HIOKI

POWER ANALYZER PW8001

Highest Accuracy. Largest Number of Channels. Maximum Flexibility.



Featuring power spectrum analysis (PSA), providing powerful capability for analyzing high-frequency power loss

New in firmware Version 2





Providing the ultimate power analyzer for use by all engineers pursuing power conversion efficiency

World-class measurement accuracy

Basic accuracy ±0.03%, DC accuracy ±0.05%, 50 kHz accuracy 0.2%* Frequency flatness: band where amplitude falls within ±0.1% range: 300 kHz* band where phase falls within ±0.1° range: 500 kHz*

Evaluating power conversion efficiency requires the ability to accurately measure power in every band, from DC to high frequencies. The PW8001 delivers exceptional measurement accuracy not only for 50/60 Hz, but also across a broad frequency band, including for DC and at 50 kHz. This allows it to accurately evaluate power conversion efficiency which often involves measuring multiple frequencies.

Accurate capture of power fluctuations caused by high-speed switching

Sampling performance 18-bit, 15 MHz* Noise Resistance (CMRR) 110 dB, 100 kHz*

Sampling performance and noise resistance is important for evaluating power converters that use materials like SiC and GaN due to the power fluctuations caused by their high-speed switching. The PW8001 can accurately capture high-speed switching waveforms thanks to its high sampling performance and noise resistance.

Up to 8 power channels optimizing your measurement

8-channel power measurement

2

3

MENOTE CO

Increasingly, hardware like electric vehicle (EV) drive systems that use dual inverters and electric power interchange systems in smart homes are adopting multi-circuit designs in order to utilize energy effectively. A single PW8001 can measure 8 channels of power data, allowing equipment with 8 measurement points for power such as dual motors as well as other equipment with multiple circuits to be evaluated in one stroke.

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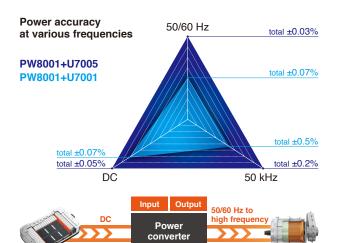
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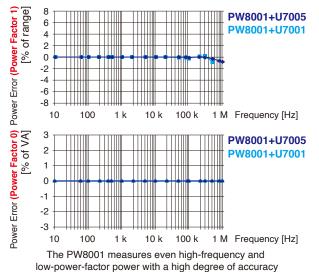
62 2233 Hz

World-class measurement accuracy 1



Accuracy in all bands, from DC to high frequencies, is important

Example of active power-frequency characteristics

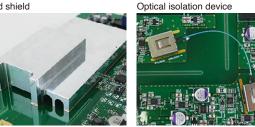


Accurate capture of power fluctuations caused by high-speed switching

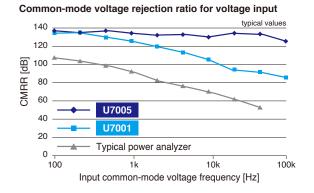
Use of two key components (by the U7005) allows the instrument to deliver both exceptional sampling performance and noise resistance

Solid shield

2



Model	Sampling performance		
woder	Frequency	Resolution	
PW8001 +U7005	15 MHz	18-bit	
PW8001 +U7001	2.5 MHz	16-bit	



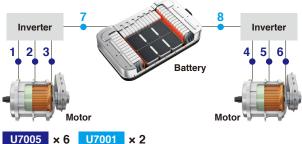
3 Up to 8 power channels optimizing your measurement

- 8-channel power measurement

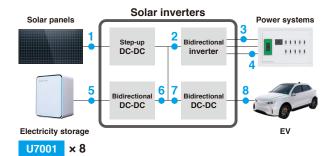
- Install up to 8 input modules, freely combined from 2 different module types



EV dual inverter



Power interchange system



Full-featured compatibility with current sensors

Current sensing has a substantial impact on power measurement accuracy as well as work efficiency. Hioki designs and develops its current sensors in-house for maximum compatibility with power analyzers and advanced power measurement capability.

CT6877A

2000A

HIOKI

Get started making measurements right away

Standard current sensor power supply and recognition functionality

The PW8001 supplies power to current sensors and automatically sets the appropriate scaling ratio for each. Simply connect sensors and get started making measurements.

2 Accurately measure high-frequency, low-power-factor power

Current sensor automatic phase correction function*

Correcting phase error is important in order to accurately measure high-frequency, low-power-factor power. The PW8001 automatically acquires each current sensor's phase characteristics and performs phase correction with a resolution of 0.001°. As a result, the instrument is able to realize current sensors' full performance without requiring a troublesome configuration process.

3 Record measurement conditions

Automatic acquisition of current sensor information

When you connect a current sensor to the PW8001, the instrument automatically acquires its model and serial number. Detailed measurement conditions can be recorded along with measurement data.

4 Extensive product line

1 Get started making measurements right away

2 Accurately measure high-frequency, low-power-factor power

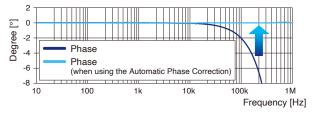
3 Record measurement conditions



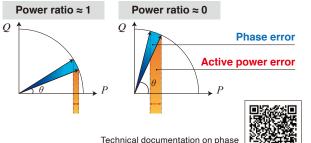
Information stored in the current sensors' internal memory

Phase shift	Rated current
Sensor model	Serial number

Example of the automatic phase correction for the CT6904A AC/DC current sensor



At low power factors, phase error has a substantial impact on power error



Technical documentation on phase correction is available.

4 Extensive product line



Pass-through sensors offer the ultimate level of accuracy, frequency band, and stability. Broadband measurement of up to 10 MHz and the ability to measure large currents of up to 2000 A make these sensors ideal for use in state-of-the-art R&D.



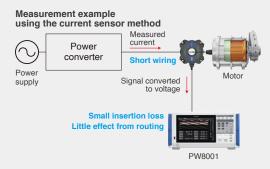
This clamp-style sensor lets you quickly and easily connect the instrument for measurement. It's used in testing of assembled vehicles where it would be difficult to cut wires. Capable of withstanding temperatures of -40°C to 85° C, the device can be used in the hot environment of an engine compartment.



Our proprietary DCCT method allows our 50 A direct-wired sensor to deliver world-class accuracy and bandwidth.

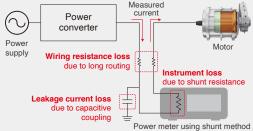
Are you making measurements under conditions that approach the actual operating environment?

Broadly speaking, there are two ways to detect current: the current sensor method and the direct wiring method. Current sensors let you evaluate equipment accurately under wiring conditions that approach the actual operating environment.



A current sensor is connected to the wiring on the measurement target. This reduces the effects of wiring and loss on the side of the measurement instrument. This allows measurements with wiring conditions that are close to the actual operating environment of a highly efficient system.

Measurement example using the direct wiring method



The wiring of the measurement target is routed for connecting to the current input terminal. However, this results in an increase in the influence of power loss from wiring resistance and capacitive coupling, and meter loss ing due to shunt resistance. All of this loss leads to larger degradation in accuracy.



View technical articles on power measurement in the development of EV motors and inverters.

Measurement solutions for EVs

Detecting power fluctuations during vehicle operation



1 Reliably detect high-speed power fluctuations

1 ms data refresh

When evaluating battery charging/discharging or torque response as part of road testing, engineers need to accurately measure and analyze a vehicle's operating conditions without missing anything. Thanks to its high-speed calculation capability, the PW8001 updates data in as fast as 1 ms without affecting the measurement accuracy*1 due to fast calculations. Power and power behavior under transient conditions can be analyzed in high definition.

2 Continuously detect power conversion efficiency and loss

Automatic equation selection in AUTO mode

In AUTO mode, the PW8001 switches between equations automatically depending on power polarity. As a result, the instrument can track the fluctuating flow of energy across charging/discharging and power-operation/regeneration driving states, allowing efficiency and loss to be measured continuously.

Visual energy flow display

The PW8001's efficiency and loss calculation screen can display four calculation results simultaneously. In addition, when using AUTO mode, the instrument displays energy flows using arrows so that they can be ascertained in real time.

3 Compensation of torque meter measurement error

Torque value correction functions^{*2}

Torque meter measurement error has a substantial impact on motor analysis. The PW8001 can perform calculations using a correction table based on user-defined values for nonlinear compensation and friction compensation. The instrument can accurately analyze high-efficiency motors as well.

4 PMSM online parameter measurement

Electrical angle measurement function^{*2}

In order to implement fine control of a permanent magnet synchronous motor (PMSM), it's necessary to assess the motor's characteristics under actual operating conditions. The PW8001's electrical angle measurement function can perform voltage and current advance measurement, which is necessary in order to implement vector control of the dq coordinate system.

User-defined calculations

The instrument can calculate user-defined equations combining measured values, functions, and constants in real time. Up to 20 equations, each consisting of up to 16 terms, can be defined. Used with the PW8001's electrical angle measurement function, this capability lets you measure motor parameters (Ld, Lq) during vehicle operation.



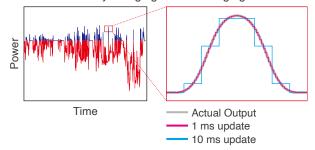
Technical documentation on how to measure PMSM parameters is available.

*1: Except when motor frequency input is used. *2: Models equipped with motor analysis function only.

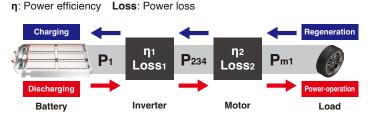
1 Reliably detect high-speed power fluctuations



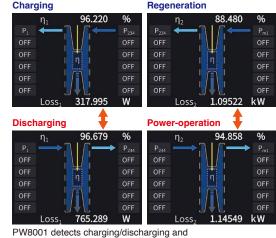
Battery charging and discharging



2 Continuously detect power conversion efficiency and loss



Auto mode	Inverter		Motor	
mode	η1 [%]	Loss1 [W]	η2 [%]	Loss2 [W]
Charging Regeneration	IP1I/IP234I×100	IP234I-IP1I	IP234I/IPm1I×100	IPm1I-IP234I
Discharging Power-operation	IP234I/IP1I×100	IP1I-IP234I	IPm1l/IP234l×100	IP234I-IPm1I

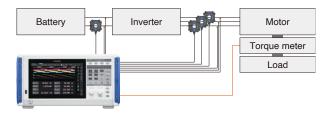


PW8001 detects charging/discharging and

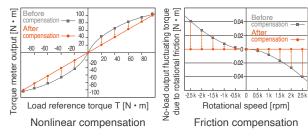
power-operation/regeneration driving states and switches equations automatically.

power-operation/regeneration states and switches the direction of energy flows automatically.

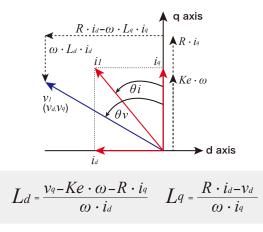
3 Compensation of torque meter measurement error



Compensate torque meter error usingcalculations based on a correction table



4 PMSM online parameter measurement



Ld and *Lq* impedance values in the *d*- and *q*-axis directions are calculated based on the results of analyzing the *d*-axis and *q*-axis voltage and current vectors.

Example of user-defined calculations



You can define up to 20 equations (with up to 16 terms each).



Measurement solutions for EVs

Comprehensive power analysis with simultaneous measurement and data integration



View technical documents on measuring inductor and transformer losses in power supplies for EVs.

Extend xEV driving range while realizing enhanced ride comfort

By building an energy-efficient system that controls the entire vehicle in a fine-grained manner, you can extend range while realizing enhanced ride comfort. When measuring power in order to evaluate an xEV system, **it's important to accurately detect high-speed power fluctuations and to capture data from throughout the system in an integrated manner.** The PW8001's measurement performance ensures power fluctuations can be accurately detected during vehicle operation. In addition, capabilities like simultaneous motor analysis and data output via CAN signals let you evaluate the entire system by integrating the status of individual components into a single data stream.

Simultaneous measurement of harmonics in multiple circuits at different frequencies

Simultaneous measurement of up to 500th-order harmonics in 8 circuits

The PW8001 can simultaneously measure harmonics that are synchronized to each circuit's frequency in up to 8 circuits, for example by measuring output from a multi-circuit inverter. Analysis results can be reviewed in the form of a harmonic bar graph, vector display, or list.

6 Simultaneous analysis of 4 motors

4-motor/2-motor simultaneous analysis function*1

Given signal input from torque meters and tachometers, the PW8001 can simultaneously analyze 4 motors. This capability is ideal for evaluating systems that control wheels with multiple motors, for example electric AWD drivetrains. The instrument can also measure output from devices such as actinometers and anemometers.

7 Observation of analog signals, CAN signals, and power fluctuations on the same time series

Interoperation with the Memory HiLogger LR8450 and CAN Units U8555/LR8535²

You can record CAN or CAN FD signals from a vehicle, analog signals such as temperature and vibration data, and power data measured by the PW8001 as part of a single time series and observe that information over an extended period of time. This capability makes possible comprehensive evaluations based on vehicle conditions and power fluctuations.

8 Power control unit measurement and compliance

Accurate monitoring of power parameters and measurement parameter optimization with INCA*3

Utilize INCA, the Hioki add-on, and the ES592IF module with the PW8001 and AC/DC current sensors. This setup allows you to efficiently perform PCU compliance tasks using accurate power and dynamic measurements, while simultaneously monitoring CAN bus data and ECU RAM values.

*1: Models equipped with motor analysis function only.

*2: Models equipped with CAN or CAN FD interface only. *3: A measurement compliance and diagnostic tool from ETAS.

1 Simultaneous measurement of harmonics in multiple circuits at different frequencies



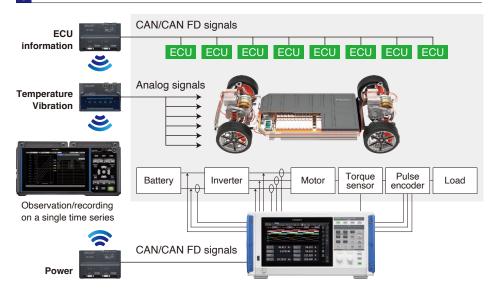


Example of 4-inverter-motor analysis with a 3P3W2M connection

Example of harmonic analysis of the 500th-order

U7001	Harmonic analysis	Basic frequency: 0.1 Hz to 1 MHz, Analyzable band: 1 MHz
U7005	up to 500th order	Basic frequency: 0.1 Hz to 1.5 MHz, Analyzable band: 1.5 MH

3 Observation of analog signals, CAN signals, and power fluctuations on the same time series

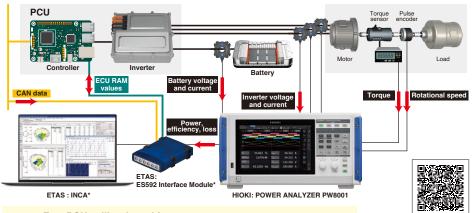


2 Simultaneous analysis of 4 motors

0	Motor 4 Pulse Torque	Motor 3 Moto	Torque Pulse Torque	
		yv ©R 50V ER 50V ER 50V ER 50V F F Muse → E Muse → D Puse → 4-motor analysis	C A MALEE - A MALEE - 2-motor analysis	Independent input
Measu	irement target	4-motor	2-motor	Anemometer, pyranometer, other output, signals
	CH A/ CH E	Torque	Torque	Voltage/Pulse
1	CH B/ CH F	RPM	Encoder's A phase signa	Pulse
Input	CH C/ CH G	Torque	Encoder's B phase signal	Voltage/Pulse
	CH D/ CH H	RPM	Encoder's Z phase signal	Pulse
Measu param	irement eters			Voltage × 4 Frequency × 4 or Frequency × 8

5 Observation of analog signals, CAN signals, and power fluctuations on the same time series

The combination of INCA and PW8001. Accelerates accurate measurement and optimization of PCU parameters.



Fast PCU calibration with accurate power measurements. Simultaneously monitor CAN bus data and ECU RAM values.

Find out more about the INCA-HIOKI add-on. Data courtesy of ETAS.

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*Please contact ETAS for more information about INCA, the Hioki add-on, and the ES592IF module.



Measurement solutions for renewable energy

Safe evaluation of increasingly high-voltage power conditioners

1500 V DC CAT II, 1000 V DC CAT III*1

Renewable energy generation systems are being engineered to use increasingly high voltages in order to reduce equipment construction costs and transmission loss. Evaluating generation systems requires instruments that are capable of high-voltage measurement. The PW8001 Input Unit U7001 can safely measure directly input high voltages of up to 1500 V DC (CAT II) and 1000 V DC (CAT III). (The Voltage Cord L1025, which can accommodate 1500 V DC [CAT II] and 1000 V DC [CAT III], is also available.)

Analysis of power loss in reactors

High-accuracy measurement of high-frequency, low-power-factor power

In order to improve power conversion efficiency, it's necessary to assess power loss in reactors. The lower the reactor's loss, the lower the power factor, making accurate measurement difficult. The U7005's outstanding high-frequency characteristics and noise resistance make it an extremely effective tool for analyzing power loss in high-frequency, low-power-factor reactors.

Multi-string PCS evaluation

16-channel power measurement via the PW8001's optical link interface*2 Ver. 2



Manufacturers are pursuing multi-string PCS development to maximize the generating capacity of solar power systems. Multi-string PCS systems control operating points to create the maximum amount of power-per-string. Since such systems have more circuits, evaluation testing requires measurement of more points. Two PW8001 instruments can be connected via their optical link interface, enabling one instrument to aggregate data from both devices. Up to 16 channels of power data can be analyzed and efficiency/loss displayed and recorded on one instrument.

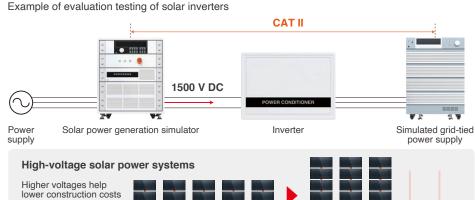
IEC standard compliant evaluation of grid interconnections

Ver. 2 IEC standard compliant harmonic and flicker measurement

Grid interconnections allow power consumers to connect their generation equipment to the power company's power grid in order to purchase power as necessary and sell surplus power. As a result, power generated by consumer-operated systems must provide the same level of quality as power provided by the power company. The PW8001 can perform IEC 61000-4-7 standard-compliant harmonic measurement as well as IEC 61000-4-15 standard-compliant flicker measurement. IEC standard-compliant harmonic measurement capabilities include harmonic measurement up to the 200th order as well as intermediate harmonic measurement. The instrument can also be used in grid interconnections tests of many countries such as Germany's VDE-AR-N 4105 grid interconnect standard.



Safe evaluation of increasingly high-voltage power conditioners



600 V

Solar inverter

Inverter Converters Solar panels Solar inverter View technical documentation Recommended product: on reactor loss measurement. 15 MS/s INPUT UNIT U7005

Causes of power loss

AC reactor

for harmonic

suppression

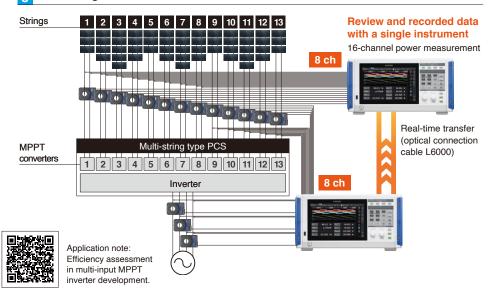
Commercial

power grid

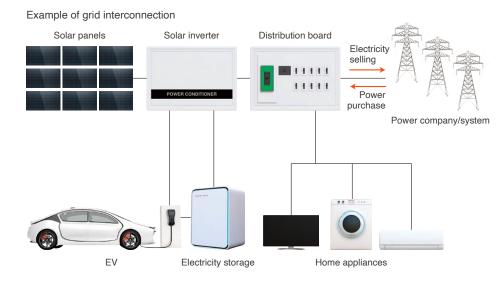
Multi-string PCS evaluation 3

for components such as wiring and connection

boxes, as well as transmission loss.



IEC standard compliant evaluation of grid interconnections



Analysis of power loss in reactors

DC reactor

for smoothing

2

1000 V

Solar inverter

11



Seamlessly observe, record, and analyze.

Pioneering inverter innovation with advanced waveform analytics.

1 Observe waveforms in real time with waveform refresh speed on par with an oscilloscope

High-speed waveform display driven by a GPU-equipped power analysis engine

To accurately assess the state of devices such as inverters and motors that change from moment to moment, it's essential to observe instantaneous voltage and current waveforms in real time. The PW8001's Power Analysis Engine III, equipped with a graphics processing unit (GPU), refreshes the waveform display up to 40 times per second*. The ability to immediately ascertain device state contributes to efficient evaluation.

2 Capture target waveforms reliably with high-capacity storage

Event trigger function Ver. 2 , pre-trigger function, and 5 Mpoint/Channel high-capacity storage

The PW8001 offers extensive trigger functionality, including waveform triggers and event triggers. You can capture intermittent phenomena reliably using trigger functionality that automatically starts waveform recording based on set conditions. Additionally, the pre-trigger function and high-capacity storage of 5 Mpoints per channel enable you to easily record waveforms before and after the trigger event.

3 Utilize extensive functionality for analyzing captured waveforms

Cursor measurement, zoom function Ver. 2

You can display selected waveforms and measured values from power spectrum analysis using cursor measurement. In addition, you can expand captured waveforms along the time axis with the zoom function and simultaneous generate a 2-axis display. You can also simultaneously observe how the selected momentary waveform changes while displaying waveforms covering extended periods of time.

