

Get a Complete Diagnosis of UPS Batteries with a Single Device

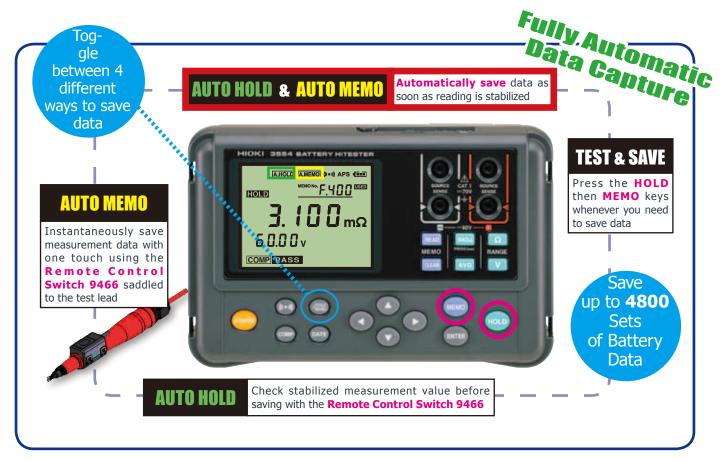


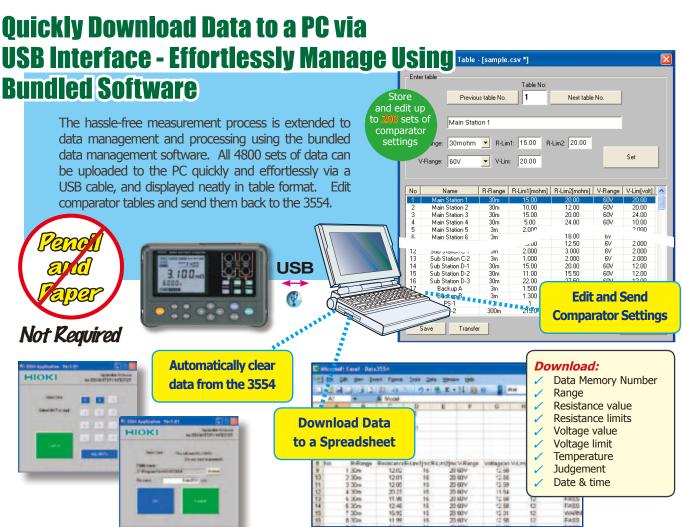


The New Standard for Assessing Deterioration of Lead-acid Batteries

Repeated recharging of a secondary battery can lead to battery deterioration and increase its internal resistance. Problems can intensify when there is a short-circuit in the internal cell leading to voltage drop, overheating and complete battery malfunction. Worst of all, these problems can cause life-threatening fires and other accidents.

HANDS FREE Data Capture Allows You to Focus on the Testing





Tough Against Noise Plus Wide 60V Range

Trying to measure UPS backup batteries while they are still being used naturally brings about noise coming from the battery's inverter or rectifying circuit. The enhanced measurement current in the 3554 plus fortified circuit design, added with the Averaging Function to handle batteries that have fluctuating measurement values no matter how steady you hold the probe makes the battery tester extra resistant against the adverse effects of noise.

60VDC maximum between terminals

Three-rank rating of battery state: Pass, Warning or Fail

Assessment is based on a 6-way combination of comparisons against upper and lower resistance limits and a voltage threshold. Immediately see the judgement result on the bright LCD and beep on your choice of PASS or WARNING/FAIL.

Voltage threshold value

Low	Warning	Warning	Fail	
High	Pass	Warning	Fail	
Resistand	Low	In Range	High	

First resistance limit Δ

△ Second resistance limit

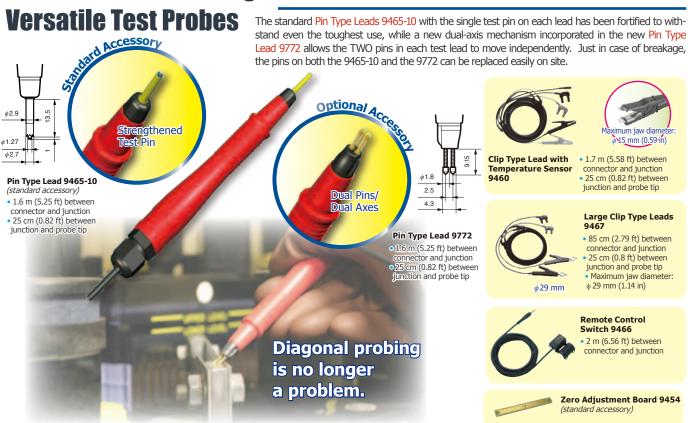
Common battery cells: 0 to 12V DC Fork lifts and electric

vehicles: 48V DC

10 Hours of Continuous money with an **Operation**

Save time and uninterrupted workflow

Wide Selection of Tough and



The Advantages of 4-Terminal Measurement

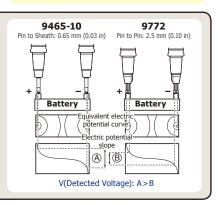
The Quality of Your Test Lead CAN Make a Difference

When measuring certain batteries such as leadacid cells, the resulting measurement value may differ depending on the test leads used to conduct the measurement. This difference is due to the shape of the probe tip as well as the dimensions of the 4-terminal test leads used for measurement. However, despite a difference in value given by different test leads, it is safe to assume that each specific value reflects the correct value obtainable by the respective test leads.

