measurement stops.
Lighting up.	Measurement in progress.
Emits 5 flashes for 1 s.	Preparing.

Wireless communications status

CONNECT LED	Status	Remedy
Off	No communications in progress.	-
Lighting up.	Communicating with LR8450-01.	-
Flashes in 2 s interval.	Communications disrupted. Reconnecting.	Please wait.
Flashes in 1 s interval.	Connecting with auto-connect.	Please wait.
Repeatedly emits 3 flashes every 3 s.	Radio-wave intensity weakens.	Place module in another place.
Emits 5 flashes for 1 s.	Processing.	Please wait. Have it repaired if not remedied.

Error status

ERR LED	Status	Remedy
Rapidly blinking.	Z3230 or Z3231 not attached.	Attach Z3230 or Z3231 Wireless LAN Adapter.
Emits blinks in other patterns.	Internal error occurs.	Have it repaired.



5

Maintenance and Service

5.3 Disposing of the Instrument

The instrument has a built-in backup lithium battery.

When disposing of the instrument, remove the lithium battery and dispose of it in accordance with local regulations.



Turn off the power button and disconnect the power cord and all cables before removing the lithium battery.

Failure to do so could cause electric shock.



Store the removed lithium battery out of reach of children.

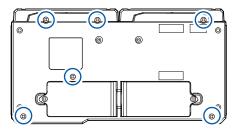
Failure to do so could allow young children to accidentally ingest battery.

CALIFORNIA, USA ONLY Perchlorate Material - special handling may apply. See <u>https://dtsc.ca.gov/perchlorate/</u>

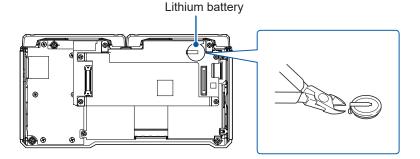
Removing the lithium battery

You will need: a Phillip's head screwdriver (No. 2) and a pair of needle-nose pliers

- **1** Verify that the instrument has been turned off and disconnect the power code and all cables.
- 2 Turn over the instrument and remove the six screws shown in the figure.



- **3** Remove the lower case.
- **4** Pull up on the lithium battery on the printed circuit board and cut the positive and electrode leads with the plier.



5.4 FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions)

Installation and measurement operation

Question	Answer	See
How long can the instrument operate on battery power?	The instrument can operate for about 2 hours on one fully charged Z1007 Battery Pack, or for about 4 hours on two fully charged Battery Packs. (Reference value at 23°C) The wireless modules can work for five to nine hours (depending on the model type) with the Battery Pack fully charged. (Reference value at 23°C)	"Continuous operating time on Battery Pack power" (p.48)
How much power do plug-in modules use?	 Plug-in module power consumption when using the AC adapter or a 12 V DC external power supply (23°C reference values) U8550: 0.9 VA U8551: 1.5 VA U8552: 0.9 VA U8553: 1.1 VA U8554: 2.0 VA U8555: 1.9 VA U8556: 1.8 VA (Varies by the current sensor being used and the current being measured) 	_
What will happen to data if the power goes out during measurement?	No measurement data will remain. If electric power to only a wireless module is interrupted, the instrument will continue the measurement. However, against a power failure, using the Z1007 Battery Pack is recommended.	"2.2 Installing a Battery Pack" (p.44)
Can I resume recording once the power comes back on?	Recording can be resumed when the power comes back on by using the start state retention function.	"7.1 Configuring Settings" in the Instruction Manual
Why does temperature error increase immediately after the instrument is moved to a location with a significantly different temperature?	When measuring temperature with a thermocouple, the terminal temperature is measured by an internal temperature sensor and used to perform reference junction compensation. When the ambient temperature changes abruptly, the thermal balance between the terminal block and the temperature sensor is interrupted, causing temperature error. When moving the instrument to a location with a significantly different temperature, allow the instrument to sit for at least 60 minutes before performing measurement.	"Installing the instrument" (p.9)
How can I correct for differences in the zero position of different inputs?	The zero-adjustment function can be used to correct for such differences. The zero-adjustment function is disabled for the Strain Units (U8554, LR8534). You can correct the zero position of the Strain Unit using the auto-balance.	"1.10 Performing Zero Adjustment" "Measuring strain" in the Instruction Manual
I'm seeing waveforms for unconnected channels even though I'm only providing input for channel 1.	If the input terminals are left open, the instrument may display waveforms that have been affected by other channels. Either disable the channels with open inputs or short the positive and negative terminals.	_
Displayed values are fluctuated even when no voltage is applied.	Displayed values can frequently fluctuate due to induction potential even when no voltage is applied. This, however, is not a malfunction.	_