4 Conduct detailed analyses of power conversion loss using power spectrum analysis (PSA)

Power spectrum analysis (PSA) function Ver. 2

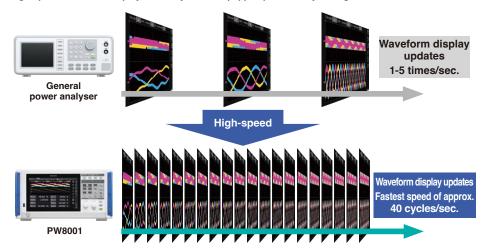
With the PW8001's power spectrum analysis (PSA) function, you can gain important clues and trends concerning loss factors in power conversion. As use of SiC and GaN power semiconductors leads to higher switching frequencies, reducing power losses in the high-frequency domain has become a key development priority. By using the PSA function to make intuitive and quantitative assessments of high-frequency power, which cannot be observed using conventional harmonic analysis, you can obtain useful knowledge for inverter control design optimization and motor magnetic design.



This function was supported by a firmware update.

Observe waveforms in real time with waveform refresh speed on par with an oscilloscope

High-speed waveform display driven by a GPU-equipped power analysis engine



Utilize extensive functionality for analyzing captured waveforms 3

Cursor measurement





Using the cursor function, you can display measured values for selected waveforms and FFT results. Using the XY cursor function, you can display MAX. MIN, AU, I, and t values.

You can zoom in on captured waveforms along the time axis (with a zoom factor ranging from 2 to 1.000.000).

Manu 150 V Upper:100 H Auto 800mA PS Lower: 10 H

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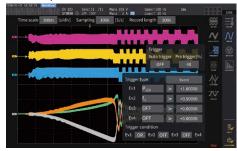
[s/div] Sampling 15M [S/s] Record length 500k

Using the rotary knobs, you can intuitively specify the zoom factor and the position of the zoom region.

Capture target waveforms reliably with high-capacity storage 2

Event trigger function

Apply triggers using user-defined measurement parameters to capture the desired waveform.

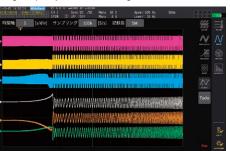


You can capture waveforms before and after the moment you wish to observe by applying triggers to fluctuating numerical data such as RMS values, frequencies, and torque values.

Triggers can be set using complex conditions based on OR and AND operations.

Reliable capture of intermittent phenomena

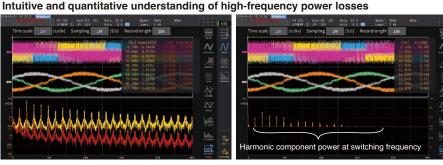
High-capacity waveform storage.



Sampling recording length examples are 5 times those of Hioki's previous model (PW6001).

At 10 kS/s	500 sec.
At 100 kS/s	50 sec.

Conduct detailed analyses of power conversion loss using power spectrum analysis (PSA) 4



Conventional voltage and current FFT analysys FFT analysys of active power (up to 6 MHz)

Power Spectrum Analysis (PSA) applies FFT analysis to recorded waveforms of voltage, current, and active power, in real-time and up to a maximum of 6 MHz. And the instrument automatically compiles a "Top 10" list of peak components and displays a list of associated values.

By combining a Hioki current sensor of excellent frequency characteristics with the PW8001's automatic phase correction technology, you can perform reliable verification work of up to high frequencies.



Video: Introducing the PSA Function for Best Investigating Loss Factors in Power Conversion

Application note: Investigation of Inverter Motor Loss Using the Power Spectrum Analysis (PSA) Function.

Accurate, reproducible measurement

The PW8001 can automatically adjust to a variety of equipment operating conditions to attain the optimal measurement. In addition, it provides highly reproducible measurement of inverter variable-speed control, making it possible to accurately assess the equipment's fluctuations.

Six types of "AUTO" measurement made possible by Power Analysis Engine III

AUTO 1 Appropriate range settings

Auto range

To acquire accurate measured values, it's necessary to set the range appropriately based on the magnitude of the input voltage and current. The PW8001 automatically switches to the optimal measurement range based on voltage and current input levels.

AUTO 2 Reliable current sensor phase correction Auto phase correction

To acquire accurate measured values, it's important to perform current sensor phase correction. The PW8001 performs phase correction automatically; users need only connect the current sensors. (See page 4 for details.)

AUTO 3 Stable zero-cross detection

Auto zero-cross filte

To accurately detect zero-cross events, noise superposed on input signals is rejected using a filter. The PW8001 automatically varies the filter cutoff frequency based on the input signal's frequency. As a result, the instrument is able to detect zero-cross events for variable-speed equipment such as inverters that are used to drive motors.

AUTO 4,5 Anti-aliasing error-free harmonic analysis and power spectrum analysis Auto antialiasing processing

To enhance accurate harmonic and power spectrum analysis, a filter is used to reject signals above the frequency band being analyzed. With the PW8001, the filter's cutoff frequency is automatically varied based on conditions such as the fluctuating frequency. As a result, the instrument delivers accurate harmonic analysis and power spectrum analysis, even for devices with fluctuating RPM and signal components that include high frequencies, for example inverters used to drive motors.

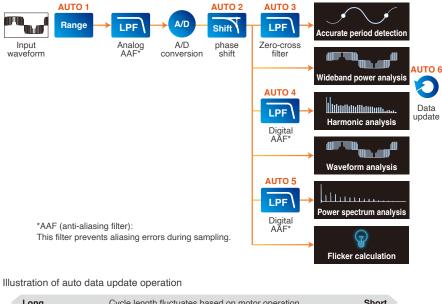
AUTO 6 Reliable detection of power fluctuations

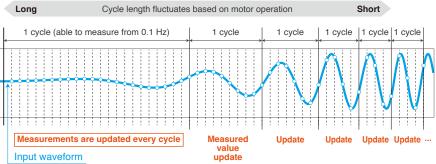
Auto data update

The length of motors' frequency cycles fluctuates based on operating conditions, for example depending on whether the vehicle is starting from a stopped state or is accelerating. The PW8001 records data as frequently as every 1 ms and updates measured values based on the input signal cycle length. As a result, the instrument can reliably detect power fluctuations in equipment whose frequencies fluctuate, from low to high frequencies.



Illustration of simultaneous calculation processing by the Power Analysis Engine III





Flexible, expandable functionality

1 Acts like one 16-channel power analyzer

16-channel synchronized power measurement using an optical link interface*1

Change the secondary instrument's settings and collect secondary instrument data from the primary instrument. Obtain stable power efficiency measurement results with a simple system setup and no variations in data refresh timing between instruments.

2 Long-term observation of power fluctuations using D/A output*2

Waveform output (1 MS/s) and analog output (1 ms refresh)

PW8001 measurement data can be output to a general-purpose data logger, allowing fluctuations to be recorded over an extended period of time. Each channel can be set to either waveform output or analog output. The waveform output setting generates a voltage or current waveform at 1 MS/s, while the analog output setting generates the selected measured value at a refresh interval as short as 1 ms.

3 Parallel evaluation of multiple instruments

32-channel power measurement using synchronized BNC control Ver. 2

Four PW8001s can be connected and synchronized via BNC with one configured as the primary instrument and the other three as secondary instruments so that they can update and record data together. This approach makes it possible to evaluate entire systems at once, for example when you need to observe power consumption at various locations in an electric vehicle (EV).

4 Utilizing of data on a USB drive

FTP server function, FTP client function

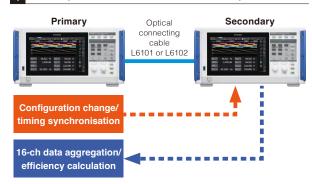
Download or delete files on a USB drive connected to the PW8001. You can also automatically send measurement files to a PC's FTP server.



This is a feature that will be supported in the upcoming firmware update.

*1: Models with optical link interface only. *2: Models equipped with waveform & D/A output only.

1 User experience like that of a 16-channel power meter

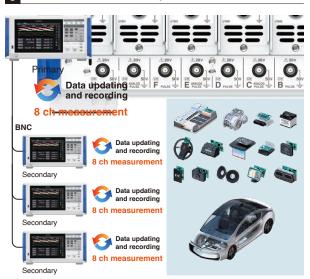


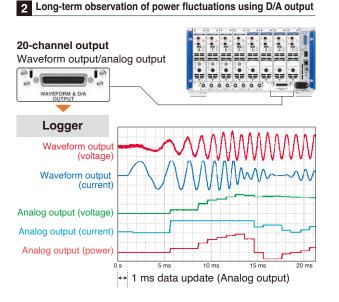
Change the secondary instrument's settings and collect secondary instrument data from the primary instrument. Obtain stable power efficiency measurement results with a simple system setup and no variations in data refresh timing between instruments.



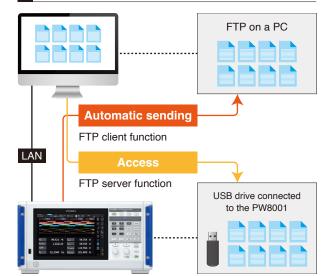
Video: Acts like one 16-channel power analyzer.

3 Parallel evaluation of multiple instruments





4 Utilizing of data on a USB drive



An interface that's designed to provide ease of use



Enjoy smooth operation thanks to a touch-panel display.



Use the connection confirmation screen to prevent wiring mistakes.



Adjust the displayed waveform position, triggers, and harmonic orders with intuitive knob-based operation.



Optimize settings simply by selecting measurement type.



Choose from two input units

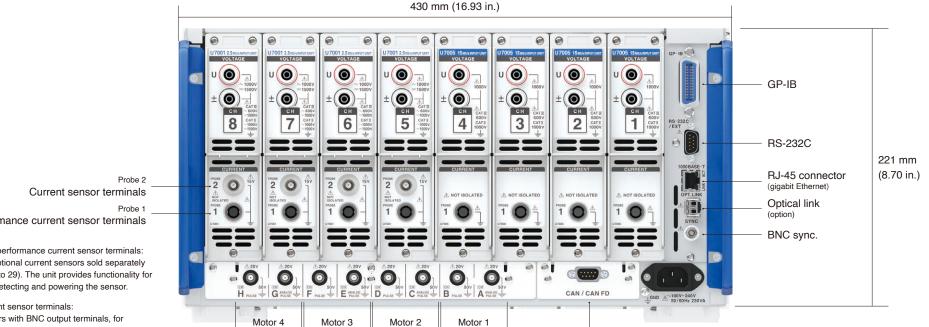
Accommodate a broad range of applications, from R&D to shipping inspection.

UT001 2.5 MD INFUTORIT VOLTAGE	2.5 MS/S INPUT UNIT	U7001
±	Basic accuracy for 50/60 Hz Power	±0.07%
5 CATE	Sampling frequency	2.5 MHz
==	ADC resolution	16-bit
	Measurement frequency band	DC, 0.1 Hz to 1 MHz
	Maximum input voltage	AC 1000 V, DC 1500 V, ±2000 V peak
	Maximum rated line-to-ground voltage	600 V AC, 1000 V DC CAT III 1000 V AC, 1500 V DC CAT II

	15 MS/S INPUT UNIT	U7005
	Basic accuracy for 50/60 Hz Power	±0.03%
	Sampling frequency	15 MHz
==	ADC resolution	18-bit
CURRENT	Measurement frequency band	DC, 0.1 Hz to 5 MHz
	Maximum input voltage	1000 V AC, 1000 V DC, ±2000 V peak
	Maximum rated line-to-ground voltage	600 V CAT III 1000 V CAT II



361 mm (14.21 in.)



Analyze four motors simultaneously (option)

CAN or CAN FD interface (option) Waveform & D/A output (option) Select either type of output (pictured: CAN or CAN FD).

High-performance current sensor terminals

Probe 1: High-performance current sensor terminals: Connects an optional current sensors sold separately (see pages 26 to 29). The unit provides functionality for automatically detecting and powering the sensor.

Probe 2: Current sensor terminals: Connect sensors with BNC output terminals, for example a current probe or CT.

Inverter Motors Measurement System werter Output

Smoothly convert <u>measurement data</u> into evaluation data for efficient data management

Remote control from a PC web browser

HTTP server function

You can view the PW8001 display screen and operation panel from the web browser of up to five PCs. You can operate the PW8001 from one of them.

2 Record measurements accurately with high-speed data collection

PW8001 Data Receiver

Using a computer, data can be acquired from the PW8001 at up to 1 ms/S, the same data refresh rate as the PW8001. In addition, you can control the instrument remotely and acquire waveform data.

Evaluate on one screen by consolidating your data 3

GENNECT One SF4000

Combine the PW8001 with other instruments like the Memory HiLogger LR8450 to make simultaneous measurements. You can connect to up to 30 instruments to display and record measurement data from all of them simultaneously, allowing centralized data management.

4 **Embedding in Modbus-based systems**

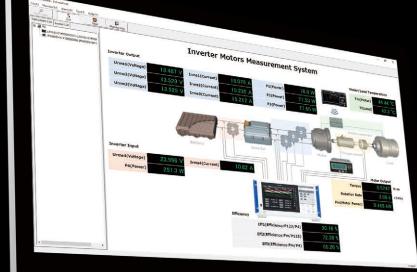
Support for the Modbus TCP (Ethernet) communications protocol

The PW8001 can be embedded into control and SCADA systems based on Modbus.

Use in a measurement system 5

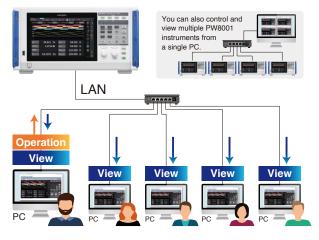
LabVIEW[®] driver and MATLAB[®] toolkits*

LabVIEW's simple GUI operation and the use of MATLAB functions allow you to quickly build measurement systems.



Remote control from a PC web browser 1

Control and view a PW8001 from multiple PCs



3 Evaluate on one screen by consolidating your data

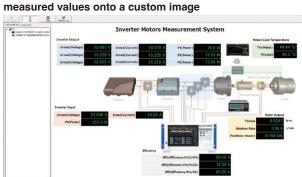
Group together and display data from multiple instruments



PW8001

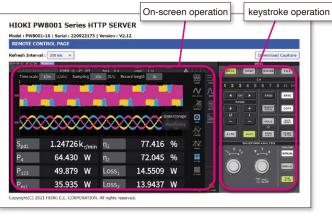
Connect up to 30 instruments to one PC.

Freely place



Record measurements accurately with high-speed data collection 2

PW8001 Data Receiver

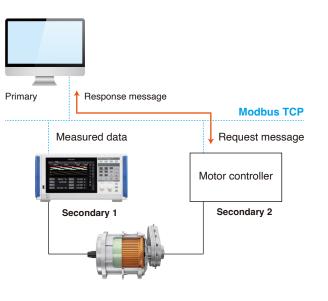


The ability to control the PW8001 remotely from a computer lets you change settings, switch measurement screens, and monitor data.

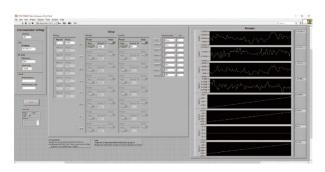
Data recording interval	Maximum number of items to be acquired
1 ms	50 items
10 ms	500 items
50 ms	2,500 items
100 ms	5,000 items
Over 200 ms	10,000 items

Acquire PW8001 measurement data at high-speed from a computer and save it as a CSV file.

4 Embedding in Modbus-based systems



Use in a measurement system 5



Hioki provides multiple LabVIEW®* sample programs, including to configure settings and acquire data.

*LabVIEW® is a registered trademark of National Instruments.

Going Beyond Measure

Hioki is dedicated to contributing to the security and development of society by promoting customers' safe, efficient use of energy through electrical measurement.

As worldwide demand for energy continues to grow, this commitment embodies our mission and value as a company that supplies "mother tools" for industry. Hioki is working with customers to help create a sustainable society by evolving measurement as an industry frontrunner.



PW8001



PW6001



Power analyzer lineup

	Model	PW8001+U7005	PW8001+U7001	PW6001	PW3390
	Applications	For measurement of SiC and GaN inverters and reactor/transformer loss	For measurement of high-efficiency IGBT inverters and solar inverters	For measurement of high-efficiency IGBT inverters	Balance of high accuracy and portability
	Measurement frequency band	DC, 0.1 Hz to 5 MHz	DC, 0.1 Hz to 1 MHz	DC, 0.1 Hz to 2 MHz	DC, 0.5 Hz to 200 kHz
	Basic accuracy for 50/60 Hz power	±(0.01% of reading + 0.02% of range)	±(0.02% of reading + 0.05% of range)	±(0.02% of reading + 0.03% of range)	±(0.04% of reading + 0.05% of range)
	Accuracy for DC power	±(0.02% of reading + 0.03% of range)	±(0.02% of reading + 0.05% of range)	±(0.02% of reading + 0.05% of range)	±(0.05% of reading + 0.07% of range)
	Accuracy for 10 kHz power	±(0.05% of reading + 0.05% of range)	±(0.2% of reading + 0.05% of range)	±(0.15% of reading + 0.1% of range)	±(0.2% of reading + 0.1% of range)
	Accuracy for 50 kHz power	±(0.15% of reading + 0.05% of range)	±(0.4% of reading + 0.1% of range)	±(0.15% of reading + 0.1% of range)	±(0.4% of reading + 0.3% of range)
	Number of power measurement channels	1 to 8 channels, specify U7001 or U7005	when placing an order (mixed available)	1 to 6 channels, a specify when ordering	4 channels
ers	Voltage, current ADC sampling	18-bit, 15 MHz	16-bit, 2.5 MHz	18-bit, 5 MHz	16-bit, 500 kHz
amet	Voltage range	6 V, 15 V, 30 V, 60 V, 150	V, 300 V, 600 V, 1500 V	6 V, 15 V, 30 V, 60 V, 150 V, 300 V, 600 V, 1500 V	15 V, 30 V, 60 V, 150 V, 300 V, 600 V, 1500 V
ient par	Current range	100 mA to 2000 A (6 ranges, based on sensor)	Probe 1: 100 mA to 2000 A (6 ranges, based on sensor) Probe 2: 100 mV, 200 mV, 500 mV, 1 V, 2 V, 5 V	Probe 1: 100 mA to 2000 A (6 ranges, based on sensor) Probe 2: 100 mV, 200 mV, 500 mV, 1 V, 2 V, 5 V	100 mA to 8000 A (6 ranges, based on sensor)
easurem	Common-mode voltage rejection ratio	50/60 Hz: 120 dB or greater 100 kHz: 110 dB or greater	50/60 Hz: 100 dB or greater 100 kHz: 80 dB typical	50/60 Hz: 100 dB or greater 100 kHz: 80 dB typical	50/60 Hz: 80 dB or greater
ž	Temperature coefficient	0.01	%/°C	0.01%/°C	0.01%/°C
	Voltage input method	Photoisolated input, resistor voltage division	Isolated input, resistor voltage division	Photoisolated input, resistor voltage division	Isolated input, resistor voltage division
	Current input method	Isolated input fro	m current sensor	Isolated input from current sensor	Isolated input from current sensor
	External current sensor input	Yes (ME15W)	Yes (ME15W, BNC)	Yes (ME15W, BNC)	Yes (ME15W)
	Power supplied to external current sensor	Ye	98	Yes	Yes
	Data update rate	1 ms, 10 ms, 5	50 ms, 200 ms	10 ms, 50 ms, 200 ms	50 ms
eg∺	Maximum input voltage	1000 V, ±2000 V peak	1000 V AC, 1500 V DC, ±2000 V peak	1000 V, ±2000 V peak (10 ms)	1500 V, ±2000 V peak
Volta	Maximum rated line-to-ground voltage	600 V CATIII 1000 V CATII	600 V AC, 1000 V DC CATII 1000 V AC, 1500 V DC CATII	600 V CATIII 1000 V CATII	600 V CATIII 1000 V CATII
ysis	Number of motor analysis channels	Maximum 4 motors*1		Maximum 2 motors*1	Maximum 1 motors*1
Anal	Motor analysis input format	Analog DC, frequency, pulse		Analog DC, frequency, pulse	Analog DC, frequency, pulse
	Current sensor phase shift calculation	Yes (auto)		Yes	Yes
	Harmonics measurement	Yes (8, for ea	ach channel)	Yes (6, for each channel)	Yes
	Maximum harmonics analysis order	50	Oth	100th	100th
	Harmonics synchronization frequency range	0.1 Hz to 1.5 MHz	0.1 Hz to 1 MHz	0.1 Hz to 300 kHz	0.5 Hz to 5 kHz
Ę	IEC harmonics measurement	Ye	es	Yes	-
nctic	IEC flicker measurement	Ye	es	-	-
Ŀ	FFT spectrum analysis	Yes (DC to 6 MHz)	Yes (DC to 1 MHz)	Yes (DC to 2 MHz)	Yes (DC to 200 kHz)
	FFT analysis items	U, I, P, torque (ana	log), RPM (analog)	U, I, torque (analog), RPM (analog)	U, I, torque (analog), RPM (analog)
	User-defined calculations	Ye	es	Yes	-
	Delta conversion	Yes (Δ-	-Υ, Υ-Δ)	Yes (Δ-Υ, Υ-Δ)	Yes (Δ-Y)
	D/A output	Yes*1 20 ch (waveform	output, analog output)	Yes*1 20 ch (waveform output, analog output)	Yes*1 16 ch (waveform output, analog output)
lay	Display	10.1" WVGA 1	FT color LCD	9" WVGA TFT color LCD	9" WVGA TFT color LCD
Disp	Touch screen	Ye	es	Yes	-
	External storage media	USE	3 3.0	USB 2.0	USB 2.0, CF card
	LAN (100BASE-TX, 1000BASE-T)	Ye	es	Yes	Yes (10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX only)
ø	GP-IB	Ye	es	Yes	-
erfac	RS-232C	Yes (maximum	n 115,200 bps)	Yes (maximum 230,400 bps)	Yes (maximum 38,400 bps)
Inte	External control	Ye	es	Yes	Yes
	Synchronization of multiple instruments	Yes (up to 4	instruments)	-	Yes (up to 8 instruments)
	Optical link	Ye	S*1	Yes	-
	CAN or CAN FD	Ye	S*1	-	-
D	imensions, weight (W×H×D)	430 mm (16.93 in.) × 221 mm (8.70 in.)	x 361 mm (14.21 in.), 14 kg (493.84 oz.)	430 mm (16.93 in.) × 177 mm (6.97 in.) × 450 mm (17.72 in.) 14 kg (493.84 oz.)	340 mm (13.39 in.) × 170 mm (6.69 in.) × 156 mm (6.14 in.) 4.6 kg (162.26 oz.)