Based on this principle, when diagnosing battery deterioration in a time series, it is particularly important to use test leads having the same tip shape and dimensions in order to maintain measurement consistency.

The difference in the measurement values

obtained by different test leads is a physical phenomenon caused by the difference in distance between the SOURCE and SENSE pins of the test leads. This is more significant when the battery terminal contains a resistance higher than the internal resistance of the battery under test. The figure on the right demonstrates how even minute physical differences between the SOURCE and SENSE pins for two types of test leads can affect the detected voltage level of the battery.



Specifications

Basic Specifications

Measurement items Resistance (AC four-terminal method), voltage

temperature (platinum temperature sensor, only when

using 9460 leads) Display LCD

> LCD All Segments Displayed



Sampling rate Once per second **Averaging Function** OFF, 4, 8, or 16 times [OF] is displayed Input overflow Constant current fault : [----] is displayed detection

Open-circuit terminal

voltage

Auto power off Auto power off after 10 minutes unless during data transmission

Comparator Settings First and second resistance limits, and lower voltage limit

Number of Comparator: 200 Sets Settings

Comparator Output LCD display of PASS, WARNING, or FAIL. Select beeper to sound on PASS/WARNING or FAIL. 0 to 40°C (32°F to 104°F), 80% rh or less (no

Operating temperature : and humidity condensation)

Absolute maximum 60V DC, No AC input allowed

input voltage

Between input terminals and output terminals (including EXT. HOLD/MEMO, and USB terminals): 1.5 kV AC rms Withstand voltage

for 15 seconds

Maximum rated power

consumption

Continuous operating

Approx. 10 hours (When using alkaline batteries; may vary depending on conditions of use)

AA (LR6) Alkaline Batteries x 8 Power supply

Dimensions

Approx. 192 mm (7.56 in) W x 121 mm (4.76 in) H x 55 mm (2.17 in) D, 790 g (27.9 oz) (including batteries)

Accessories

PIN TYPE LEAD 9465-10 x 1, USB cable x 1, Application Software CD x 1, Strap x 1, Carrying case x 1, Zero adjustment board x 1, LR6 alkaline

batteries x 8. Fuse x 1



Functions

HOLD (1) Pressing the HOLD key

(2) Inputting signals to the EXT.HOLD/MEMO terminal

(3) Stabilizing measured values (when the auto-hold feature is on) **Data Storage**

While the measured values are being held, pressing MEMO key

will save them to internal memory.

When the auto-memory feature is on, measured values will be saved to the instrument's internal memory when held

Saved items: Date, time, resistance value, voltage value,

temperature, comparator setting values, and comparator judgement. Maximum storable data: 4800 sets.

Memory structure: 400 data sets per unit (12 units) Reading data Read stored data on instrument or with PC application

PC Interface

Windows compatible, using USB interface

PC Software Application

PC to 3554: transfer comparator tables edited on Excel, delete

data from 3554, initialize the 3554, make clock settings

3554 to PC: transfer data stored in memory (save files on PC in

CSV format)

Measurement Accuracy

(Accuracy guaranteed for 6 months, Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed for 6 months)

Guaranteed Accuracy : 23°C± 5°C (73°F± 9°F), non-condensating, after zero-

adjustment, warm-up time not required

Resistance Measurement

Temperature coefficient : ±0.01 %rdg.±0.8 dgt./°C

Measurement current frequency : 1 kHz±30 Hz Measurement current reliability: ±10 %

Range	Max. display	Resolution	Measurement Current	Accuracy
3 mΩ	$3.100\mathrm{m}\Omega$	1μΩ	150 mA	±1.0 %rdg.±8 dgt.
30 mΩ	31.00mΩ	10μΩ	150 mA	
300 m $Ω$	310.0 m Ω	100μΩ	15 mA	±0.8 %rdg.±6 dgt.
3 Ω	3.100 Ω	1 mΩ	1.5 mA	

Voltage Measurement

Temperature coefficient : ±0.005 %rdg.±0.5 dgt./°C

Range	Max. display	Resolution	Accuracy	
6 V	±6.000 V	1 mV	±0.08 %rdg.±6 dgt.	
60 V	±60.00 V	10 mV		

Temperature Measurement

Measurement Range	Resolution	Accuracy
-10°C to 60°C	0.1°C	±1.0°C

Order Code: 3554

To Our Valued Customers:

The thresholds for determining the pass/fail condition of a battery depends on the specifications and standards of the battery manufacturer, battery type, capacity, etc. It is important and necessary to always conduct battery testing against the internal resistance and terminal voltage of a new or reference battery. In some cases, it may be diffcult to determine the deterioration state of traditional open type (liquid) lead-acid or alkaline batteries which demonstrate smaller changes in internal resistance than sealed lead acid batteries.

Options

Bundled with the standard 3554

Pin-type Lead **9465-10** Zero Adjustment Board 9454

Clip-type Lead with Temperature Sensor 9460 Pin-type Lead **9772**

Remote Control Switch 9466 Large Clip Type Lead **9467**

Tip Pin **9465-90** (to replace the tip on Model 9465-10)

Tip Pin 9772-90 (to replace the tip on Model 9772)

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