Question	Answer	See
Can I assign a mark during measurement and search for it later?	You can assign event marks in waveforms. You can jump to event mark locations on the display.	"5.1 Assigning Event Marks during Measurement" in the Instruction Manual
When using wireless units, there will appear to be differences in sampling timing between units.	The difference will be about 20 ms with robust wireless communications and more when the networking signal is weak.	"1.17 Measurement Data" in the Instruction Manual
The instrument is displaying the message [Waiting for trigger] , and it won't make measurements.	When a trigger has been set, recording will not start until the trigger conditions are satisfied. You can forcibly activate the trigger.	"2 Trigger Function" and "2.8 Forcibly Activating the Trigger" in the Instruction Manual

Settings

Question	Answer	See
How can I hide unnecessary channels?	Set the waveform display color to [×] (OFF).	"1.4 Configuring Input Channels" in the Instruction Manual
Can I measure temperature when there's a voltage?	You can measure temperature as long as the voltage does not exceed the maximum channel- to-channel voltage or the maximum channel- to-ground voltage. If the voltage exceeds either of those values, avoid applying the voltage to the input terminals, for example by using a non- grounded thermocouple.	"Measurement precautions" (p.11)
Should I set reference junction compensation to [EXT] or [INT]? What is the accuracy?	Use the [INT] (internal) setting when connecting the thermocouple to the module's terminal block. The measurement accuracy is determined by adding the temperature measurement accuracy to the reference junction compensation accuracy. Example: When measuring a temperature within the range of 0°C to 100°C with a K thermocouple The accuracy is obtained by adding the reference contact correction accuracy of $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C to the temperature measurement accuracy of $\pm 0.5C^{\circ}$, yielding a value of $\pm 1.0^{\circ}$ C.	"Measuring temperature (with thermocouples)" in the Instruction Manual

Saving data

Question	Answer	See
Can I use any commercially available SD memory card or USB drive?	Use only Hioki optional SD Memory Cards or USB Drives. Proper operation is not guaranteed when using commercially available SD memory cards and USB drives.	"2.7 SD Memory Card and USB Drive" (p.78)
	USB drives with security functions such as fingerprint authentication cannot be used.	
Can I replace media while auto save is in progress?	Choose [Eject] on the top right of the waveform screen and press the ENTER key.	"Replacing (ejecting) media during real- time save operation" in the Instruction Manual

Question	Answer	See
For how many days can the instrument record?	Available recording length settings are determined by the number of channels and the recording interval. Example: For a recording interval of 1 s with 15 channels and 1 GB media, you can record for about 400 days.	"11.9 File Size" in the Instruction Manual
Can I view waveform data in Excel?	You can convert automatically saved waveform (binary) data into text format (CSV) data with the Logger Utility. You can load CSV files with Excel.	"9.1 Using the Logger Utility" in the Instruction Manual
Can I view time values in waveform data (CSV format) as absolute rather than relative times?	 Set [Display horizontal axis] to [Date]. Time: Time elapsed since the start of measurement Date: Actual time (time and date) Data points: Number of data points since the start of measurement 	"Other display settings" in the Instruction Manual
What is the difference between the ".MEM" and ".LUW" extensions?	 ".MEM": Binary waveform data that can be loaded by the instrument or the Logger Utility ".LUW": Logger Utility waveform data that cannot be loaded by the instrument 	"3.1 Data That Can Be Saved and Loaded" in the Instruction Manual

5.5 Open-source software

This instrument includes software to which GNU General Public License, GNU Lesser General Public License and other licenses are applied.