*1: Sold separately

²² Basic Specifications

Input specifications

		power measurement shared specifications
No. of PW8001 ir	put units	Max. 8 units (mix and match)
Type of input unit		U7001 2.5 MS/s INPUT UNIT U7005 15 MS/s INPUT UNIT
		When units are mixed, they are mounted and fixed so that
Notes on mountir	ng	U7005 occupies CH1 and that units of like kind are occupy
input units		adjacent channels.
		1-phase-2-wire (1P2W)
Measurement line	es	1-phase-3-wire (1P3W) 3-phase-3-wire (3P3W2M, 3V3A, 3P3W3M)
		3-phase-4-wire (3P4W)
		Mounted units can be assigned to connection channels.
Connection settin	gs	(However, only adjacent units can be used for the same
		connection.) Voltage/current simultaneous digital sampling with
Measurement me		zero-cross synchronized calculation
Sampling	U7001	2.5 MHz, 16-bit
	U7005	15 MHz, 18-bit
Measurement frequency band	U7001 U7005	DC, 0.1 Hz to 1 MHz
irequency band		DC, 0.1 Hz to 5 MHz Band where amplitude falls within ±0.1% range: 100 kHz (typical)
Frequency	U7001	Band where phase falls within $\pm 0.1^{\circ}$ range: 300 kHz (typical)
flatness	U7005	Band where amplitude falls within ±0.1% range: 300 kHz (typical)
F # .:		Band where phase falls within ±0.1° range: 500 kHz (typical)
Effective measure	ment range	1% of range to 110% of range Wideband measurement mode
Measurement mo	des	IEC measurement mode
		(scheduled to be supported in firmware Ver. 2.00)
		1 ms, 10 ms, 50 ms, 200 ms
Data update rate		When 1 ms is set, average and user-defined operations are not available.
Duiu upuulo Tulo		IEC measurement mode: Approx. 200 ms
		(50 Hz: 10 cycles; 60 Hz: 12 cycles)
	U7001	Cutoff frequency: 500 Hz, 1 kHz, 5 kHz,
		10 kHz, 50 kHz, 100 kHz, 500 kHz, OFF Cutoff frequency: 500 Hz, 1 kHz, 5 kHz,
	U7005	10 kHz, 50 kHz, 100 kHz, 500 kHz, 2 MHz, OFF
		When not off, add ±0.05% of reading to accuracy.
LPF		When the cutoff frequency is 500 Hz or 1 kHz, add ±0.5%
		of reading. Accuracy specifications are defined for frequencies that
		are 1/10 or less of the set cutoff frequency.
		Peak values are determined using values after signals
		have passed through the LPF, while peak-exceeded judg- ments are made using values before signals have passed
		through the digital LPF.
		U1 to U8, I1 to I8, DC (fixed at data update rate)
		PW/R001-1x motor analysis option only
		PW8001-1x motor analysis option only Ext1 to Ext4, Zph1, Zph3, CH B, D, F, H
Synchronization s	source	Can be selected for each wiring method.
		(U/I on the same channel is measured using the same synchronization source.)
		When U or I is selected, the waveform zero-cross point
		after signals pass through the zero-cross filter is used
		as the reference. Only U or I can be selected when IEC measurement mode is selected.
		וויסמטעופווובווג וווטעב וז זבובטנפע.
Synchronization	source	
		DC, 0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (U7001: up to 1 MHz)
Synchronization s effective frequent Synchronization s	cy range source	
effective frequent	cy range source	1% of range to 110% of range
effective frequent Synchronization	cy range source	1% of range to 110% of range Used to detect voltage and current waveform zero-cross
effective frequent Synchronization	cy range source	1% of range to 110% of range
effective frequent Synchronization	cy range source	1% of range to 110% of range Used to detect voltage and current waveform zero-cross events. It does not affect measurement waveforms. It consists of LPF and HPF digital filters. Cutoff frequen- cies are determined automatically based on the upper
effective frequence Synchronization s effective input rar	cy range source	1% of range to 110% of range Used to detect voltage and current waveform zero-cross events. It does not affect measurement waveforms. It consists of LPF and HPF digital filters. Cutoff frequen-

		Select the from following frequencies for each connection:
Measurement low	er limit	0.1 Hz, 1 Hz, 10 Hz, 100 Hz,1 kHz, 10 kHz, 100 kHz
frequency		When IEC measurement mode is selected, the frequency
		is fixed (cannot be selected by the user).
Measurement upp	oer limit	Select from the following frequencies for each connection: 100 Hz, 500 Hz, 1 kHz, 5 kHz, 10 kHz,
frequency		50 kHz, 100 kHz, 500 kHz, 1 MHz, 2 MHz
Polarity detection		Voltage/current zero-cross timing comparison method
		voltage (U), current (I), active power (P), apparent power
		(S), reactive power (Q), power factor (λ), phase angle (ϕ),
Measurement par	ameters	voltage frequency (fU), current frequency (fI), efficiency (n) loss, voltage ripple factor (Urf), current ripple factor (Irf),
		current integration (Ih), power integration (WP), voltage
		peak (Upk), current peak (lpk)
(2) Voltage mea	asuremen	t specifications
Input terminal prot		Plug-in terminals (safety terminals)
Input method		Isolated input, resistor voltage division
input notifou		RMS, DC:
Display range		0% to 150% of range (1500 V range: 0% to 135%)
Display range		Waveform peak:
		0% to 300% of range (1500 V range: 0% to 135%)
Range		6 V, 15 V, 30 V, 60 V, 150 V, 300 V, 600 V, 1500 V
Crest factor		3 (relative to voltage/current range rating) however, 1.35 for 1500 V range
Input resistance	U7001	$2 \text{ M}\Omega \pm 20 \text{ k}\Omega$, 1 pF typical
input capacitance	U7005	$4 \text{ M}\Omega \pm 20 \text{ k}\Omega, 6 \text{ pF typical}$
	U7001	1000 V AC, 1500 V DC or ±2000 V peak
Movimum		1000 V, ±2000 V peak
Maximum input voltage	U7005	Input voltage frequency: 400 kHz < f ≤ 1000 kHz, (1300 - f) \
input voltage	07005	Input voltage frequency: 1000 kHz < f ≤ 5000 kHz, 200 V
		Unit for f above: kHz
		600 V AC, 1000 V DC CAT III,
Maximum rated	U7001	anticipated transient overvoltage 8000 V 1000 V AC, 1500 V DC CAT II,
line-to-ground		anticipated transient overvoltage 8000 V
voltage	U7005	600 V CAT III anticipated transient overvoltage 6000 V
	07005	1000 V CAT II anticipated transient overvoltage 6000 V
(3) Current mea	asuremen	t specifications (probe 2: U7001 only)
	Probe1	Dedicated connector (ME15W)
Input torminal	Probe2	BNC (metal) (female connector)
Input terminal - profile		Probe 1 (current sensor input) or probe 2 (external input)
promo		is selected depending on the settings. The same input
		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel.
Input method		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method
		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range
Input method		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range
Input method		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range
Input method		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 200 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 27
Input method		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A with 20 A sensor : 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor : 4 A, 8 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A with 2000 A sensor : 40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA
Input method	Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 200 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 / with 20 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40 A, 8 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 5 A sensor :100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 J
Input method	Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 / with 20 A sensor : 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor : 4 A, 8 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A with 200 A sensor : 400, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 50 A sensor : 100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 / with 50 A sensor : 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A
Input method	Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 M with 200 A sensor : 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor : 40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 50 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 5 A sensor : 10 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 J with 50 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A
Input method Display range	Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A with 20 A sensor :400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 5 A sensor :100 mA, 200 mA, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 5 A sensor :100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A with 50 A sensor :10 A, 20, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :20 A, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 400 A, 1 kA
Input method	Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 / with 20 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 / with 20 A sensor :40 A, 80 mA, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40 A, 80 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 2 A with 50 A sensor :10 A, 80 A, 20 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 50 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A with 500 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A with 500 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A with 100 A sensor :20 A, 40 A, 10 A, 200 A, 400 A, 1kA One ampere range can be set for one wiring method. The
Input method Display range	Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 200 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 27 with 20 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 200 mA, 400 A, 800 mA, 27 with 200 A sensor : 40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 28 A with 200 A sensor : 10 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 5 A sensor : 10 A, 80 A, 200 M, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 50 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 200 A, 500 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 20 A, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 20 A, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A
Input method Display range	Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 M with 20 A sensor :40 mA, 800 mA, 2 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 200 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A with 200 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 20 A with 5 A sensor :10 A, 20, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A with 1000 A sensor :20 A, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 400 A, 1 kA One ampere range can be set for one wiring method. The same sensor must be used for the same wiring method.
Input method Display range	Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 / with 20 A sensor :400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 200 A sensor :10 a, 2 0, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A with 200 A sensor :10 a, 2 0, 40 A, 80 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 2 kA with 50 A sensor :10 a, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :20 A, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 50 A sensor :10 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A Mith 1000 A sensor :1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 400 A, 1 A One ampere range can be set for one wiring method. 0.1 mV/A :1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA, 10 kA, 20 kA, 50 kA
Input method Display range	Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 / with 20 A sensor :400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 200 A sensor :10 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 50 A sensor :100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 / with 50 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :20 A, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 400 A, 1 kA One ampere range can be set for one wiring method. D 1 mV/A : 1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA, 10 kA, 20 kA, 50 kA 1 mV/A : 100 A, 200 A, 500 A, 1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA
Input method Display range		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor : 400 mA, 800 mA, 200 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 27, with 20 A sensor : 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor : 400 mA, 800 mA, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 200 A sensor : 100 mA, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 5 A sensor : 100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 20 A, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 20 A, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A mith 1000 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 KA, 20 KA, 50 KA 1 mV/A : 1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA, 10 kA, 20 kA, 50 kA 1 mV/A : 100 A, 200 A, 500 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 100 mV/A : 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A
Input method Display range		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 / with 20 A sensor :400 mA, 800 mA, 20 A, 4A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 / with 200 A sensor :10 A, 80, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 5 A sensor :100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 / with 50 A sensor :10 A, 20, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 100 mV/A :1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA, 10 kA, 20 kA, 50 A 100 mV/A :10 A, 200 A, 500 A, 110 A, 200 A, 500 A 100 mV/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 1 V/A :100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 / (0.1 V, 0.2 V, 0.5 V, 1.0 V, 2.0 V, 5.0 V ranges)
Input method Display range		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 200 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 / with 20 A sensor : 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A, 4 A, 8 A, 20 A with 200 A sensor : 40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 200 A, 500 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 1 mV/A : 10A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 1 mV/A : 100 A, 200 A, 500 A, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A 100 mV/A : 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 100 mV/A : 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 1 V/A : 100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 J (0.1 V, 0.2 V, 0.5 V, 1.0 V, 2.0 V, 5.0 V ranges) input rate and range for each wiring method.
Input method Display range		is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A with 20 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A with 200 A sensor : 40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 200 A sensor : 40 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 50 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A with 50 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 mA, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 500 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 20 A, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 400 A, 1 kA One ampere range can be set for one wiring method. 0.1 mV/A : 1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA, 10 kA, 20 kA, 50 kA 1 mV/A : 100 A, 200 A, 500 A, 1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA 100 mV/A : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 1 V/A : 100 A, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 kA, 5 kA 100 mV/A : 10 A, 20 A, 500 M, 1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA 100 mV/A : 100 A, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 <i>J</i> (0.1 V, 0.2 V, 0.5 V, 1.0 V, 2.0 V, 5.0 V ranges) Input rate and range for each wiring method. For current range rating: 3
Input method Display range Range	Probe2	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 24 with 20 A sensor :40 mA, 800 mA, 20 A, 40, 8A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 200 A sensor :10 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 5 A sensor :100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A with 50 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 50 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 100 mV/A :1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA, 10 kA, 20 kA, 50 kA 1 mV/A :100 A, 200 A, 500 A, 1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA 10 mV/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 1 V/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 1 V/A :100 A, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A (0.1 V, 0.2 V, 0.5 V, 1.0 V, 2.0 V, 5.0 V ranges) Input rate and range for each wiring method. For current range range :3 (However, for probe 2's 5 V range: 1.5)
Input method Display range Range Crest factor	Probe2 Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 40 mA, 800 mA, 24 with 20 A sensor :40 mA, 800 mA, 20 A, 4A, 8A, 20 A with 200 A sensor :40, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 200 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 40, 80 A, 200 A with 200 A sensor :10 A, 20, A0, 400 A, 800 A, 2 kA with 5 A sensor :10 A, 20, 5 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 50 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 1 A with 50 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 1 A WIT S A Sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 1 A WIT S A Sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 1 MV/A :100 A, 200 A, 500 A, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A 10 MV/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 1 MV/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 1 V/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 1 V/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 V ranges) Input rate and range for each wing method. For current range range can be set N range: 1.5) 1 MΩ ±50 kΩ
Input method Display range Range Crest factor Input resistance input capacitance	Probe2 Probe1 Probe2	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A with 2 A sensor :40 mA, 80 mA, 20 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2 A with 200 A sensor :40, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 A with 200 A sensor :10 A, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 2 A with 5 A sensor :100 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A with 50 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 100 M, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 100 M, 200 A, 500 A 10 M, 20 A, 50 K 10 M, 200 A, 500 A 1 mV/A :100 A, 200 A, 500 A, 1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA, 10 kA, 20 kA, 5 kA, 10 mV/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 5 A, 10 mV/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 mV/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M/A :10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M, 20 M, 50 M, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 M, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M/A :10 M, 20 M, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 M, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M/A :10 M, 20 M, 50 M, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 M, 20 A, 50 A, 10 M/A :10 M, 20 M, 50 M, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 M, 20 M, 50 M, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 M, 250 KΩ
Input method Display range Range Crest factor	Probe2 Probe1	is selected depending on the settings. The same input settings apply to the same connection channel. Current sensor method RMS, DC: 0% to 150% of range Waveform peak: 0% to 300% of range with 2 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 200 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2A with 20 A sensor : 40 mA, 80 mA, 200 mA, 400 mA, 800 mA, 2A with 200 A sensor : 40, 80 A, 200 A, 400 A, 800 A, 20A with 200 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 40 A, 80 A, 200 A with 50 A sensor : 10 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 1 A, 2 A, 5A with 50 A sensor : 10 A, 2A, 5A, 10 A, 20A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 20, 40 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A with 1000 A sensor : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 1 MA (A) A (A) A, 20 A, 50 A, 100 A, 200 A, 500 A 1 MV/A : 100 A, 200 A, 500 A, 1 kA, 2 kA, 5 kA 10 mV/A : 10 A, 20 A, 50 A, 10 A, 20 A, 50 A 1 V/A : 100 A, 200 M, 500 MA, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A (0.1 V, 0.2 V, 0.5 V, 1.0 V, 2.0 V, 5.0 V ranges) Input rate and range for each wiring method. For current range raing: 3 (However, for probe 2's 5 V range: 1.5) 1 MΩ ±50 kΩ

(4) Frequency measurement Number of measurement channels Max. 8 channels (fU1 to fU8, fI1 to f18), measurement method Reciprocal method, waveforms are measured after appli- cation of the zero-cross filter. Measurement method Objekt years with number of installed units. Measurement range Measurement accuracy A0.055 H2 (Voltage frequency measurement with a measurement interval of 50 ms or greater, voltage 15 V range or greater, and 50% or greater in wave input at 45 to 66 fully At conditions other than above, ±0.05% of reading (For sine waves of 30% or greater of the measurement source's measurement range) Display resolution 0.1000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.9000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.0000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.0000 KHz to 9.99999 Hz, 9.0000 KHz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.0000 KHz to 9.99999 KHz, 0.99000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.0000 KHz to 9.99999 KHz, 0.99000 KHz to 2.00000 MHz (5) Integration measurement Select RMS or DC for each wiring method (DC mode can only be selected when using an AC/DC sensor with a 1P2W wiring). Measurement parameters Select RMS or DC for each wiring method (DC mode can only be selected when using an AC/DC sensor with a 1P2W wiring). Measurement method Select RMS or DC for each wiring method (DC mode can only be selected when using an AC/DC sensor with a 1P2W wiring). Measurement method Select RMS or DC for each wiring method (DC mode can only be selected when using an AC/DC sensor with a 1P2W wiring). Measurement method Select R		
measurement channels Varies with number of installed units. Measurement method Reciprocal method, waveforms are measured after application of the zero-cross filter. Measurement range 0.1 Hz to 2 MHz Measurement range Usplay shows 0.0000 Hz or Hz if measurement is not possible.) Limits are determined by the input unit's measurement band and the lowest frequency set by the user. #0.005 Hz (Voltage frequency measurement with a measurement interval of 50 ms or greater, voltage 15 V range or greater, and 50% or greater of the measurement source's measurement range) Display resolution 0.10000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.9000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 99.000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 99.000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.9000 KHz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.0000 KHz to 99.9999 KHz, 9.0000 KHz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.9000 KHz to 99.9999 KHz, 9.0000 KHz to 99.9999 KHz, 0.09000 MHz to 2.0000 KHz to 99.999.98 KHz, 0.9900 KHz to 99.999.98 KHz, 0.9900 KHz to 2.0000 KHz to 99.999.98 KHz, 0.9900 KHz to 2.0000 MHz to 2.0000 MHz to 2.0000 MHz to 2.0000 KHz to 99.999.98 KHz, 0.9900 KHz to 2.0000 KHz to 99.999.99 KHz, 0.9900 KHz to 2.0000 KHz to 99.999.99 KHz, 0.9900 KHz to 2.0000 MHz to 2.0000 MHz to 2.0000 MHz to 2.0000 KHz to 99.999.98 KHz, 0.9900 KHz to 2.000 KHz to 99.999.99 KHz, 0.900 KHz to 99.999.99 KHz, 9.000 KHz to 99.999.94 KHz, 0.900 KHz to 99.999.94 KHz, 0.900 KHz to 99.999.95 KHz, 0.9000 KHz to 99.999.95 KHz, 0.900 KHz to 99.999.95 KH	(4) Frequency measurem	nent
Measurement method Reciprocal method, waveforms are measured after application of the zero-cross filter. Measurement range 0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (Display shows 0.0000 Hz or Hz if measurement is not possible). Limits are determined by the input unit's measurement band and the lowest frequency set by the user. Measurement accuracy ±0.005 Hz (Voltage frequency measurement with a measurement interval of 50 ms or greater, voltage 15 V range or greater, and 50% or greater sine wave input at 45 to 66 Hz) At conditions other than above, 40.05% of reading (For sine waves of 30% or greater of the measurement source's measurement range) Display resolution 0.10000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.9000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.0000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.9000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.0000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 0.9000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.0000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 0.9000 Hz to 99.999 SHz, 9.0000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 0.9000 Hz to 99.999 SHz, 0.9000 Hz to 2.00000 MHz Measurement modes Select RMS or DC for each wiring method (DC mode can only be selected when using an AC/DC sensor with a 1P2W wiring). Measurement parameters Current integration (H, h-, h), the and the are measured only in DC mode. Only Ih is measured in RMS mode. Only Ih is measured in RMS mode. Only Ih is measured on current and active power values for measurement intervals are integrated or each polarity. Measurement method Same as data refresh rate oracluated by integrating the sum of active power values for measurement intervals are integrated by olarity. Measurement interval Same as data refresh rate 0 to ±99.9999 PA/PWH Measurement interval Sa		
Measurement method cation of the zero-cross filter. Measurement manage 0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (Display shows 0.00000 Hz or Hz if measurement is not possible.) Limits are determined by the input unit's measurement band and the lowest frequency set by the user. Measurement accuracy ±0.005 Hz (Voltage frequency measurement with a measurement interval of 50 ms or greater, voltage 15 V range or greater, and 50% or greater of the measurement source's measurement range) Display resolution 0.10000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.9000 KHz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.9000 KHz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.0000 KHz to 99.9999 KHz, 9.9000 KHz to 99.9999 Hz, 9.0000 KHz to 99.9999 KHz, 9.9000 KHz to 99.9999 KHz, 9.0000 KHz to 99.9999 KHz, 0.99000 KHz to 99.000 MHz (5) Integration measurement Select RMS or DC for each wiring method (DC mode can only be selected when using an AC/DC sensor with a 1P2V wiring). Measurement parameters Current integration (IH-, Ih-, Ih-, Ih+ and Ih- are measured on UM + WP-, WP) Ih+ and Ih- are measured on run and active power values (Averaging: calculated values that are attained immediately before averaging) DC mode: current RMS and active power values for measurement intervals are integrated on reach polarity. RMS mode: current RMS and active power values for measurement interval by polarity. (Multi-phase wiring active power is integrated by polarity for each synchroniza- tion source period.). (Multi-phase wiring active power values for measurement interval by polarity. (Active power is integrated by polarity. (Active power is integrated by polarity.) Measurement interval Same as dat are rifersh rate Display resolution Same as da	measurement channels	
Measurement range Clipplay shows 0.00000 Hz or Hz if measurement is not possible.) Limits are determined by the input unit's measurement band and the lowest frequency set by the user. Measurement accuracy 40.005 Hz (Voltage frequency measurement with a measurement interval of 50 ms or greater, voltage 15 V range or greater, and 50% or greater sine wave input at 45 to 66 Hz) At conditions other than above, 40.05% of reading (For sine waves of 30% or greater of the measurement source's measurement range) Display resolution 0.10000 Hz to 939.939 Hz, 0.9000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 99.000 Hz to 939.939 Hz, 0.9000 Hz to 99.9399 Hz, 0.9000 MHz to 2.00000 MHz Measurement modes Select RMS or DC for each wiring method (DC mode can only be selected when using an AC/DC sensor with a 1P2V wiring). Measurement parameters Current integration (M+, H-, Ih-, Ih), active power integration (W+, WP-, WP) H+ and Ih- are measured only in DC mode. Only Ih is measured on RMS mode. Measurement method Digital calculations based on current and active power values for measurement intervals are integrated or each polarity. (Active power is integrated by polarity for each synchroniza- tion source period.). (Multi-phase wiring active power values for measurement interval by polarity. Measurement interval Same as data refresh rate or calculated by integrated by polarity for each synchroniza- tion source period.). (Multi-phase wiring active power integration time exceeds this range.) (Integration accuracy ecalculated by integration time accuracy #0.99999 Pd (G igits + decimal point), starting from the resolution at which 1% of each range is 100% of range Measurement interval Same as data refre	Measurement method	
Measurement range is not possible.) Limits are determined by the input unit's measurement band and the lowest frequency set by the user. Measurement accuracy 40.005 Hz Measurement accuracy 50 ms or greater, voltage 15 V range or greater, and 50% or greater sine wave input at 45 to 66 Hz) At conditions other than above, 40.05% of reading (For sine waves of 30% or greater of the measurement source's measurement range) Display resolution 0.10000 Hz to 9.99999 Hz, 9.0000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.9000 Hz to 9.999 SHz, 0.9000 Hz to 9.999 SHz, 9.9000 Hz to 9.999 SHz, 9.0000 Hz to 9.999 SHz, 9.0000 Hz to 9.999 SHz, 9.9000 Hz to 9.999 SHz, 9.9000 Hz to 9.999 SHz, 9.2000 Hz to 9.999 SHz, 9.2000 Hz to 9.999 SHz, 9.2000 Hz to 9.900 Hz to 9.2000 Hz to 9.2000 Hz to 9.200 Hz to		
measurement band and the lowest frequency set by the user. a0.005 Hz (Voltage frequency measurement with a measurement interval of 50 ms or greater, voltage 15 V range or greater, and 50% or greater of the measurement source's measurement range) Display resolution 0.10000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.9000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.99000 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 0.99000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.9900 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 0.9000 Hz to 99.9999 Hz, 0.9000 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 0.9000 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 0.9000 Hz to 90.000 Hz t	Measurement range	
±0.005 Hz (Voltage frequency measurement with a measurement interval of 50 ms or greater, voltage 15 V range or greater, and 50% or greater sine wave input at 45 to 66 Hz) At conditions other than above, ±0.05% of reading (For sine waves of 30% or greater of the measurement source's measurement range) Display resolution 0.10000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.000 kHz to 9.9999 gHz, 9.9000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.0000 kHz to 9.9999 gHz, 9.9000 MHz to 2.00000 MHz (5) Integration measurement Select RMS or DC for each wiring method (DC mode can only be selected when using an AC/DC sensor with a 1P2W wiring). Measurement parameters Current integration (M+, Ih-, Ih), active power integration (W+, WP-, WP) Ih+ and Ih- are measured only in DC mode. Only Ih is measured in RMS mode. Measurement method Digital calculations based on current and active power values (Averaging: calculated values that are attained immediately before averaging) DC mode: current RMS and active power values for measurement interval are integrated for each polarity. (Active power is integrated by polarity for each synchroniza- tion source period.) (Multi-phase wiring active power integration SUM values are calculated by integrating the sum of active power values for measurement interval as data refresh rate Display resolution Same as data refresh rate Measurement interval Same as data refresh rate Display resolution 999999 PA/PWh Measurement interval Same as data refresh rate Display resolution 999999 PA/PWh <	weasurement range	
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Display resolution 999999 (6 digits + decimal point), starting from the resolution at which 1% of each range is 100% of range Measurement range 0 to ±99.9999 PAh/PWh Integration time 0 sec: to 9999 Ph. 56 min. 59 sec. (Integration time exceeds this range.) Integration time accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±(current or active power accuracy) ±integration time accuracy Backup function None All-channel synchronized integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control Integration control Connection-specific independent integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control • Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Max. 8 channels		
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Measurement range 0 to ±99.9999 PAh/PWh Integration time 0 sec. to 9999 hr. 56 min. 59 sec. (Integration time accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±(current or active power accuracy) ±integration time accuracy Backup function None Integration control All-channel synchronized integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control Integration control Connection-specific independent integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control (6) Harmonics measurement Max. 8 channels	Display resolution	
Integration time 0 sec. to 9999 hr. 56 min. 59 sec. (Integration will stop if the integration time exceeds this range.) ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±(current or active power accuracy) ±integration time accuracy Backup function None All-channel synchronized integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control Connection-specific independent integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control • Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Max. 8 channels	Measurement range	
Integration time accuracy (integration time integration time exceeds time range.) Integration time accuracy ±0.02% of reading (-10°C to 40°C, -14°F to 104°F) Integration accuracy ±(current or active power accuracy) ±integration time accuracy Backup function None All-channel synchronized integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control Integration control Connection-specific independent integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control • Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Number of measurement Max. 8 channels		0 sec. to 9999 hr. 56 min. 59 sec.
Integration accuracy ±(current or active power accuracy) ±integration time accuracy Backup function None All-channel synchronized integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control Integration control Connection-specific independent integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control • Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Max. 8 channels		
Backup function None All-channel synchronized integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control Integration control Connection-specific independent integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control • Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Number of measurement Max. 8 channels		
All-channel synchronized integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control Connection-specific independent integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control • Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Number of measurement Max. 8 channels		
Integration control Manual control, actual time control, timer control Integration control Connection-specific independent integration: Manual control, actual time control, timer control • Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Max. 8 channels		
Manual control, actual time control, timer control • Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Number of measurement Max. 8 channels		
Manual control, actual time control, timer control • Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Number of measurement Max. 8 channels		Connection-specific independent integration:
• Data is not saved. • The optical link cannot be used when IEC measurement mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Number of measurement Max. 8 channels	Integration control	
mode is selected or during BNC synchronization. (6) Harmonics measurement Number of measurement Max. 8 channels		
(6) Harmonics measurement Number of measurement Max. 8 channels		
Number of measurement Max. 8 channels	(6) Harmoniae magazere	
	• /	
	Number of measurement channels	Max. 8 channels Varies with number of installed units.
Synchronization source Based on the synchronization source setting for each connection		
Measurement modes Select from wideband mode or IEC standard mode*	Measurement modes	
(setting applies to all channels).*To be supported in ver. 2.00		(setting applies to all channels).* To be supported in ver. 2.00

Measurement parameters	Harmonic voltage BMS value, harmonic voltage content ratio, harmonic voltage phase angle, harmonic current RMS value, harmonic current content ratio, harmonic current phase angle, harmonic active power, harmonic power content ratio, harmonic voltage/current phase difference, total voltage harmonic distor- tion, total current harmonic distortion, voltage unbalance ratio, current unbalance ratio, intermediate harmonic voltage RMS value (IEC measurement mode), intermediate harmonic current RMS value (IEC measurement mode)			
FFT processing word length	32-bit	ouronnent medeo,		
	Digital filter			
Antialiasing		ured based on synchro	nization frequency)	
Window function	Rectangular			
Grouping	OFF, Type 1 (harmo	nic sub-group), oup), (setting applies	to all channels)	
THD calculation method	THD_F or THD_R, s 100th order (howeve	select calculation order, limited to the maxiting applies to all chart	er from 2nd order to mum analysis order	
(7) IEC measurement me				
. ,				
Measurement method		2+A1:2008 complian	ι	
Measurement frequency	50 Hz / 60 Hz	ource does not oper	ate for DC.)	
setting Synchronization	When set to 50 Hz		ate 101 DC.)	
frequency range	When set to 60 Hz			
Data update rate) Hz: 10 waves; 60 H	tz: 12 waves)	
	Harmonics: 0th to 2		12. 12 Waves)	
Analysis orders		onics: 0.5th to 200.5	th order	
Window wave number		, 10 waves; when 56 H		
FFT Number of points	8192 points			
	Add ±0.04% of the	range to each of the	basic accuracies	
Measurement accuracy		se (voltage, current,		
Weasurement accuracy	For a frequency of 10 kHz or more, add another ±0.04% of			
	the range.			
(8) Wideband measurem	nent mode: widebar	d harmonic measurer	nent	
Management weath and		nization calculation		
Measurement method		each synchronization		
Synchronization	0.1 Hz to 1.5 MHz	(U7001: up to 1 Mhz)	
frequency range			-/	
	Fixed at 50 ms When set to 10 ms	or loss:		
Data update rate			at 50 me	
Data update rate	only harmonics measurement operate at 50 ms. When set to 200 ms:			
		d by averaging four s	ets of 50 ms data.	
	Fundamental	Window wave	Maximum	
	frequency	number	analysis order	
	0.1 Hz ≤ f ≤ 2 kHz	1	500th	
	2 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz	1	300th	
	5 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	2	150th	
Maximum analysis order	10 kHz < f ≤ 20 kHz	4	75th	
and Window wave number	20 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz	8	30th	
and window wave number	$50 \text{ kHz} < f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$	16	15th	
	100 kHz < f ≤ 200 kHz	32	7th	
	200 kHz < f ≤ 300 kHz	64	5th	
	300 kHz < f ≤ 500 kHz	128	3rd	
	500 kHz < f ≤ 1.5 MHz	256	1st	
	U7001: Up to 1 MH			
		rovides phase zero		
		s or communication		
Phase zero-adjustment	available when the synchronization source is set to Ext).			
	Phase angle zero-adjustment values can be set automat- ically or manually. Phase angle zero-adjustment setting			
	range 0.000° to ±180.000° (in 0.001° increments)			
No. of FFT points	Automatically selected from 2048, 4096, or 8192 points.			
	nationalically selec	100 11011 2040, 4090	, or or oz pointo.	

	Add following to each unit's voltage, current, and power accuracy. How- ever, add 0.05% of reading for fundamental wave 2 kHz or greater.			
	Frequency voltage, current, pow ±(% of reading)		Phase difference ±(°)	
	DC	0.05%	-(/	
	0.1 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 Hz	0.01%	0.1°	
	100 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	0.03%	0.1°	
	1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	0.08%	0.6°	
	10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz	0.15%	(0.020 × f) ±0.5°	
nt accuracy	$50 \text{ kHz} < f \le 1 \text{ MHz}$	0.20%	(0.030 × f) ±2.0°	
	$1 \text{ MHz} < f \le 1.5 \text{ MHz}$	0.25%	(0.040 × f) ±2.5°	
	Unit for 1 in accuracy calculations as mentioned in the table above: kHz The figures for voltage, current, power, and phase difference for frequen- cies in excess of 300 kHz are reference values. When the fundamental wave is outside the range of 16 Hz to 850 Hz, the figures for voltage, current, power, and phase difference for frequencies other than the fundamental wave are reference values. When the fundamental wave is within the range of 16 Hz to 850 Hz, the figures for voltage, current, power, and phase difference are defined for input for which the voltage and current for the same order are at least 10% fs.			

Measurement accuracy

Measuremen

Accuracy guarantee conditions	Accuracy guarantee period: 6 months (Multiply the 6-month accuracy reading error to obtain the 1-year accuracy.) Accuracy guarantee temperature and humidity range: 23°C \pm 3°C, 80% RH or less Warm-up time: 30 min. or greater Sine wave input at a power factor of 1 or DC input with a line voltage of 0 V within \pm 1°C after zero-adjustment and within active measurement range.
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Voltage (U)				
Accuracy	U7001	U7005		
, 10041403	±(% of reading	+ % of range)		
DC	0.02% + 0.05%	0.02% + 0.03%		
0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz	0.1% -	+ 0.1%		
45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 440 Hz	0.02% + 0.05%	0.01% + 0.02%		
440 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	0.03% + 0.05%	0.02% + 0.04%		
1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	0.15% + 0.05%	0.05% + 0.05%		
10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz	0.20% + 0.05%	0.1% + 0.05%		
50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz	(0.01*f)	% + 0.1%		
100 kHz < f ≤ 500 kHz	(0.02*f)% + 0.2%	(0.01*f)% + 0.2%		
500 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz	-	(0.01*f)% + 0.3%		
Frequency band	1 MHz (-3 dB typical)	5 MHz (-3 dB typical)		
Frequency band Current (I)	1 MHz (-3 dB typical)	5 MHz (-3 dB typical)		
Current (I)	1 MHz (-3 dB typical) U7001	5 MHz (-3 dB typical) U7005		
	U7001			
Current (I)	U7001	U7005		
Current (I) Accuracy	U7001 ±(% of reading	U7005 + % of range) 0.02% + 0.03%		
Current (I) Accuracy DC	U7001 ±(% of reading 0.02% + 0.05%	U7005 + % of range) 0.02% + 0.03%		
Current (I) Accuracy DC 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz	U7001 ±(% of reading 0.02% + 0.05% 0.1% -	U7005 + % of range) 0.02% + 0.03% + 0.1%		
Current (I) Accuracy DC 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 440 Hz	U7001 ±(% of reading 0.02% + 0.05% 0.1% - 0.02% + 0.05%	U7005 + % of range) 0.02% + 0.03% ⊧ 0.1% 0.01% + 0.02%		
Current (I) Accuracy DC 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 440 Hz 440 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	U7001 ±(% of reading 0.02% + 0.05% 0.1% - 0.02% + 0.05% 0.03% + 0.05%	U7005 + % of range) 0.02% + 0.03% + 0.1% 0.01% + 0.02% 0.02% + 0.04%		
Current (I) Accuracy DC 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 440 Hz 440 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz 1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	$U7001$ $\pm (\% \text{ of reading})$ $0.02\% + 0.05\%$ $0.1\% + 0.05\%$ $0.03\% + 0.05\%$ $0.15\% + 0.05\%$ $0.20\% + 0.05\%$	U7005 1 + % of range) 0.02% + 0.03% + 0.1% 0.01% + 0.02% 0.02% + 0.04% 0.05% + 0.05%		
Current (I) Accuracy DC 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 440 Hz 440 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz 1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz 10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz	$U7001$ $\pm (\% \text{ of reading})$ $0.02\% + 0.05\%$ $0.1\% + 0.05\%$ $0.03\% + 0.05\%$ $0.15\% + 0.05\%$ $0.20\% + 0.05\%$	U7005 + % of range) 0.02% + 0.03% + 0.1% 0.01% + 0.02% 0.02% + 0.04% 0.05% + 0.05% 0.1% + 0.05%		
Current (I) Accuracy DC 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 440 Hz 440 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz 1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz 10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz 50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz	$\begin{array}{c} U7001 \\ \pm (\% \text{ of reading} \\ 0.02\% + 0.05\% \\ 0.02\% + 0.05\% \\ 0.03\% + 0.05\% \\ 0.15\% + 0.05\% \\ 0.15\% + 0.05\% \\ 0.20\% + 0.05\% \\ 0.20\% + 0.05\% \end{array}$	U7005 + % of range) 0.02% + 0.03% + 0.1% 0.01% + 0.02% 0.02% + 0.04% 0.05% + 0.05% 0.1% + 0.05% 6 + 0.1%		

Active power (P)					
Acouracy	U7001	U7005			
Accuracy	±(% of reading	+ % of range)			
DC	0.02% + 0.05%	0.02% + 0.03%			
0.1 Hz ≤ f < 30 Hz	0.1% -	+ 0.2%			
30 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz	0.1% -	+ 0.1%			
45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 440 Hz	0.02% + 0.05%	0.01% + 0.02%			
440 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	0.05% + 0.05%	0.02% + 0.04%			
1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	0.20% + 0.05%	0.05% + 0.05%			
10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz	0.40% + 0.1%	0.15% + 0.05%			
50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz	(0.01*f)%	% + 0.2%			
100 kHz < f ≤ 500 kHz	(0.025*f)% + 0.3%	(0.01*f)% + 0.3%			
500 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz	-	(0.01*f)% + 0.5%			
power phase angle (φ)					
Acouracy	U7001	U7005			

Acouroov	U7001	U7005		
Accuracy	±(% of reading + % of range)			
$0.1 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$	±0.05°			
1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	±0.2°	±0.12°		
10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz	±(0.02*f)°	±0.2°		
50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz	±(0.02*f)°	±0.4°		
100 kHz < f ≤ 500 kHz	±(0.02*f)°	±(0.01*f)°		
500 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz	-	±(0.01*f)°		

- Unit for "f" in accuracy calculations as mentioned in the table above: kHz

- Voltage and current DC values are defined for Udc and Idc,

while frequencies other than DC are defined for Urms and Irms.

- When U or I is selected as the synchronization source,

accuracy is defined for source input of at least 5% f.s.

- Power phase angle accuracy is defined at a power factor of zero with 100% input.

- Add the current sensor accuracy to the above accuracy figures for

current, active power, and phase difference.

- The accuracy figures for voltage, current, active power, and phase difference for 0.1 Hz \leq f < 10 Hz are reference values.

- The accuracy figures for voltage, active power, and phase difference in excess of 220 V from 10 Hz \leq f < 16 Hz are reference values.

The accuracy figures for voltage, active power, and phase difference in excess of 750 V from 30 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz are reference values.

The accuracy figures for voltage, active power, and phase difference in excess of (22000/f [kHz]) V from 100 kHz < f < 1 MHz are reference values.

- For the voltage 6 V range, add ±0.02% of range to voltage and active power accuracy.

- When using probe 1 and the sensor's rated 1/50 range, add ±0.02% of range to current and active power accuracy (U7001).

- When using probe 1 and the sensor's rated 1/10, 1/25, and 1/50 range, add $\pm 0.02\%$ of range to current and active power accuracy (U7005).

 When using probe 2, add ±(0.05% of reading + 0.2% of range) to current and active power accuracy. At 10 kHz or greater, add ±0.2° to power phase angle accuracy (U7001).
 When 100% of range < input ± 110% of range, range error x 1.1.

- With a temperature change of $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C or greater after zero-adjustment,

add ±0.01% of range-per-°C to the voltage DC accuracy.

When using probe 1, add ±0.01% of range per °C to the current and active power DC accuracy. When using probe 2, add ±0.05% of range per °C to the current and active power DC accuracy. For voltages in excess of 600 V, add the following to the power phase angle accuracy: $0.1 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz} \pm 0.1^\circ, 500 \text{ Hz} < f \le 5 \text{ kHz} \pm 0.3^\circ,$

5 kHz < f ≤ 20 kHz ±0.5°, 20 kHz < f ≤ 200 kHz ±1°

- The effective measurement range of 9272-05 is 0.5 % of full scale to 100% of full scale. - When measuring 900 V or greater, add the following to the voltage and active power accuracy: $\pm 0.02\%$ of reading (U7001). The effects of self-heating will persist until the input resistance temperature decreases even if the voltage input value is low.

- When measuring 800 V or greater, add the following to the voltage and active power accuracy: ±0.01% of reading (U7005). The effects of self-heating will persist until the input resistance temperature decreases even if the voltage input value is low.

When 1000 V < DC voltage ≤ 1500 V, add 0.045% of reading to the voltage and active power accuracy. The measurement accuracy figures are determined by the design (U7001).
 The DC voltage and DC active power accuracy, when 1000 V < DC voltage ≤ 1500 V, can be quaranteed by having special-order calibration performed (U7001).