You have the right to obtain, modify, and redistribute the source code of the software under these licenses.

For details, visit the following website.

https://www.hioki.com/global/support/oss

Hioki would prefer you not to direct any inquiries on the content of the source code.

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Warranty Certificate

Model	Serial number	Warranty period
		Three (3) years from date of purchase (/)
Customer name: Customer address:		

Important

- · Please retain this warranty certificate. Duplicates cannot be reissued.
- Complete the certificate with the model number, serial number, and date of purchase, along with your name and address. The personal information you provide on this form will only be used to provide repair service and information about Hioki products and services.

This document certifies that the product has been inspected and verified to conform to Hioki's standards. Please contact the place of purchase in the event of a malfunction and provide this document, in which case Hioki will repair or replace the product subject to the warranty terms described below.

Warranty terms

- The product is guaranteed to operate properly during the warranty period (three [3] years from the date of purchase). If the date of purchase is unknown, the warranty period is defined as three (3) years from the date (month and year) of manufacture (as indicated by the first four digits of the serial number in YYMM format).
- 2. If the product came with an AC adapter, the adapter is warrantied for one (1) year from the date of purchase.
- 3. The accuracy of measured values and other data generated by the product is guaranteed as described in the product specifications.
- 4. In the event that the product or AC adapter malfunctions during its respective warranty period due to a defect of workmanship or materials, Hioki will repair or replace the product or AC adapter free of charge.
- 5. The following malfunctions and issues are not covered by the warranty and as such are not subject to free repair or replacement:
 - -1. Malfunctions or damage of consumables, parts with a defined service life, etc.
 - -2. Malfunctions or damage of connectors, cables, etc.
 - -3. Malfunctions or damage caused by shipment, dropping, relocation, etc., after purchase of the product
 - -4. Malfunctions or damage caused by inappropriate handling that violates information found in the instruction manual or on precautionary labeling on the product itself
 - -5. Malfunctions or damage caused by a failure to perform maintenance or inspections as required by law or recommended in the instruction manual
 - -6. Malfunctions or damage caused by fire, storms or flooding, earthquakes, lightning, power anomalies (involving voltage, frequency, etc.), war or unrest, contamination with radiation, or other acts of God
 - -7. Damage that is limited to the product's appearance (cosmetic blemishes, deformation of enclosure shape, fading of color, etc.)
 - -8. Other malfunctions or damage for which Hioki is not responsible
- 6. The warranty will be considered invalidated in the following circumstances, in which case Hioki will be unable to perform service such as repair or calibration:
 - -1. If the product has been repaired or modified by a company, entity, or individual other than Hioki
 - -2. If the product has been embedded in another piece of equipment for use in a special application (aerospace, nuclear power, medical use, vehicle control, etc.) without Hioki's having received prior notice
- 7. If you experience a loss caused by use of the product and Hioki determines that it is responsible for the underlying issue, Hioki will provide compensation in an amount not to exceed the purchase price, with the following exceptions:
 - -1. Secondary damage arising from damage to a measured device or component that was caused by use of the product
 - -2. Damage arising from measurement results provided by the product
 - -3. Damage to a device other than the product that was sustained when connecting the device to the product (including via network connections)
- 8. Hioki reserves the right to decline to perform repair, calibration, or other service for products for which a certain amount of time has passed since their manufacture, products whose parts have been discontinued, and products that cannot be repaired due to unforeseen circumstances.

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http://www.hioki.com

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