Apparent powe		Voltage accuracy + current accuracy ±10 digits	
vieasurement	accuracy	Other than $\phi = 0^\circ$ or $\pm 180^\circ$:	
Reactive power (Q)		Apparent power accuracy $\pm(1 - \sin [\phi + power phase angle accuracy] / sin \phi) × 100% of reading$	
		$\pm(\sqrt{(1.001 - \lambda^2)} - \sqrt{(1 - \lambda^2)}) \times 100\%$ of range	
Measurement	accuracy	When $\phi = 0^\circ$ or $\pm 180^\circ$:	
	,	Apparent power accuracy ±(sin [power phase angle accuracy])	
		× 100% of range ±3.16% of range	
		λ: power factor display value	
		Other than $\phi = 90^{\circ}$:	
		\pm (1 – cos (ϕ + power phase angle accuracy) / cos ϕ) ×	
		100% of reading ±50 digits	
Power factor (?		When $\phi = 90^{\circ}$:	
Measurement	accsuracy	$\pm \cos (\phi + power phase angle accuracy) \times 100\%$ of range ± 50 digits	
		φ: power phase angle display value	
		In both cases, accuracy is defined for	
A	1	voltage/current range rated input.	
Waveform pea		Voltage or current RMS value accuracy ±1% of range	
surement accu	пасу	(applying 300% of the range as peak range)	
		Add the following to the voltage, current, and active power	
		accuracy within the range of 0°C to 20°C and 26°C to 40°C	
Effects of	Probe1	±0.01% of reading / °C,	
		for DC, add an additional 0.01% of range per °C	
emperature		Voltage: ±0.01% of reading / °C,	
	Probe2	for DC, add an additional 0.01% of range per °C Current, active power: ±0.03% of reading / °C,	
		for DC, add an additional 0.06% of range per °C	
		50/60 Hz: 100 dB or greater	
Com-	U7001	100 kHz: 80 dB typical	
mon-mode		50/60 Hz: 120 dB or greater	
rejection ratio	U7005	100 kHz: 110 dB typical of greater	
(effects of		Defined for CMRR for all measurement ranges when the	
commonmode		maximum input voltage is applied between the voltage input	
voltage)		terminal and the enclosure.	
Effects of external		±1% of range or less	
magnetic fields		(in a magnetic field of 400 A/m, DC or 50/60 Hz)	
		ϕ of other than ±90°:	
		$\pm (1 - \cos [\phi + \text{phase difference accuracy}] / \cos [\phi]) \times$	
Effects of powe		100% of reading	
on active power Effect of conducted		φ of ±90°:	
		$\pm \cos (\phi + \text{phase difference accuracy}) \times 100\%$ of VA	
		When 3 V, ±6% of full scale or less for current and active pow-	
Effect of condu		er (f.s. is the rated primary current value of the current sensor;	
Effect of condu radio frequence	У		
radio frequenc		only when 9272-05 is used)	
	ic field	only when 9272-05 is used) When 10 V/m, \pm 6% of full scale or less for current and active	
radio frequenc electromagneti	ic field		

Waveform recording

Number of measurement channels	Voltage and current waveforms: Max. 8 channels (varies with number of installed units) Motor waveforms*:
Recording capacity	Max. 4 analog DC channels + max. 8 pulse channels 5 M word × ([voltage/current] × max. 8 channels + motor waveforms*), no memory allocation function
Waveform resolution	16-bit (U7005 voltage and current waveforms use upper 16 bits.)
Sampling speed	Voltage and current waveforms: always 15 MS/s (The U7001 interpolates 2.5 MS data using 0th order hold.) Motor waveforms (analog DC)*: always 1 MS/s (Interpolates 1 MS data using 0th order hold.) Motor waveforms (analog pulse)*: always15 MS/s
Compression ratio	1/1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/6, 1/15, 1/30, 1/60, 1/150, 1/300, 1/600, 1/1500 (15 MS/s, 7.5 MS/s, 5 MS/s, 2.5 MS/s, 1.0 MS/s, 500 kS/s, 250 kS/s, 100 kS/s, 50 kS/s, 25 kS/s, 10 kS/s) However, motor waveforms (analog DC) are only compressed at 1 MS/s or less.
Recording length	1 k-word, 5 k-word, 10 k-word, 50 k-word, 100 k-word, 500 k-word, 1 M-word, 5 M-word
Storage mode	Peak-to-peak compression
Trigger mode	SINGLE or NORMAL (with auto-trigger setting)
Pre-trigger	0% to 100% of the recording length, in 10% steps
Trigger detection method	Level trigger (Detects the trigger based on fluctuations in the level of the storage waveform.) Trigger sources: voltage and current waveform, waveform after voltage and current zero-cross filter, manual, motor waveform, motor pulse Trigger level: ±300% of the range for the waveform, in 0.1% steps Event triggers Detect triggers based on fluctuations in the value of a basic measurement parameter (except flicker measurement parameters). Trigger detection conditions are set using OR and AND operators for the four events defined below. AND takes precedence over OR. Events: Consist of a basic measurement parameter (except flicker measurement parameters), an inequality sign (<, >), and a value (0 to ±99999.9T). Ev n: ItemXXXXX y n: 1 to 4 Item: Basic measurement parameter i inequality sign XXXXXX: 6-digit constant

*PW8001-11, -12, -13, -14, -15, and -16 models with motor analysis option only.

FFT analysis (to be supported in ver. 2.00)

Measurement channel	Voltage-current waveform: selected by connection. Max. 3 channels Motor waveforms: Analog DC Analysis performed only when FFT screen is displayed
Calculation type	RMS spectrum: (When multiple channels are selected, aver- age for each channel) Power spectrum: (Active power [P]; however, only when volt- age or current waveform is selected. When multiple channels are selected, values are added for each channel [Psum].)
Number of FFT points	1,000, 5,000, 10,000 or 50,000 points
FFT processing word length	32 bits
Analysis position	User-selected position in waveform recording data
Anti-aliasing	Automatic digital filter
Window function	Rectangular, hanning, flat-top
Max. analysis frequency (Linked to waveform recording compression ratio)	Voltage and current waveforms: 6 MHz, 3 MHz, 2 MHz, 1 MHz, 400 kHz, 200 kHz, 100 kHz, 40 kHz, 20 kHz, 10 kHz, 4 kHz (When the U7001 or multiple channels including the U7001 are selected, 1 MHz is the upper limit.) Motor waveform input: 400 kHz, 200 kHz, 100 kHz, 40 kHz, 20 kHz, 10 kHz, 4 kHz The maximum analysis frequency is calculated as follows: (above frequency - frequency resolution)
FFT peak value display	Ten pairs of peak value (maximum value) level and frequency data are calculated for voltage, current, and power, starting with the highest level and proceeding in order. In FFT calcula- tion results, a value is considered to be a peak value if the levels for both adjacent values are lower.

Flicker measurement (to be supported in ver. 2.00)

Measurement channels	Max. 8 channels
Measurement method	IEC 61000-4-15:2010 compliant
Measured parameters	Short-term flicker (Pst) Short-term flicker maximum value (PstMax) Long-term flicker (Plt) Instantaneous flicker maximum value (PinstMax) Instantaneous flicker maximum value (PinstMin) Relative steady voltage change (dc) Maximum relative voltage change (dmax) Time for which the relative voltage change exceeded the threshold (Tmax)
Measurement frequency	50/60 Hz (measured only in IEC mode)

Motor Analysis (Option)

(PW8001-11, -12, -13, -14, -15, -16 only)

(1) Analog DC, freque	ncy, pulse inp	ut shared spe	cifications		
	8 channels				
	СН		Input parameters		
Number of input channels	CH A,	CH C,	Analo	og DC,	
	CH E	,CH G	frequen	cy, pulse	
		CH D,			
	CH F	CHH	frequen	cy, pulse	
	Motor analysis				
		Measured	or detected	Maximum no	
		paran		of analyzed	
		(input wa		motors	
		Torque (an	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Pattern 1	speed		4 motors	
		Torque (an	u /		
		speed (
	Pattern 2	direc		2 motors	
		origin(,		
		Torque (an			
Operating mode	Pattern 3	speed (2 motors	
		direc			
		Torque (an		1	
	Pattern 4	speed (2 motors	
	1 autorr 1	origin			
		Torque (an			
	Pattern 5	speed (2 motors	
	Individual inpu		unulog)		
		CH E, and CH	G		
		easurement, fr		surement	
		CH F, and CH I	H: frequency n	neasurement	
Input terminal profile	Isolated BNC		n noquonoy n	nououromoni	
		ted input and s	single-end inpu	ıt	
Input method		ation between			
Input resistance (DC)	1 MΩ ±50 kΩ				
Maximum input voltage	20 V				
Maximum rated					
line-to-ground voltage	50 V (50/60 H	z)			
Measurement	Voltago torgu	o DDM frogue	nov olin mot	or power	
parameters	• • •	e, RPM, freque		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Same as described in "Voltage, current, and power mea-				
Synchronization source	surement shared specifications" in the basic specifica-				
	tions.				
Measurement lower limit	Select from the following frequencies for each motor				
frequency	synchronization source:				
inequency	0.1 Hz, 1 Hz, 10 Hz, 100 Hz				
	Select from the following frequencies for each motor				
Measurement upper limit					
frequency	100 Hz, 500 Hz, 1 kHz, 5 kHz, 10 kHz,				
	50 kHz, 100 kHz, 500 kHz, 1 MHz, 2 MHz				
Input frequency source	Select from fU1 to fU8 or fl1 to fl8.				
		for slippage ca	alculations.		
No. of motor poles	2 to 254				
	Set reference for detecting synchronization source's Zph				
Z-phase pulse detection reference	when using the pattern 2 or pattern 4 operating mode.				
	Rising edge/fa		·	-	
(2) Analog DC input (0					
	a	nie, on a)			
Measurement range	1 V, 5 V, 10 V				
Crest factor	1.5				
Effective input range	1% to 110% of range				
Sampling	1 MHz, 16-bit				
LPF	1 kHz, OFF (20 kHz)				

Response speed	0.2 ms (when LPF is OFF)
Measurement method	Simultaneous digital sampling, zero-cross synchronization calculation method (averaging between zero-crosses)
Measurement accuracy	$\pm 0.03\%$ of reading $\pm 0.03\%$ of range
	Add the following within the range of
Effects of temperature	0°C to 20°C or 26°C to 40°C:
	±0.01% of reading/°C ±0.01% of range/°C ±0.01% f.s. or less
Effects of commonmode voltage	with 50 V applied between the input terminals and the enclo- sure (DC or 50/60 Hz)
Effects of external	±0.1% of range or less
magnetic fields	(in magnetic field of 400 A/m DC or 50/60 Hz)
Display range Scaling	0 to ±150% ±(0.01 to 9999.99)(torque) / ±(0.00001 to 99999.9) (rpm)
Zero-adjustment	Zero correction of scaled input offset at or below ±10% of range. When torque meter correction is enabled, zero correc- tion is performed by adding the correction value.
Torque meter correction	Nonlinear correction: Torque values are corrected using a correction table with up Torque values are corrected using a correction table with up to 11 points, each of which is defined as the torque meter's measured value [N·m] and the corresponding torque correc- tion value [N·m]. Linear interpolation is used between torque calibration values. Friction correction: Torque values are corrected using a correction table with up to 11 points, each of which is defined as an rpm value (includ- ing direction) [r/min.] and the corresponding torque correction value [N-m]. Linear interpolation is performed between torque calibration values. - Correction table units are set by the user. - Correction values are input using 6 digits. - The torque calculation sign is used to detect positive (+) and reverse (-) rotation.
Torque calculations and correction	OFF: torque value = S × (X - zero correction value) ON: torque value = S × (X - zero correction value) - At - Bt S: scaling X: input signal - torque conversion value At: nonlinear correction value Bt: friction correction value
(3) Frequency input (C	CHA, CHB, CHC, CHD, CHE, CHF, CHG, CHH)
Detection level	Low: approx. 0.8 V or less, high: approx. 2.0 V or more
Measurement	
Detection level Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio)
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rated torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz.
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rat- ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz. \pm 0.01% of reading Add 0.01% of reading at a 1 ms data update rate.
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range Measurement accuracy Display range	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc ±fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rat- ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd ≤ 500 kHz and fc - fd ≥ 1 kHz. ±0.01% of reading Add 0.01% of reading at a 1 ms data update rate. 1.000 kHz to 500.000 kHz
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range Measurement accuracy Display range	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rat- ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz. \pm 0.01% of reading Add 0.01% of reading at a 1 ms data update rate. 1.000 kHz to 500.000 kHz \pm 0.01 to 9999.99
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range Measurement accuracy Display range Scaling	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rat- ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz. \pm 0.01% of reading at a 1 ms data update rate. 1.000 kHz to 500.000 kHz \pm 0.01 to 9999.99 Input offset is subject to zero correction within the range fc \pm 1 kHz.
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range Measurement accuracy Display range Scaling Zero-adjustment Units	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rat- ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz. \pm 0.01% of reading at a 1 ms data update rate. 1.000 kHz to 500.000 kHz \pm 0.01 to 9999.99 Input offset is subject to zero correction within the range fc \pm 1kHz. When torque meter correction is enabled, zero correction is performed by adding the correction value. mN • m, N • m, kN • m
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range Measurement accuracy Display range Scaling Zero-adjustment Units Torque meter correction	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rat- ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz. \pm 0.01% of reading At a 1 ms data update rate. 1.000 kHz to 500.000 kHz \pm 0.01 to 9999.99 Input offset is subject to zero correction within the range fc \pm 1 kHz. When torque meter correction value.
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range Measurement accuracy Display range Scaling Zero-adjustment Units Torque meter correction Torque calculations and	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rat- ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz. \pm 0.01% of reading at a 1 ms data update rate. 1.000 kHz to 500.000 kHz \pm 0.01 to 9999.99 Input offset is subject to zero correction within the range fc \pm 1kHz. When torque meter correction is enabled, zero correction is performed by adding the correction value. mN • m, N • m, kN • m
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range Measurement accuracy Display range Scaling Zero-adjustment Units Torque meter correction Torque calculations and correction	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rat- ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz. \pm 0.01% of reading At a 1 ms data update rate. 1.000 kHz to 500.000 kHz \pm 0.01 to 9999.99 Input offset is subject to zero correction within the range fc \pm 1 kHz. When torque meter correction is enabled, zero correction is performed by adding the correction value. mN • m, N • m, kN • m Same as torque meter correction with analog DC input
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range Measurement accuracy Display range Scaling Zero-adjustment Units Torque meter correction Torque calculations and correction (4) Pulse input (CH A,	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rate ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz. \pm 0.01% of reading Add 0.01% of reading at a 1 ms data update rate. 1.000 kHz to 500.000 kHz \pm 0.01 to 9999.99 Input offset is subject to zero correction within the range fc \pm 1kHz. When torque meter correction value. mN • m, N • m, kN • m Same as torque meter correction with analog DC input CH B, CH C, CH D, CH E, CH F, CH G, CH H)
Measurement frequency band Minimum detection width Measurement range Measurement accuracy Display range Scaling Zero-adjustment Units Torque meter correction Torque calculations and correction	0.1 Hz to 2 MHz (at 50% duty ratio) 0.25 μ s or more User sets the fc \pm fd (Hz) zero-point frequency fc and the rat- ed torque frequency fd. Both fc and fd must be within the range of 1 kHz to 500 kHz. Values are set in 0.01 Hz increments. However, fc + fd \leq 500 kHz and fc - fd \geq 1 kHz. \pm 0.01% of reading Add 0.01% of reading the task to task tottask tottask tottask to task tottask to task to task to task to

Pulse filter	OFF, Weak, Strong (When using the weak setting, positive and negative pulses of less than 0.25 μ s are ignored. When using the strong setting, positive and negative pulses of 5 μ s are ignored.)
Measurement range	2 MHz
Measurement accuracy	±0.01% of reading Add 0.01% of reading at a 1 ms data update rate.
Display range	0.1 Hz to 2.00000 MHz
Unit	Hz, r/min.
Frequency division setting range	1 to 60000
Rotation direction detection	[A-D] and [E-H] are set separately by the user. Motor analysis mode patterns 2 through 5 [A-D] is detected based on lead/lag of CH B and CH C. [E-H] is detected based on lead/lag of CH F and CH G.
Mechanical angle origin detection	[A-D] and [E-H] are set separately by the user. Motor analysis mode patterns 2 through 5 For [A-D], CH B division is cleared at the CH D rising edge or falling edge. For [E-H], CH F division is cleared at the CH H rising edge or falling edge.

Waveform & D/A output (Option) (PW8001-02, -05, -12, -15 only)

Number of output channels	20 channels
Output terminal profile	D-sub 25-pin connector × 1
Output details	Switchable between waveform output and analog output (select from basic measurement parameters).
D/A conversion resolution	16 bits (polarity + 15 bits)
Output refresh rate	Waveform output: 1 MHz Analog output: 10 ms, 50 ms, 200 ms (based on data update rate for the selected parameter, ±1 ms relative to the output refresh rate)
Output voltage	Waveform output: switchable between ± 2 V f.s. and ± 1 V f.s., crest factor of 2.5 or greater. Setting applies to all channels Analog output: DC ± 5 V f.s. (max. approx. ± 12 V DC)
Output resistance	100 Ω ±5 Ω
Output accuracy	Waveform output: (±2 V f.s.) measurement accuracy ±0.5% f.s. (±1 V f.s.) measurement accuracy ±1.0% f.s. (defined for DC to 50 kHz) Analog output: output parameters measurement accuracy ±0.2% f.s.
Temperature coefficient	±0.05% f.s. / °C

Display section

Display characters	English, Japanese, Chinese (simplified)
Display	10.1-inch WXGA touch panel LCD display (1280 × 800 dots)
Dot pitch	0.1695 (V) mm × 0.1695 (H) mm
Display value resolution	999999 count (including integration values)
Display refresh rate	Measured values: approx. 200 ms (independent of internal data update rate) Waveforms: based on waveform record settings
Screens	Measurement screen, input settings screen, system settings screen, file operations screen

Instrument controls

	Power button x 1, rubber key x 23, rotary knob x 2, touch panel
Touch panel	Projection-type capacitive touch panel

External interface

(1) USB flash drive in	terface
Connector	USB Type A receptacle connector × 1
Electrical specifications	USB 3.0 (SuperSpeed)
Connected device	USB flash drive
Recorded data	Save/load settings files Save measured values or automaticly recorded data Save waveform data, save screenshots
(2) LAN interface	
Connector	RJ-45 connector × 1
Electrical specifications	IEEE802.3 compliant
Transmission method	100BASE-TX/1000BASE-T (automatic detection)
Protocol	TCP/IP (with DHCP function)
Functions	HTTP server (remote operations) Dedicated port (data transferring, command control) FTP server (file transferring) FTP client Modbus/TCP server
(3) GP-IB interface	
Connector	Micro-ribbon 24-pin connector × 1
Electrical specifications	IEEE 488.1 1987 compliant developed with reference to IEEE 488.2 1987
Addresses	00 to 30
Remote control	REMOTE/LOCAL key illuminates in remote state; canceled with REMOTE/LOCAL key.
Functions	Command control
(4) RS-232C interface	
Connector	D-sub 9-pin connector × 1, 9 pin, also used for external control
Electrical specifications	RS-232C, EIA RS-232D, CCITT V.24, and JIS X5101 compliant Full duplex, start stop synchronization, data length of 8, no parity, 1 stop bit
Flow control	None
Communications speed	9600 bps, 19200 bps, 38400 bps, 57600 bps, 115200 bps
Functions	Switching between command control and external control (simultaneous use not supported)
(5) External control in	terface
Connector	D-sub 9-pin connector × 1, also used for RS-232C
Pin assignments	No. 1 pin: start/stop No. 4 pin: hold No. 5 pin: GND No. 6 pin: data reset
Electrical specifications	0/5 V (2.5 V to 5 V) logic signals or contact signals with terminal shorted or open.
Functions	Same operation as START/STOP, HOLD, or DATA RESET key on instrument panel. Switching with RS-232C (simultaneous use not supported)

(6) Optical link interfa	nce (Option) , -14, -15, -16 only (to be supported in ver. 2.00)
Number of instruments	
that can be synchronized	2 (1 primary, 1 secondary)
Optical signal	850 nm VCSEL, 1 Gbps
Laser classification	Class 1
Type of fiber	50/125 µm multi-mode fiber equivalent, up to 500 m
Functionality	 Primary instrument Pisplay of received secondary instrument measured values (calculation measurement parameters and flicker measurement parameters, up to 50th-order frequency) Display and modification of [WIRING], [CHANNEL], and [MOTOR] settings on secondary instrument Configuration of secondary instrument's phase zero adjustmer function ([VECTOR × 1] screen) Display of setup for secondary instrument units and connecte current sensors ([CONFIG] screen) Secondary instrument Synchronization of internal calculation and data refresh timing with primary instrument data to primary instrument Transmission of some measurement data to primary instrumer Application of settings, with the exception of certain settings The following operations are not supported when using the optical link: Modification ally such as optical link, communications, and language Starting and stopping of integration, and resetting of integrate data Output of CAN signals Instrument operations initiated by the HOLD, PEAK HOLD COPY, and SAVE keys Data synchronization is not supported when the data refresh rate is 10 ms or less. Synchronization is not supported when the primary instrument is necessary instrument is not supported when the primary instrument is necessary in the primary instrument is not supported when the primary instrument is not supported when the primary instrument is necessary in the primary instrument is may be a solved when the primary instrument is necessary in the anter primary instrument is necessary in the primary instrument is necondary instrument primary instrument is necessary in the prima
(7) BNC sync interfa	ce (to be supported in ver. 2.00)
Connector	BNC
Number of instruments	
that can be synchronized	4 (1 primary, 3 secondary)
Operating mode	Timing synchronization
	Primary instrument Transmission of control signals to the secondary instrument Secondary instrument Synchronization of the following functions and operations wit the primary instrument: Internal calculations and data refresh timing Starting and stopping of integration, and resetting of inte- grated data Display hold (initiated by the HOLD or PEAK HOLD key) an
Functionality	data refresh during hold operation •Zero adjustment •Instrument operations initiated by the SAVE or COPY keys •Currort time

Instrument operations initiated by the SAVE or COPY keys
 Current time
 (Synchronized information cannot be controlled, or associated settings changed, during synchronization.)
 Synchronization is only supported when the primary and secondary instruments are set to the same measurement mode and data refresh rate.

Data synchronization is not supported when the data refresh rate is 10 ms or less. The optical link and BNC synchronization cannot be selected

at the same time.

(8) CAN/CAN FD (Option) PW8001-03, -06,- 13, -16 only

F W8001-05, -06,- 15, -16 Only	
Protocol	CAN (classical), CAN FD (compliant with ISO 11898-1:2015), CAN FD (non-compliant with ISO)
Functionality	Output of specified data from basic measured parameters
CAN ports	1
No. of installed units	1 (exclusive with D/A output unit option)
Baud rate	CAN: 125 kbps, 250 kbps, 500 kbps, 1 Mbps CAN FD: arbitration region, 500 kbps, 1 Mbps (data region: 500 kbps, 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps, 4 Mbps)
Format	Standard/Extended
Data frame output	Continuous
Continuous	Output intervals: 1 ms, 10 ms, 50 ms, 100 ms, 200 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 5 s, 10 s, 15 s, 30 s, 1 min, 5 min, 10 min, 15 min, 30 min, 60 min (±1 ms for each output interval setting) No. of repeated outputs: 0 to 10000 (0: unlimited)
Communications connector	D-sub 9-pin connector (male connector) Lockscrew (hexagonal post): inch thread #4-40 UNC
Terminal resistance	ON/OFF Resistance: 120 $\Omega \pm 10 \Omega$

Functional specifications

AUTO-range function

	The voltage and current ranges for each wiring method are automatically changed in response to the input (except motor input range)
Operating mode	OFF/ON (selectable for each wiring method)

Time control function

Functions	Auto-saving and integration measurement are controlled based on the time.
Operation	Timer control: auto-saving and integration measurement are stopped automatically once the timer control time has elapsed. Actual time control: auto-saving and integration measurement are started and stopped based on user-specified times.
Timer control	OFF, 1 sec. to 9999 hr. 59 min. 59 sec. (in 1 sec. increments)
Actual time control	OFF, start/stop time (in 1 sec. increments)

Hold function

(1) Hold	
Functions	Display updates are stopped for all measured values, causing the display to be locked to its current contents. However, display updates continue for waveforms, time, and peak-exceeded events. Internal calculations such as integration and averaging con- tinue. It cannot be combined with the peak hold function.
Output data	Hold data is output for analog output and save data during peak hold operation (however, waveform output continues)
(2) Peak hold	
Functions	The display is updated with maximum values based on an absolute value comparison for each measured value (except Upk and [pk). However, instantaneous value display updates continue for waveform displays and integrated values. During averaging, absolute values are used as post-averag- ing measured values. Cannot be combined with the hold function.
Output data	Peak hold data is output for analog output and save data during peak hold operation. However, waveform output continues.

Calculation function

(1) Rectifier	
Functions	Selects the voltage and current values used to calculate apparent and reactive power and power factors.
Operating mode	RMS/mean (can be selected for each wiring method's voltage and current)
(2) Scaling	
Functions	The VT ratio and CT ratio are set for each channel and applied to measured values.
VT (PT) ratio	Set by each connections, OFF, 0.00001 to 9999.99 (values cannot be set such that VT × CT exceeds 1.0E+06.)
CT ratio	Set by each channels, OFF, 0.00001 to 9999.99 (values cannot be set such that VT × CT exceeds 1.0E+06.)

Functions	All instantaneous measured values, including harmonics, are averaged. (except peak values, integrated values, and har- monic data updated every 10 ms.when the data update rate is set to 1 ms, all averaging is not performed.)						
Operating mode		al averaging, m	oving average				
	Number of averaging iterations						
	10 ms	0.1 s	0.8 s	5 s			
	50 ms	0.5 s	4 s	25 s			
Exponential averaging	200 ms	2.0 s	16 s	100 s			
response rate	value to conver f.s. to 90% f.s. Although harmo fresh rate is 10	ndicate the time ge on ±1% whe onic data is not a ms, harmonic d rs is averaged u y 10 ms.	n the input char averaged when ata included in l	nges from 0% the data re- basic measure			
No. of moving average iterations	8, 16, 32, 64 tir	nes					
(4) Efficiency and los							
Functions	for the wiring m) and loss (W) a ethod's active p	ower period for				
Calculated items	(Pfnd), and mo	alue (P), fundam tor power (Pm)* 12, -13, -14, -15		ve power			
Number of calculations that can be performed	4 each for effici	4 each for efficiency and loss					
Modes	Fixed mode: The position of terms set on the input and output sides o equations is fixed, regardless of the measured values. Auto mode: The position of terms set on the input and output sides is switched depending on the sign of the measured values.						
Equations	Fixed mode:Terms are specified for Pin(n) and Pout(n)Pin = Pin1 + Pin2 + Pin3 + Pin4 + Pin5 + Pin6Pout = Pout1 + Pout2 + Pout3 + Pout4 + Pout5 + Pout6 $\eta = 100 \times IPout1$ / IPinI, Loss = IPinI - IPout1						
(5) User-defined calc	ulations						
Functions	User-specified basic measurement parameters are calculated using the specified calculation formulas. Calculations are not supported when the data refresh rate is set to 1 ms.						
Calculation terms	Up to 16 terms (basic measurement parameters or constants of up to 6 digits) Operators: 4 basic operators UDFn = ITEM1 ITEM2 ITEM3 ITEM4 ITEM16 ITEMn: Basic measurement parameters (including UDFn) or constants of up to 6 digits : One of +, -, *, or / Function of ITEMn: neg (sign), sin, cos, tan, abs, log10 (common logarithm), log (logarithm), exp, sqrt, asin, acos, atan, sqr						
		lated in the ord					

Maximum value setting	Fixed / Auto Set for each UDFn Fixed: Set within range of 1.000n to 999.999T Auto: Upper 6 digits are displayed at all times. (Effective display range: 0 to ±999.999T) Maximum values operate as a UDFn range.				
UDF names and units	Up to 8 ASCII of	characters for each UDFn			
Integration	OFF/ON Set for each UDFn OFF: Displays the UDFn calculated value. ON: Displays the integrated value for the UDFn equation as UDFn. (Effective display range: 0 to ±99.9999P) Integration stops once the integrated value exceeds the ef- fective display range.				
(6) Delta conversion					
	Δ-Υ	When using a 3P3W3M or 3V3A wiring method, it converts the line voltage waveform to a phase voltage waveform using a virtual neutral point.			
Functions	Y-Δ	When using a 3P4W wiring method, it converts the phase voltage waveform to a line voltage waveform. Voltage RMS values and all voltage parameters, including harmonics, are calculated using the post-conversion voltage. However, peak-exceeded events are judged using pre-conversion values.			
(7) Power formula sele	ection				
Functions	Selects the rea angle formulas	ctive power, power factor, and power phase			
Formula	TYPE2: Compatible TYPE3: Uses t (Type 1, type 2	/TYPE3 with the type 1 equations of the PW3390, 3193, and 3390. with the type 2 equations of the 3192 and 3193. he active power sign as the power factor sign. , and type 3 are compatible with each the ulation equation types of the PW6001.)			
(8) Current sensor pha	ase shift calcu	lation			
Functions	Compensates teristics using of	the current sensor's harmonic phase charac- calculations.			
Operating modes	Auto mode car	I (set by channel) be selected when a current sensor supporting letection function is connected.			
Compensation value settings	Compensation points are set using the frequency and phase difference. Frequency: 0.1 kHz to 5000.0 kHz (in 0.1 kHz steps) Phase difference: 0.000° to ±180.000° (in 0.1° steps) When using the auto-operating mode, settings are done automatically when the sensor is connected.				
Max. correction range	U7005: approx. 9.4 μs U7001: approx. 15.8 μs				
(9) Voltage probe pha					
Functions		the voltage probe's harmonic phase character-			
Operating modes	istics using cal OFF/ON (set b				
Compensation value settings	Compensation po Frequency: 0.1 k	instaire set using the frequency and phase difference. Hz to 5000.0 kHz (in 0.1 kHz steps) c: 0.000 deg to ± 180.000 deg (in 0.001 deg steps)			
Max. correction range	U7005: approx U7001: approx	. 9.4 μs			

Display function

(1)) • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<i>r</i> , ,			
(1) Wiring method	confirmation screen			
Functions	Displays a wiring diagram, and voltage and current vectors based on the selected measurement lines. The ranges for a correct wiring method are displayed on the vector display so that the wiring can be checked.			
Mode at startup	Users can select to display the wiring confirmation screen at startup (startup screen setting).			
Simple settings	The instrument switches to appropriate settings when the measurement target is selected for each connection. 50/60Hz, DC/WLTP, PWM, HIGH FREQ, GENERAL.			
(2) Vector display	screen			
Functions Displays a connection-specific vector graph along wir ciated level values and phase angles.				
Display patterns	1-vector: renders vectors for up to 8 channels. 2-/4-vector: renders vectors for each selected wiring method.			
(3) Numerical disp	lay screen			
Functions Displays measured power values and measured motor for up to 8 instrument channels.				
Display patterns	Basic by wiring method: Displays measured values for the measurement lines and motors combined in the wiring. There are four measurement line patterns: U, I, P, and Integ. Display selection: The user can create a numerical display in which the user's desired basic measurement parameters is in the user's desired location of the screen. There are 8-, 16-, 36-, and 64-display patterns.			
(4) Harmonic displ	ay screen			
Functions	Displays measured harmonic values on the instrument's screen.			
Display patterns	Display bar graph: Displays harmonic measurement parameters for user-speci- fied channels as a bar graph (max. 500th order) Display list: Displays numerical values for user-specified parameters and user-specified channels.			
(5) Waveform disp	lay screen			
Functions Displays the voltage and current waveforms and motor waveforms.				
Display patterns	All-waveform display, waveform + numerical display			

Automatic data save function

Functions	Saves the user-specified measured values every user-specified interval
Save destination	OFF, USB flash drive
Saved parameters	The user can select it from all measured values, including harmonic measured values Automatic saving of harmonic data is not supported when the data refresh rate is set to 1 ms.
Interval	OFF, 1 ms, 10 ms, 50 ms, 100 ms, 200 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 5 s, 10 s, 15 s, 30 s, 1 min, 5 min, 10 min, 15 min, 30 min, 60 min However, it is not possible to set less than the data update rate.
Max. savable data	Approx. 500 MB per file (automatically segmented) × 1000 files
Data format	CSV Comma (,) as the measurement data delimiter and period (.) as the decimal poin SSV Semicolon (;) as the measurement data delimiter and comma (,) as the decimal point BIN Shared file format that can be loaded by GENNECT One
Filename	Automatically created based on start time and date.

Manual data save function

(1) Measurement da	ata				
	Measured values are saved when the SAVE key is pressed.				
Functions	Data is output to the same file until the settings are changed or until the DATA RESET key is pressed.				
Save destination	USB flash drive				
Saved parameters	User-selected from all measured values,				
· ·	including harmonic measured values				
Max. save data	Approx. 500 MB per file (automatically segmented)				
Data format	CSV, SSV				
(2) Waveform data					
Functions	Waveforms are saved in the set format when the [Save] but- ton on the touch panel in the wave screen is touched.				
Save destination	USB flash drive				
Saved parameters	Waveform data shown on waveform screen				
Max. save data	Approx. 400 MB (binary) or approx. 2 GB (In text format)				
Data format	CSV, SSV, BIN, MAT (file format for MATLAB)				
(3) FFT data					
Functions	FFT calculation results data is saved when the user taps the "Save" button on the [WAVEFORM + FFT] screen's touch panel.				
Save destination	USB flash drive				
Saved parameters	FFT data shown on waveform and FFT screen				
Max. save data	Approx. 112 MB (In text format)				
Data format	1,000,000 data per file (automatically segmented) CSV, SSV				
	037, 337				
(4) Screenshots	Screenshots are saved when the COPY key is pressed.				
Functions	A settings list can be can be added to the screenshot Comment addition function				
O d d'	Touch-pen or finger drawings can be added to the screenshot				
Save destination	USB flash drive				
Saved parameters Data format	Screen data PNG				
	FNG				
(5) Settings data					
Functions	Settings information can be saved as a settings file on the FILE screen. Settings files saved on the FILE screen can be loaded and restored. This functionality does not include lan- guage and communications settings. Settings data includes an image depicting a list of the settings, which can be opened in an image viewer.				
Save destination	USB flash drive, FTP Servers				
Saved parameters	Settings data				
Data format	SET				
(6) CAN output setti					
Functions	Data output settings on the CAN OUTPUT screen are saved as a DBC file.				
Save destination	USB flash drive, FTP Servers				
Saved parameters	Output settings data				
Data format DBC					
(7) User-defined equ	uation data				
	User-defined equations set on the UDF screen are saved as a JSON file. JSON files saved on the UDF or FILE screen ca be loaded and their equations restored. If a loaded equation				
Functions	contains invalid terms (terms that cannot be selected due to the unit, option configuration, or other settings), the calcula- tion will path a conformed (the display will show (to -1))				
	the unit, option configuration, or other settings), the calcula- tion will not be performed (the display will show []).				
Save destination	the unit, option configuration, or other settings), the calcula- tion will not be performed (the display will show []). USB flash drive, FTP Servers				
	the unit, option configuration, or other settings), the calcula- tion will not be performed (the display will show []).				

Other functions

Clock function	Auto-calendar, automatic leap year detection, 24-hour clock
Actual time accuracy	When the instrument is ON, ±100 ppm When the instrument is off, within ±3 sec./day (25°C)
Sensor identification	Current sensors connected to probe 1 are automatically detected. Correction values are automatically applied if the current sensor has phase correction data.
Zero suppression	Select from "off" and "on" (0.5% f.s.).
function	When set to "on," measurement parameters whose values are less than 0.5% of full scale are replaced by the value 0.

Environment and safety specifications

Operating environment	Indoors at an elevation of up to 2000 m in a Pollution Level 2 environment
Operating temperature and humidity	0°C to 40°C, 80% RH or less (no condensation)
Storage temperature and humidity	-10°C to 50°C, 80% RH or less (no condensation)
Dustproofness, water- proofness	IP20 (EN 60529)
Standards	Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A
Power supply	Grid power Rated supply voltage: 100 to 240 V AC (assuming voltage fluctuations of ±10% relative to rated sup- ply voltage) Rated power supply frequency: 50 Hz, 60 Hz Anticipated transient overvoltage: 2500 V Max. rated power: 230 VA
Backup battery life	Lithium battery: approx. 10 years (23°C reference value) Backup contents: time and setting conditions
Dimensions	Approx. 430W × 221H × 361D mm (16.93 in. W × 8.70 in. H × 14.21 in. D) (excluding protruding parts)
Weight	Approx. 14 kg (493.84 oz.) (reference value with unit mounted)
Product warranty period	3 year

Overview of supported current sensors and specifications

High-accuracy pass-through current sensors

High-accuracy pass-through current sensors							ed accuracy period: 1 year					
Mo	odel		СТ6877	A, CT6877A-1	СТ6876	A, CT6876A-1	CT6904A-	2*1, CT6904A-3*1	СТ6904А	, CT6904A-1*1	СТ6875	A, CT6875A-1
Appearance										Soc		
Ra	Rated current		2000 A AC/DC		1000 A AC/DC		800 A AC/DC		500 A AC/DC		500	A AC/DC
Fre	equency band		DC	to 1 MHz		: DC to 1.5 MHz 1: DC to 1.2 MHz		A-2: DC to 4 MHz A-3: DC to 2 MHz		A: DC to 4 MHz -1: DC to 2 MHz		A: DC to 2 MHz 1: DC to 1.5 MHz
Dia	Diameter of measurable conductors		Max. φ 80 mm (3.14 in.)		Max.		Max.		Max.		Max. φ 36 mm (1.41 in.)	
	Combined*2	Current (I) Active power (P)	DC : ±0.06% ±0.058% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.06% ±0.058% 0 DC : ±0.06% ±0.058% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.06% ±0.058%		DC : ±0.06% ±0.058% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.06% ±0.058% DC : ±0.06% ±0.058% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.06% ±0.058%		U7001 accuracy + Sensor accuracy		U7001 accuracy + Sensor accuracy		DC $45 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 66 \text{ Hz}$ DC $45 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 66 \text{ Hz}$: ±0.06% ±0.058% : ±0.06% ±0.058% : ±0.06% ±0.058% : ±0.06% ±0.058%
	117005	Current (I)	DC 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.06% ±0.038%	DC 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.06% ±0.038%	DC 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.05% ±0.037%	DC 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.045% ±0.037%	DC	: ±0.06% ±0.038%
	U7005 Combined*2	Active power (P)	DC 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.05% ±0.028% : ±0.06% ±0.038% : ±0.05% ±0.028%	DC 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.05% ±0.028% : ±0.06% ±0.038% : ±0.05% ±0.028%	DC 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.035% ±0.027% : ±0.05% ±0.037% : ±0.035% ±0.037%	DC 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.03% ±0.027% : ±0.045% ±0.037% : ±0.03% ±0.027%	$45 Hz \le f \le 66 Hz$ DC $45 Hz \le f \le 66 Hz$: ±0.05% ±0.028% : ±0.06% ±0.038% : ±0.05% ±0.028%
acy			DC DC < f < 16 Hz	: ±0.04% ±0.008% : ±0.1% ±0.02%	DC DC < f < 16 Hz	: ±0.04% ±0.008% : ±0.1% ±0.02%	DC DC < f < 16 Hz	: ±0.030% ±0.009% : ±0.2% ±0.025%	DC DC < f < 16 Hz	: ±0.025% ±0.007% : ±0.2% ±0.02%	DC DC < f < 16 Hz	: ±0.04% ±0.008% : ±0.1% ±0.02%
Accuracy			$16 \text{ Hz} \le f < 45 \text{ Hz}$ $45 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 66 \text{ Hz}$: ±0.1% ±0.02% : ±0.05% ±0.01% : ±0.04% ±0.008%	$16 \text{ Hz} \le f < 45 \text{ Hz}$ $45 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 66 \text{ Hz}$: ±0.1% ±0.02% : ±0.05% ±0.01% : ±0.04% ±0.008%	$16 \text{ Hz} \le f < 45 \text{ Hz}$ $45 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 65 \text{ Hz}$: ±0.2% ±0.025% : ±0.1% ±0.025% : ±0.025% ±0.009%		: ±0.2% ±0.02% : ±0.1% ±0.02% : ±0.02% ±0.007%	$16 \text{ Hz} \le f < 45 \text{ Hz}$ $45 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 66 \text{ Hz}$: ±0.1% ±0.02% : ±0.05% ±0.01% : ±0.04% ±0.008%
			66 Hz < f ≤ 100 Hz	: ±0.05% ±0.01%	66 Hz < f ≤ 100 Hz	: ±0.05% ±0.01%	65 Hz < f ≤ 850 Hz	: ±0.05% ±0.009%	65 Hz < f ≤ 850 Hz	: ±0.05% ±0.007%	66 Hz < f ≤ 100 Hz	: ±0.05% ±0.01%
	Sensor only (a	amplitude)*3	$100 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz}$ $500 \text{ Hz} < f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$: ±0.1% ±0.02% : ±0.2% ±0.02%	$100 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz}$ $500 \text{ Hz} < f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$: ±0.1% ±0.02% : ±0.2% ±0.02%	850 Hz < f \leq 1 kHz 1 kHz < f \leq 5 kHz	: ±0.1% ±0.013% : ±0.4% ±0.025%	850 Hz $<$ f \leq 1 kHz 1 kHz $<$ f \leq 5 kHz	: ±0.1% ±0.01% : ±0.4% ±0.02%	$100 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz}$ $500 \text{ Hz} < f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$: ±0.1% ±0.02% : ±0.2% ±0.02%
			1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	: ±0.5% ±0.02%*5	1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	: ±0.5% ±0.02%*5	$5 \text{ kHz} < f \le 10 \text{ kHz}$: ±0.4% ±0.025%	$5 \text{ kHz} < f \le 10 \text{ kHz}$: ±0.4% ±0.02%	1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	: ±0.4% ±0.02%*5
			10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz	: ±1.5% ±0.05%*5	10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz	: ±2% ±0.05%*5	10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz			: ±1% ±0.02%		: ±1.5% ±0.05%*5
			50 kHz < f \leq 100 kHz		50 kHz < f \leq 100 kHz		50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz		$50 \text{ kHz} < f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$		50 kHz < f \leq 100 kHz	
			100 kHz < f ≤ 700 kHz	z : ±(0.025×f)% ±0.05%*5	100 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz	100 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz	100 kHz < f ≤ 300 kH 300 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz		$100 \text{ kHz} < f \le 300 \text{ kHz}$ $300 \text{ kHz} < f \le 1 \text{ MHz}$		100 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz	: ±(0.025×f kHz)% ±0.05%*5
	⊥ mmon-Mode R MRR)	ejection Ratio	140 dB or greater (50/60 Hz) 120 dB or greater (100 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)		140 dB or greater (50/60 Hz) 120 dB or greater (100 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)		140 dB or greater (50/60 Hz) 120 dB or greater (100 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)		140 dB or greater (50/60 Hz) 120 dB or greater (100 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)		120 dB or 0	greater (50/60 Hz) greater (100 kHz) je and common mode voltage)
Lir	earity errors (ty	/pical)	±10 ppm		±5 ppm		±12.5 ppm		±5 ppm		±5 ppm	
Of	fset errors (typic	cal)		±5 ppm		±5 ppm	:	⊧10 ppm	±10 ppm			±5 ppm
An	nplitude errors ((typical)	(DC) ±15 ppm, (10 to 100 Hz) ±0.01%, (100 Hz to 1 kHz) ±0.04%, (1 k to 10 kHz) ±0.25%, (10 k to 100 kHz) ±1%, (100 k to 300 kHz) ±2%, (300 kHz to 700 kHz) ±10%		(DC) ±10 ppm, (10 to 100 Hz) ±0.005%, (100 Hz to 1 kHz) ±0.03%, (1 k to 10 kHz) ±0.2% (10 k to 100 kHz) ±1%, (100 k to 300 kHz) ±3%, (300 kHz-1 MHz) ±15%,			-		-	(100 Hz to 1 kHz) ±0. (20 k to 100 kHz) ±0.	(10 to 100 Hz) ±0.005%, 02%, (1 k to 20 kHz) ±0.08%, 5%, (100 k to 300 kHz) ±1%, k to 1 MHz) ±5%
Frequency derating		ıg	To the second se		10 		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		M A A A A C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
	tput voltage			(= 2 V / 2000 A)		= 2 V / 1000 A)		(= 2 V / 1000 A)		(= 2 V / 500 A)		(= 2 V / 500 A)
Operating temperature and humidity*4		· · · ·	to 185°F), 80% RH or less								to 185°F), 80% RH or less	
Sto	prage temperatur	e and humidity*4		to 185°F), 80% RH or less								to 185°F), 80% RH or less
	aximum rated vo	oltage to earth	anticipated transi	0 V CATIII ent overvoltage: 8000 V	anticipated transi	0 V CATIII ent overvoltage: 8000 V	anticipated trans	00 V CATIII ient overvoltage: 8000 V	anticipated transie	0 V CATIII ent overvoltage: 8000 V	anticipated transi	0 V CATIII ent overvoltage: 8000 V
Sta	andards			010, EMC: EN 61326		010, EMC: EN 61326		010, EMC: EN 61326		010, EMC: EN 61326		010, EMC: EN 61326
-	ble length		CT6877A-1: ap	pprox. 3 m (9.84 ft.) pprox. 10 m (32.81 ft.) V × 232H × 112D mm	CT6876A-1: ap	pprox. 3 m (9.84 ft.) pprox. 10 m (32.81 ft.) V × 112H × 50D mm	CT6904A-3: approx. 10	m (9.84 ft.) (including relay box) m (32.81 ft.) (including relay box) $N \times 120H \times 52D$ mm	CT6904A-1: approx. 10 r	(9.84 ft.) (including relay box)) m (32.81 ft.) (including relay box) V × 120H × 52D mm	CT6875A-1: ap	pprox. 3 m (9.84 ft.) pprox. 10 m (32.81 ft.) V × 112H × 50D mm
Di	nensions			V × 9.13H × 4.41D in.)	(approx. 6.30V	/ × 4.41H × 1.97D in.)		$N \times 4.72H \times 2.05D$ in.)		/ × 4.72H × 2.05D in.)		/ × 4.41H × 1.97D in.)
Weight			prox. 5 kg (176.4 oz.) prox. 5.3 kg (187.0 oz.)		rox. 0.97 kg (34.2 oz.) prox. 1.3 kg (45.9 oz.)		prox. 1.15 kg (40.6 oz.) prox. 1.45 kg (51.1 oz.)		rox. 1.05kg (37.0 oz.) prox. 1.35 kg (47.6 oz.)		rox. 0.8 kg (28.2 oz.) prox. 1.1 kg (38.8 oz.)	

*1: Build-to-order product *2: ±(% of reading + % of range), range is PW8001 *3: ±(% of reading + % of full scale), full scale is rated current of sensor *4: Non-condensing

*5: When 1 kHz < f ≤ 700 kHz (CT6877A-1), 1 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz (CT6876A-1/CT6875A-1), add ±(0.005 × f [kHz])% of reading to amplitude accuracy *6: When 50 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz (CT6904A-3, CT6904A-1), add ±(0.015 × f)% of reading to amplitude accuracy

High-accuracy pase-through current sensors

High-accuracy pass-throu	ugh current sensors		Product warranty per	riod: 3 year Guaranteed accuracy period: 1 year	
Model	CT6873, CT6873-01	CT6863-05	CT6872, CT6872-01	CT6862-05	
Appearance					
Rated current	200 A AC/DC	200 A AC/DC	50 A AC/DC	50 A AC/DC	
Frequency band	DC to 10 MHz	DC to 500 kHz	DC to 10 MHz	DC to 1 MHz	
Diameter of measurable conductors	Max. φ 24 mm (0.94 in.)	Max. φ 24 mm (0.94 in.)	Max. φ 24 mm (0.94 in.)	Max. φ 24 mm (0.94 in.)	
U7001 Combined*1 Current (I) Active power (P)	DC : ±0.05% ±0.052% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.05% ±0.057% DC : ±0.05% ±0.052% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.05% ±0.057%	U7001 accuracy + Sensor accuracy	DC : ±0.05% ±0.052% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.05% ±0.057% DC : ±0.05% ±0.052% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.05% ±0.057%	U7001 accuracy + Sensor accuracy	
U7005 Current (I) Combined*1 Active power (P)	DC : ±0.05% ±0.032% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.04% ±0.027% DC : ±0.05% ±0.032% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.04% ±0.027%	U7005 accuracy + Sensor accuracy	DC :±0.05% ±0.032% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz :±0.04% ±0.027% DC :±0.05% ±0.032% 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz :±0.04% ±0.027%	U7005 accuracy + Sensor accuracy	
Accuracy	DC : ±0.03% ±0.002% DC < f ≤ 16 Hz	DC : ±0.05% ±0.01% DC < f ≤ 16 Hz	DC : ±0.03% ±0.002% DC < f ≤ 16 Hz	DC : ±0.05% ±0.01% DC < f ≤ 16 Hz	
Sensor only (amplitude)*2	45 Hz < f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.03% ±0.007% 66 Hz < f ≤ 100 Hz : ±0.04% ±0.01% 100 Hz < f ≤ 500 Hz : ±0.05% ±0.01% 500 Hz < f ≤ 10 kHz : ±0.1% ±0.01% 3 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz : ±0.2% ±0.02% 10 k Hz < f ≤ 1 MHz : ±(0.018x f kHz)% ±0.05%	400 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz : ±0.2% ±0.02% 1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz : ±0.7% ±0.02% 5 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz : ±1% ±0.02% 10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz : ±2% ±0.02% 50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz : ±5% ±0.05% 100 kHz < f ≤ 300 kHz : ±1% ±0.05%	45 Hz < f ≤ 66 Hz :±0.03% ±0.007% 66 Hz < f ≤ 100 Hz :±0.04% ±0.01% 100 Hz < f ≤ 500 Hz :±0.06% ±0.01% 500 Hz < f ≤ 10 Hz :±0.1% ±0.01% 1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz :±0.15% ±0.02% 10 k Hz < f ≤ 1 MHz :±0.012x kHz)% ±0.05%	400 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz : ±0.2% ±0.02% 1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz : ±0.7% ±0.02% 5 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz : ±1% ±0.02% 10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz : ±1% ±0.02% 50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz : ±2% ±0.05% 100 kHz < f ≤ 300 kHz : ±5% ±0.05%	
		300 kHz < f ≤ 500 kHz: ±30% ±0.05%		300 k Hz < f ≤ 700 kHz : ±10% ±0.05% 700 kHz < f < 1 MHz : ±30% ±0.05%	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)*3	140 dD on grant (1 k) is to to (k) (-)	0.05% f.s. or less (1000 V rms, DC to 100 Hz)	140 dB or greater (1 kHz to 10 kHz) 120 dB or greater (10 kHz to 100 kHz) 100 dB or greater (100 kHz to 10 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)	0.05% f.s. or less (1000 V rms, DC to 100 Hz)	
Linearity errors (typical)	±2 ppm	-	±2 ppm	-	
Offset errors (typical)	±5 ppm	-	±5 ppm	-	
Amplitude errors (typical)	(DC) ±7 ppm, (10 to 500 Hz) ±0.005%, (500 Hz-3 kHz) ±0.01%, (3 k to 30 kHz) ±0.1%, (30 k to 100 kHz) ±0.4%, (100 k to 400 kHz) ±1%, (400 kHz to 1 MHz) ±3%	-	(DC) ±7 ppm, (10 to 100 Hz) ±0.005%, (100 Hz to 1 kHz) ±0.01%, (1 k to 50 kHz) ±0.1%, (50 k to 100 kHz) ±0.3%, (100 k to 300 kHz) ±1%, (300 kHz to 1 MHz) ±3%	-	
Frequency derating	000 A 00 A 00 A 000 A 00	DC 1 10 100 1k 10k 10K 1M Frequency [Hz]	100 A 100 B 100 B 1	DC 1 10 100 1K 10K 100K 1M Frequency [H2]	
Output voltage	10 mV/A (= 2 V/200 A)	10 mV/A (= 2 V/200 A)	40 mV/A (= 2 V/50 A)	40 mV/A (= 2 V/50 A)	
Operating temperature and humidity*4			-40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less		
Storage temperature and humidity*4 Maximum rated voltage to earth	-40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 1000 V CATIII anticipated transient overvoltage: 8000 V	-30°C to 85°C (-22°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 1000 V AC/DC CATIII (50/60 Hz) anticipated transient overvoltage: 8000 V	1000 V CATIII anticipated transient overvoltage: 8000 V	-30°C to 85°C (-22°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 1000 V AC/DC CAT III (50/60 Hz) anticipated transient overvoltage: 8000 V	
Standards	Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326	Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326	Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326	Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326	
Cable length	CT6873: approx. 3 m (9.84 ft.) CT6873-01: approx. 10 m (32.81 ft.)	Approx. 3 m (9.84 ft.)	CT6872: approx. 3 m (9.84 ft.) CT6872-01: approx. 10 m (32.81 ft.)	Approx. 3 m (9.84 ft.)	
Dimensions	Approx. 70W × 110H × 53D mm (approx. 2.76W × 4.33H × 2.09D in.)	Approx. 70W × 100H × 53D mm (approx. 2.76W × 3.94H × 2.09D in.)	Approx. 70W × 110H × 53D mm (approx. 2.76W × 4.33 × 2.09D in.)	Approx. 70W × 100H × 53D m (approx. 2.76W × 3.94H × 2.09D in.)	
Weight	CT6873: approx. 370 g (13.1 oz.) CT6873-01: approx. 690 g (24.3 o.z)	Approx. 350 g (12.3 oz.)	CT6872: approx. 370 g (13.1 oz.) CT682-01: approx. 690 g (24.3 oz.)	Approx. 340 g (12.0 oz.)	

*1: ±(% of reading + % of range), range is PW8001 *2: ±(% of reading + % of full scale), full scale is rated current of sensor *3: Figures for CT6862-05 and CT6863-05 reflect effects of common-mode voltage. *4: Non-condensing

High-accuracy clamp current sensors

Product warranty period: 3 year Guaranteed accuracy period: 1 year

Model	CT6846A	CT6845A	CT6844A	CT6843A	riod: 3 year Guaranteed accuracy period: 1 year CT6841A	
Appearance						
Rated current	1000 A AC/DC	500 A AC/DC	500 A AC/DC	200 A AC/DC	20 A AC/DC	
Frequency band	DC to 100 kHz	DC to 200 kHz	DC to 500 kHz	DC to 700 kHz	DC to 2 MHz	
Diameter of measurable condu	ctors Max. φ 50 mm (1.97 in.)	Max. φ 50 mm (1.97 in.)	Max. φ 20 mm (0.79 in.)	Max. ¢ 20 mm (0.79 in.)	Max. φ 20 mm (0.79 in.)	
	DC : ±0.22% ±0.07%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.07%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.07%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.07%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.1%	
U7001 Current (I)	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.22% ±0.06%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.22% ±0.06%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.22% ±0.06%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.22% ±0.06%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.22% ±0.06%	
	(D) DC : ±0.22% ±0.07%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.07%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.07%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.07%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.1%	
Active powe	45 HZ ST S 00 HZ : ±0.22% ±0.06%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.22% ±0.06%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.22% ±0.06%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.22% ±0.06%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.22% ±0.06%	
Current (I)	DC : ±0.22% ±0.05%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.05%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.05%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.05%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.08%	
07005	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.21% ±0.03%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.21% ±0.03%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.21% ±0.03%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.21% ±0.03%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.21% ±0.03%	
Combined ^{*1} Active powe	(P) DC : ±0.22% ±0.05%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.05%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.05%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.05%	DC : ±0.22% ±0.08%	
	45 HZ ST S 00 HZ : ±0.21% ±0.03%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.21% ±0.03%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.21% ±0.03%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.21% ±0.03%	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz : ±0.21% ±0.03%	
	DC : ±0.2% ±0.02%	DC : ±0.2% ±0.02%	DC : ±0.2% ±0.02%	DC : ±0.2% ±0.02%	DC : ±0.2% ±0.05%	
CU	DC < f ≤ 100 Hz : ±0.2% ±0.01%	DC < f ≤ 100 Hz : ±0.2% ±0.01%	DC < f ≤ 100 Hz : ±0.2% ±0.01%	DC < f ≤ 100 Hz : ±0.2% ±0.01%	DC < f ≤ 100 Hz : ±0.2% ±0.01%	
Ac	$100 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz} : \pm 0.5\% \pm 0.02\%$	$100 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz}$: ±0.3% ±0.02%	$100 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz}$: ±0.3% ±0.02%	100 Hz < f ≤ 500 Hz : ±0.3% ±0.02%	$100 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz}$: $\pm 0.3\% \pm 0.02\%$	
	500 Hz < f \le 1 kHz : ±1.0% ±0.02%	$500 \text{ Hz} < f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$: ±0.5% ±0.02%	500 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz : ±0.5% ±0.02%	500 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz : ±0.5% ±0.02%	500 Hz < f \le 1 kHz : ±0.5% ±0.02%	
Concerents (omplitude)*2	1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz	1 kHz < f \leq 5 kHz : ±1.0% ±0.02% 5 kHz < f \leq 10 kHz : ±1.5% ±0.02%	1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz : ±1.0% ±0.02% 5 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz : ±1.5% ±0.02%	$1 \text{ kHz} < f \le 5 \text{ kHz} \qquad : \pm 1.0\% \pm 0.02\%$ 5 \text{ kHz} < f \le 10 \text{ kHz} \qquad : \pm 1.5\% \pm 0.02\%	1 kHz < f \leq 5 kHz : \pm 1.0% \pm 0.02% 5 kHz < f \leq 10 kHz : \pm 1.5% \pm 0.02%	
Sensor only (amplitude)*2	$5 \text{ kHz} < 1 \le 10 \text{ kHz}$ $\pm 30\% \pm 0.02\%$ 10 kHz $< f \le 50 \text{ kHz}$ $\pm 30\% \pm 0.02\%$	$5 \text{ KHz} < f \le 10 \text{ KHz}$ $\therefore \pm 1.5\% \pm 0.02\%$ 10 kHz $< f \le 20 \text{ kHz}$ $\therefore \pm 5.0\% \pm 0.02\%$	$10 \text{ kHz} < f \le 50 \text{ kHz}$: $\pm 5.0\% \pm 0.02\%$	$10 \text{ kHz} < f \le 50 \text{ kHz}$: $\pm 5.0\% \pm 0.02\%$	$5 \text{ kHz} < 1 \le 10 \text{ kHz}$ $\therefore \pm 1.5\% \pm 0.02\%$ 10 kHz $< f \le 50 \text{ kHz}$ $\therefore \pm 2.0\% \pm 0.02\%$	
	- :-	$20 \text{ kHz} < f \le 50 \text{ kHz} : \pm 3.0\% \pm 0.02\%$	50 kHz < f≤ 100 kHz : ±15% ±0.05%	$50 \text{ kHz} < f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$: ±10% ±0.05%	$50 \text{ kHz} < f \le 30 \text{ kHz}^{-1} \pm 5.0\% \pm 0.02\%$	
		$50 \text{ kHz} < f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$: ±30% ±0.05%	$100 \text{ kHz} < f \le 300 \text{ kHz}$: ±30% ±0.05%	$100 \text{ kHz} < f \le 300 \text{ kHz} : \pm 15\% \pm 0.05\%$	$100 \text{ kHz} < f \le 300 \text{ kHz}$: ±10% ±0.05%	
			- :-	$300 \text{ kHz} < f \le 500 \text{ kHz} : \pm 30\% \pm 0.05\%$	$300 \text{ kHz} < f \le 500 \text{ kHz} : \pm 15\% \pm 0.05\%$	
				- :-	500 kHz < f < 1 MHz : ±30% ±0.05%	
Common-Mode Rejection Rati (CMRR)	150 dB or greater (DC to 1 kHz) 130 dB or greater (1 kHz to 10 kHz) 100 dB or greater (10 kHz to 50 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage	150 dB or greater (DC to 1 kHz) 130 dB or greater (1 kHz to 10 kHz) 100 dB or greater (1 kHz to 100 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)	150 dB or greater (DC to 1 kHz) 135 dB or greater (1 kHz to 10 kHz) 120 dB or greater (10 kHz to 100 kHz) 100 dB or greater (100 kHz to 300 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)	150 dB or greater (DC to 1 kHz) 135 dB or greater (1 kHz to 10 kHz) 115 dB or greater (10 kHz to 100 kHz) 95 dB or greater (100 kHz to 500 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)	140 dB or greater (DC to 1 kHz) 125 dB or greater (1 kHz to 10 kHz) 100 dB or greater (10 kHz to 100 kHz) 80 dB or greater (100 kHz to 1 MHz)	
Linearity errors (typical)	±20 ppm	±20 ppm	±20 ppm	±20 ppm	±20 ppm	
Frequency derating	1800 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	1200 -100 A -100 A 9 -750 A -100 A 100 -750 A -100 A 100 000 C 1 600 C Continuos) 100 000 C 1 600 C Continuos) 100 000 C 1 600 C Continuos)	000 1720 A 1550 A	500 500 400 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	50 60	
	[∞] 0 [∞] 0 [∞] 10 [∞]	DC 10 100 1k 10k 100k 1M Frequency [Hz]	DC 10 100 1k 10k 100k 1M Frequency [Hz]	DC 10 100 1k 10k 100k 1M Frequency [Hz]	Frequency [Hz]	
Output voltage	DC 10 100 1k 10k 100k 11					
•	¹⁰ DC 10 1k 10k 10k 11 Frequency [Hz] 2 mV/A (= 2 V/1000 A) 10k 11	Frequency [Hz] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A)	Frequency [Hz]	Frequency [Hz]	Frequency [Hz]	
Operating temperature and humic	0 DC 10 100 1k 10k 100k 11 Frequency [Hz] 2 mV/A (= 2 V/1000 A) ty*3 -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less	Frequency [Hz] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A) 5 -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less	Frequency [Hz] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A)	Frequency [Hz] 10 mV/A (= 2 V/200 A)	Frequency [Hz] 100 mV/A (= 2 V/20 A)	
Operating temperature and humic Storage temperature and humidity Withstand voltage	0 DC 10 100 1k 10k 100k 11 Prequency[Hz] 2 mV/A (= 2 V/1000 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 4260 V AC Withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 mir between jaws and cable output terminal	Frequency [Hz] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less	Frequency [Fts] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 240°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 min between jaws and cable output terminal	Frequency [No] 10 mV/A (= 2 V/200 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 420°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 420°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 420°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 420°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less between jaws and cable output terminal	Frequency Htd 100 mV/A (= 2 V/20 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 4260 V AC Withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 min., between jaws and cable output terminal	
Operating temperature and humic Storage temperature and humidity Withstand voltage	0 DC 10 100 1k 10k 100k 11 Frequency [Hz] 2 mV/A (= 2 V/1000 A) 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 4260 V AC Withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 mir	Frequency [Hz] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less	Frequency [Fte] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less	Frequency [No] 10 mV/A (= 2 V/200 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 420°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less	Frequency Ite] 100 mV/A (= 2 V/20 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 4260 V AC Withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 min.,	
Output voltage Operating temperature and humic Storage temperature and humidity Withstand voltage Standards Cable length	0 DC 10 100 1k 10k 100k 11 Frequency[Hz] 2 mV/A (= 2 V/1000 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 4260 V AC Withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 mir between jaws and cable output terminal	Frequency [Hz] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less	Frequency [Fts] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 240°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 min between jaws and cable output terminal	Frequency [No] 10 mV/A (= 2 V/200 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 420°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 420°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 420°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 420°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less between jaws and cable output terminal	Frequency Hdj 100 mV/A (= 2 V/20 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 4260 V AC Withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 min., between jaws and cable output terminal	
Operating temperature and humic Storage temperature and humidity Withstand voltage Standards	0 DC 10 100 1k 10k 100k 11 Frequency[Hz] 2 mV/A (= 2 V/1000 A) 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 4260 V AC Withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 mir between jaws and cable output terminal Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326	Frequency [Hz] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less	Frequency [He] 4 mV/A (= 2 V/500 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 240°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less between jaws and cable output terminal Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326	Frequency [Nz] 10 mV/A (= 2 V/200 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 4260 V AC Withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 min., between jaws and cable output terminal Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326	Frequency Hdj 100 mV/A (= 2 V/20 A) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 4260 V AC Withstand test current of 1 mA, 50/60 Hz, 1 min., between jaws and cable output terminal Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326	

*1: ±(% of reading + % of range), range is PW8001 *2: ±(% of reading + % of full scale), full scale is rated current of sensor *3: Non-condensing

High-accuracy

cl	amp current sensors		Product warranty period: 3 y	vear Guaranteed accur	acy period: 1 year (CT6831, CT6830)	Product warranty	period: 1 year Guaranteed accura	cy period: 1 year (CT6834	, CT6834-01, CT6833, CT6833-01)	
M	odel		CT6831		СТ6830	СТ68	34, CT6834-01	СТ683	33, CT6833-01	
Appearance		NEW	NEW		NEW		NEW		NEW	
Ra	ated current		20 A AC/DC		2 A AC/DC	500 A AC/DC		200A AC/DC		
Fr	equency band		DC to 100 kHz	[DC to 100 kHz	D	C to 50 kHz	DC to 50 kHz		
Di	ameter of measurable conductors	Max	α. φ 5 mm (0.20 in.)	Max.	φ 5 mm (0.20 in.)	Max. ¢	o 20 mm (0.79 in.)	Мах. ф	20 mm (0.79 in.)	
	U7001 Combined Current (I) Active power (P)	U7001 ac	curacy + Sensor accuracy	U7001 accuracy + Sensor accuracy		U7001 accu	racy + Sensor accuracy	U7001 accur	acy + Sensor accuracy	
uracv	Combined Current (I) Active power (P)	U7005 ac	curacy + Sensor accuracy	U7005 acc	euracy + Sensor accuracy	U7005 accu	racy + Sensor accuracy	U7005 accuracy + Sensor accuracy		
		DC	: ±0.3% ±0.10%	DC	: ±0.3% ±0.10%	DC	: ±0.07% ±0.01%	DC	: ±0.07% ±0.01%	
		DC < f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.3% ±0.01%	DC < f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.3% ±0.05%	DC < f < 16 Hz	: ±0.15% ±0.01%	DC < f < 16 Hz		
	Sensor only (amplitude)*1	$66 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz}$ $500 \text{ Hz} < f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$: ±0.3% ±0.02% : ±0.5% ±0.05%	$66 \text{ Hz} < f \le 500 \text{ Hz}$ $500 \text{ Hz} < f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$: ±0.3% ±0.05% : ±0.5% ±0.05%	$16 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 66 \text{ Hz}$ $66 \text{ Hz} < f \le 100 \text{ Hz}$: ±0.07% ±0.007% : ±0.07% ±0.007%	$16 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 66 \text{ Hz}$ $66 \text{ Hz} < f \le 100 \text{ Hz}$		
	Sensor only (amplitude)*1	1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz	: ±1.0% ±0.10%	$1 \text{ kHz} < f \le 5 \text{ kHz}$: ±1.0% ±0.10%	100 Hz < f ≤ 500 Hz	: ±0.1% ±0.01%	100 Hz < f ≤ 500 Hz		
		$5 \text{ kHz} < f \le 10 \text{ kHz}$: ±5.0% ±0.10%	$5 \text{ kHz} < f \le 10 \text{ kHz}$: ±5.0% ±0.10%	500 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	: ±0.25% ±0.02%	500 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz		
		10 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz	: ±30% ±0.10%	10 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz	: ±30% ±0.10%	1 kHz < f ≤ 20 kHz	: ±(0.25% × 1)% ±0.02%	1 kHz < f ≤ 20 kHz	: ±0.07% ±0.01% : ±0.15% ±0.01% : ±0.07% ±0.007% z : ±0.07% ±0.007% dz : ±0.1% ±0.01% z : ±0.25% ±0.02% z : ±(0.25% x 1)% ±0.02% dB or greater (DC to 1 kHz) B or greater (10 kHz to 10 kHz) B or greater (10 kHz to 50 kHz)	
	ommon-Mode Rejection Ratio MRR)	130 dB or	140 dB or greater (DC to 100 Hz) 130 dB or greater (100 Hz to 1 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)		140 dB or greater (DC to 100 Hz) 125 dB or greater (100 Hz to 1 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)		150 dB or greater (DC to 1 kHz) 130 dB or greater (1 kHz to 10 kHz) 120 dB or greater (10 kHz to 50 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)		150 dB or greater (DC to 1 kHz) 130 dB or greater (1 kHz to 10 kHz) 120 dB or greater (1 kHz to 50 kHz) (effect on output voltage and common mode voltage)	
Fr	equency derating	100 00 A (-40°C ≤ T, 20 A (-40°C ≤ T, 1 10 DC			<i>T.:</i> Ambient temperature	S 800 S	g (t minute) g (continuous), guaranteed accuracy range	(Sover the second secon	(continuous) ed acuracy range 100 1k 10k 100k Frequency [Hz]	
0	utput voltage	0.1	1 V/A (= 2 V/20 A)		1 V/A		4 mV/A		10 mV/A	
Op	perating temperature and humidity*2		C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less 0°C (-77°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less		C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less °C (-77°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less		85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less C (-13°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less	or Sensor, cable: -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F), 80% RH or less Relay box: -25°C to 50°C (-13°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less		
St	orage temperature and humidity*2		nsor and relay box: 77°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less		sor and relay box: '7°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less	Sensor and relay box: -25°C to 50°C (-13°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less		Sensor and relay box: -25°C to 50°C (-13°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less		
St	andards		1 61010, EMC: EN 61326	,	61010, EMC: EN 61326		31010, EMC: EN 61326		1010, EMC: EN 61326	
Ca	able length		relay box: approx. 4 m (13.12 ft.) output connector: approx 0.2 m (0.66 ft.)		relay box: approx. 4 m (13.12 ft.) utput connector: approx 0.2 m (0.66 ft.)		n (16.40 ft.) including relay box) m (32.81 ft.) including relay box		n (16.40 ft.) including relay box m (32.81 ft.) including relay box	
Di	mensions	(approx. Relay box: App	x. 76.5W × 23.4H × 14.2D mm 3.00W × 0.92H × 0.56D in.) prox. 80W × 20H × 26.5D mm 3.15W × 0.79H × 1.04D in.)	(approx. : Relay box: App	76.5W × 23.4 H × 14.2D mm 3.00W × 0.92H × 0.56D in.) rox. 80W × 20H × 26.5D mm 3.15W × 0.79H × 1.04D in.)	(approx. 5.87) Relay box: appro	. 149W × 46H × 16.5D mm 7W × 1.81H × 0.65D in.) x. 126W × 57H × 20.5D mm 5W × 2.24H × 0.81D in.)	Sensor: approx. 149W × 46H × 16.5D mm (approx. 5.87W × 1.81H × 0.65D in.) Relay box: approx. 126W × 57H × 20.5D mm (approx. 4.96W × 2.24H × 0.81D in.)		
M	ass	Appr	ox. 160 g (5.64 oz.)	Appro	ox. 160 g (5.64 oz.)		prox. 500 g (17.64 oz.) Ipprox. 710 g (25.05 oz.)		CT6833: approx. 500 g (17.64 oz.) CT6833-01: approx. 710 g (25.05 oz.)	

*1: ±(% of reading + % of full scale) , full scale is rated current of sensor *2: Non-condensing

General use clamp sensor

Product warranty period: 3 year Guaranteed accuracy period: 1 year

Model	9272-05				
Appearance					
Rated current	20 A AC, 200 A AC (2 range)				
Frequency band	1 Hz to 100 kHz				
Diameter of measurable conductors	φ 46 mm or less				
Accuracy (amplitude) ±(% of reading + % of full scale)	$\begin{array}{rrrr} 1 \mbox{ Hz } \le f < 5 \mbox{ Hz } : \pm 2.0\% \pm 0.10\% \\ 5 \mbox{ Hz } \le f < 10 \mbox{ Hz } : \pm 1.0\% \pm 0.05\% \\ 10 \mbox{ Hz } \le f < 66 \mbox{ Hz } : \pm 0.5\% \pm 0.02\% \\ 45 \mbox{ Hz } \le f < 66 \mbox{ Hz } : \pm 0.5\% \pm 0.02\% \\ 66 \mbox{ Hz } < f \le 500 \mbox{ Hz } : \pm 0.5\% \pm 0.02\% \\ 500 \mbox{ Hz } < f \le 5 \mbox{ Hz } : \pm 1.0\% \pm 0.05\% \\ 5 \mbox{ kHz } < f \le 5 \mbox{ kHz } : \pm 1.0\% \pm 0.10\% \\ 10 \mbox{ kHz } < f \le 20 \mbox{ kHz } : \pm 5\% \pm 0.1\% \\ 20 \mbox{ kHz } < f \le 50 \mbox{ kHz } : \pm 5\% \pm 0.1\% \\ 500 \mbox{ kHz } < f \le 100 \mbox{ kHz } : \pm 30\% \pm 0.1\% \\ \end{array}$				
Frequency derating	1000 Arrange 2000 Arrange 20				
Output voltage	20 A range: 100 mV/A (= 2 V/20 A) 200 A range: 10 mV/A (= 2 V/200 A)				
Operating temperature and humidity*1	0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less				
Storage temperature and humidity*1	-10°C to 60°C (14°F to 140°F), 80% RH or less				
Withstand voltage	AC 600 V CATIII (50/60 Hz) anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V				
Standards	Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326 Class A				
Cable length	Approx. 3 m (9.84 ft.)				
Dimensions*2	Approx. 78W × 188H × 35D mm (approx. 3.07W × 7.40H × 1.38D in.)				
Weight	Approx. 450 g (15.9 oz.)				

*1: Non-condensing *2: Excluding protruding parts and cables

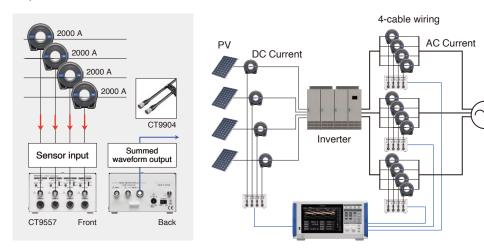
Direct-wiring type high-accuracy current sensors

Pro	duct warranty pe	eriod: 3 year Guarant	eed accuracy period	: 1 year	
Mc	del		PW9100/	A-3, PW9100A-4	
Appearance					
Ra	ted current		50 A AC/DC		
Fre	equency band		DC	to 3.5 MHz	
Me	asurement ter	rminals		nput, DCCT input h safety cover), M6 screws	
	U7001	Current (I)	U7001 accuracy + Sensor accuracy		
	Combined*1	Active power (P)	07001 accus	acy + Gensor accuracy	
	U7005	Current (I)	DC 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.04% ±0.037% : ±0.03% ±0.025%	
	Combined*1	Active new or (D)	DC	: ±0.04% ±0.037%	
		Active power (P)	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	: ±0.03% ±0.025%	
~			DC	: ±0.02% ±0.007%	
Accuracy			DC < f < 30 Hz	: ±0.1% ±0.02%	
cu			30 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz	: ±0.1% ±0.02%	
Ac			$45 \text{ Hz} \le \text{f} \le 65 \text{ Hz}$ $65 \text{ Hz} < \text{f} \le 500 \text{ Hz}$: ±0.02% ±0.005% : ±0.1% ±0.01%	
			500 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	: ±0.1% ±0.01%	
	Sensor only	(amplitude)*2	$1 \text{ kHz} < f \le 5 \text{ kHz}$: ±0.1% ±0.01%	
		(amplitude)	$5 \text{ kHz} < f \le 20 \text{ kHz}$: ±1% ±0.02%	
			20 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz	: ±1% ±0.02%	
			50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz	: ±2% ±0.05%	
			100 kHz < f ≤ 300 kH	lz : ±5% ±0.05%	
			300 kHz < f ≤ 700 kH		
			700 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz	: ±10% ±0.05%	
Effects of common mode voltage				ter (50/60 Hz, 100 kHz) ge and common mode voltage)	
Frequency derating			100 100 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	yrange 0 1k 10k 10k 10 10 Frequency (Hz)	
	tput voltage			//A (= 2 V/50 A)	
Operating temperature and humidity*1			0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F), 80% RH or less		
Storage temperature and humidity*1			-10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less		
Withstand voltage			600 V CATIII, 1000 V CATII anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V		
Standards			Safety: EN 61010, EMC: EN 61326 Class A		
Cable length			Approx. 0.8 m (2.62 ft.)		
Dimensions			Approx. 430W × 88H × 260D mm (approx. 16.9W × 3.46H × 10.23D in.)		
Weight				prox. 3.7 kg (130.5 oz.) prox. 4.3 kg (151.7 oz.)	
-					

*1: ±(% of reading + % of range) , range is PW8001 *2: ±(% of reading + % of full scale) , full scale is rated current of sensor *3: Non-condensing

Measure Large Currents of up to 8000 A

The Sensor Unit CT9557 adds and outputs current sensor output from multi-wire lines. With the PW8001, the CT9557 can be used to accurately measure large currents of up to 8000 A (on a 4-wire line).



CT9557 specifications

Connectable current	Current sensors are listed on p. 26 - p. 29		Wiring	Current	Using sensors
sensor	DC : ±0.06% ±0.03%		Single-cable	1000 A	CT6876A CT6846A
	to 1 kHz	: ±0.06% ±0.03%	or bundled	2000 A	CT6877A
Summed waveform	to 10 kHz	: ±0.10%. ±0.03%	wiring	2000 A	C10077A
output accuracy ±(% of reading + % of full	to 100 kHz	: ±0.20% ±0.10%	0 s s b l s	2000 A	CT9557 + CT6876A × 2/
scale)	to 300 kHz	: ±1.0% ±0.20%		2-cable	CT9557 + CT6846A × 2
Solicy	to 700 kHz	: ±5.0% ±0.20%	wiring	4000 A	CT9557 + CT6877A × 2
	to 1 MHz	: ±10.0% ±0.50%		3000 A	CT9557 + CT6876A × 3/
Operating temperature and	-10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F),		3-cable	5000 A	CT9557 + CT6846A × 3
humidity	80% RH or less		wiring	6000 A	CT9557 + CT6877A × 3
Power supply	wer supply 100 V to 240 V AC (50 Hz/60 Hz)		4000 4	4000 A	CT9557 + CT6876A × 4/
Output connector	HIOKI ME15W (male connector)		4-cable	4000 A	CT9557 + CT6846A × 4
	Approx. 116 × 67 × 132 mm		wiring	8000 A	CT9557 + CT6877A × 4
Dimensions (W x H x D)	(approx. 4.57. × 2.64. × 5.20 in.)				
Weight	Approx. 420 g (14.8 oz.)				
ncluded accessories AC ADAPTER Z1002, Power cord					

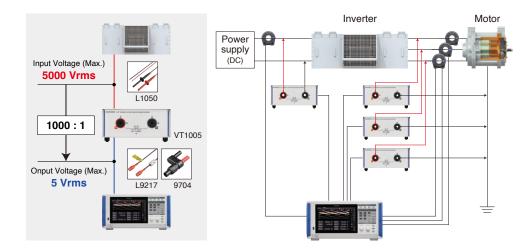
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Option CONNECTION CABLE CT9904 Cable length: 1 m (3.28 ft) CT9904 required to connect to PW8001.

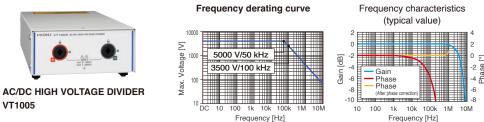
Measure High Voltages of up to 5000 V

The AC/DC High Voltage Divider VT1005 divides and outputs voltages of up to 5000 V. With the PW8001, the VT1005 can accurately measure high voltages of up to 5000 V.



VT1005 specifications

000 V rms, ±7100 V peak (Provided this falls within the frequency derating curve illustrated)
o measurement category: 5000 V AC/DC (7100 V peak, Anticipated transient overvoltage 0 V)
easurement category II: 2000 V AC/DC (Anticipated transient overvoltage 12000 V)
easurement category III: 1500 V AC/DC (Anticipated transient overvoltage 10000 V)
0.08% (DC), ±0.04% (50 Hz/60 Hz), ±0.17% (50 kHz)
and where amplitude falls within ±0.1% range: 200 kHz (typical)
and where phase falls within ±0.1° range: 500 kHz (typical) (15)
C to 4 MHz (Amplitude and phase accuracy specified up to 1 MHz)
000 : 1
) Hz/60 Hz: 90 dB (typical),
00 kHz: 80 dB (typical)
0°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F),
0% RH or less (non-condensing)
00 V to 240 V AC (50/60 Hz)
pprox. 195.0 × 83.2 × 346.0 mm (approx.7.68 × 3.28 × 13.62 in.)
pprox. 2.2 kg (77.6 oz.)
ifferential input
L1050-01 Voltage Cord (1.6 m/5.25 ft)
L9217 Connection Cord (insulated BNC, 1.6 m/ 5.25 ft)
9704 Conversion Adapter (insulated-female BNC-to-banana plug)
Power cord



SENSOR UNIT CT9557



Accessories

- Power cord × 1
- Instruction manual \times 1,
- GENNECT One (PC Applications) CD

0

- D-sub 25-pin connector × 1*
- *PW8001-02, PW8001-05, PW8001-12, PW8001-15 only

- Input units must be specified at the time of ordering

- Input units, voltage cords, and current sensors are required for measurement.



Factory-installed units **U7001 2.5 MS/S INPUT UNIT**

Order code: U7001

U7005 15 MS/s INPUT UNIT Order code: U7005

U7001 U7005



Example configuration PW8001-16 U7001 × 4 U7005 × 4

POWER ANALYZER PW8001

Model (order code)	Motor analysis	Waveform and D/A output	CAN or CAN FD interface	Optical link interface
PW8001-01	-	-	-	-
PW8001-02	-	Yes	-	-
PW8001-03	-	-	Yes	-
PW8001-04	-	-	-	Yes
PW8001-05	-	Yes	-	Yes
PW8001-06	-	-	Yes	Yes
PW8001-11	Yes	-	-	-
PW8001-12	Yes	Yes	-	-
PW8001-13	Yes	-	Yes	-
PW8001-14	Yes	-	-	Yes
PW8001-15	Yes	Yes	-	Yes
PW8001-16	Yes	-	Yes	Yes

Current measurement options

	Model	Automatic phase correction	Rated current	Frequency range	No. of channels Cable length
CT6877A	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	2000 A RMS	DC to 1 MHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6877A-1	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	2000 A RMS	DC to 1 MHz	10 m (32.81 ft.)
CT6876A	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	1000 A RMS	DC to 1.5 MHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6876A-1	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	1000 A RMS	DC to 1.2 MHz	10 m (32.81 ft.)
CT6904A-2*	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	800 A RMS	DC to 4 MHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6904A-3*	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	800 A RMS	DC to 2 MHz	10 m (32.81 ft.)
CT6904A	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	500 A RMS	DC to 4 MHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6904A-1*	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	500 A RMS	DC to 2 MHz	10 m (32.81 ft.)
CT6875A	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	500 A RMS	DC to 2 MHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6875A-1	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	500 A RMS	DC to 1.5 MHz	10 m (32.81 ft.)
CT6873	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	200 A RMS	DC to 10 MHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6873-01	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	200 A RMS	DC to 10 MHz	10 m (32.81 ft.)
CT6863-05	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	-	200 A RMS	DC to 500 kHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6872	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	50 A RMS	DC to 10 MHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6872-01	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	Yes	50 A RMS	DC to 10 MHz	10 m (32.81 ft.)
CT6862-05	AC/DC CURRENT SENSOR	-	50 A RMS	DC to 1 MHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6846A	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	Yes	1000 A RMS	DC to 100 kHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6845A	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	Yes	500 A RMS	DC to 200 kHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6844A	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	Yes	500 A RMS	DC to 500 kHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6843A	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	Yes	200 A RMS	DC to 700 kHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6841A	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	Yes	20 A RMS	DC to 2 MHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
CT6834, CT6834-01	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	Yes	500 A RMS	DC to 50 kHz	5 m(16.40 ft.), 10 m(32.81 ft.)
CT6833, CT6833-01	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	Yes	200 A RMS	DC to 50 kHz	5 m(16.40 ft.), 10 m(32.81 ft.)
CT6831	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	Yes	20 A RMS	DC to 100 kHz	4.2 m (13.78 ft.)
CT6830	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	Yes	2 A RMS	DC to 100 kHz	4.2 m (13.78 ft.)
9272-05	CLAMP ON SENSOR	-	20 A RMS, 200 A RMS	1 Hz to 100 kHz	3 m (9.84 ft.)
PW9100A-3	AC/DC CURRENT BOX	Yes	50 A RMS	DC to 3.5 MHz	3 channels
PW9100A-4	AC/DC CURRENT BOX	Yes	50 A RMS	DC to 3.5 MHz	4 channels

Voltage measurement options

	-	•			
1	L1025	VOLTAGE CORD	GE CORD 1500 V DC CATII, 1 A, 1000 V CATIII, 1 A banana-banana (red, black, 1 each), alligator clip, approx. 3 m (9.84 ft.) length		
2	L9438-50	VOLTAGE CORD	1000 V CATIII, 10 A, 600 V CATIV, 10 A banana-banana (red, black, 1 each), alligator clip, spiral tube, approx. 3 m (9.84 ft.) length		
3	L1000	VOLTAGE CORD	1000 V CATIII, 10 A, 600 V CATIV, 10 A banana-banana (red, yellow, blue, gray, 1 each, black × 4), alligator clip, approx. 3 m (9.84 ft.) length		
4	L9257	CONNECTION CORD	1000 V CATIII, 10 A, 600 V CATIV, 10 A banana-banana (red, black, 1 each), alligator clip, approx. 1.2 m (3.94 ft.) length		
5	L1021-01	PATCH CORD	1000 V CATIII, 10 A, 600 V CATIV, 10 A for branching voltage input, banana branch to banana clip (red × 1), 0.5 m (1.64 ft.) length		
6	L1021-02	PATCH CORD	CH CORD 1000 V CATIII, 10 A, 600 V CATIV, 10 A for branching voltage input, banana branch to banana clip (black × 1), 0.5 m (1.64 ft.) length		
7	L9243	GRABBER CLIP	1000 V CATII, 1 A, (red, black, 1 each)		
8	L4940	CONNECTION CORD	1000 V CATIII, 10 A, 600 V CATIV, 10 A banana-banana (red, black, 1 each), approx. 1.5 m (4.92 ft.) length		
9	L4935	ALLIGATOR CLIP SET	1000 V CATIII, 10 A, 600 V CATIV, 10 A, (red, black, 1 each)		
10	VT1005	AC/DC HIGH VOLTAGE DIVIDER	Voltage divider up to 5000 V and output to PW8001		
11	L1050-01, -03	VOLTAGE CORD	For VT1005, 1.6 m (L1050-01), 3.0 m (L1050-03)		

Connection options

12	L9217, -01, -02	CONNECTION CORD	600 V CATII, 0.2 A, 300 V CATIII, 0.2 A, For motor analysis input, For VT1005 connection, insulated BNC, L9217: 1.6 m (5.25 ft.), L9217-01: 3.0 m (9.84 ft.), L9217: 10 m (32.80 ft.)
13	9704	CONVERSION ADAPTER	For VT1005 connection, insulated BNC-banana
14	9642	LAN CABLE	CAT5e, cross-conversion connector, 5 m (16.40 ft.) length
15	9637	RS-232C CABLE	9pin-9pin, 1.8 m (5.91 ft.) length, cross cable
16	9151-02	GP-IB CONNECTOR CABLE	2 m (6.56 ft.) length
17	9444	CONNECTION CABLE	For external control, 9pin-9pin, straight cable, 1.5 m (4.92 ft.) length
18	L6000	OPTICAL CONNECTION CABLE	50 μm, 125 μm multi-mode fiber equivalent, 10 m (32.81 ft.) length
19	9165	CONNECTION CABLE	For BNC synchronization, metal BNC by metal BNC, 1.5 m (4.92 ft.) length
20	9713-01	CAN CABLE	One end terminating in bare wires, 2 m (6.56 ft.) length
21	CT9902	EXTENSION CABLE	For extension of current sensor cable, ME15W-ME15W, 5 m (16.40 ft.) length
22	CT9900	CONVERSION CABLE	Required in order to connect current sensors with Hioki PL23 output connector to the PW8001.
23	CT9557	SENSOR UNIT	Adds output waveforms from up to 4 current sensors to 1 channel and outputs it to the PW8001.
24	CT9904	CONNECTION CABLE	Cable length 1 m; required in order to connect the CT9557's added waveform output terminal to the PW8001.

Build-to-order options

25	L3000	D/A OUTPUT CABLE	D-sub 25-pin by BNC (male) 20-channel conversion cable
	Z5200	BNC TERMINAL BOX	D-sub 25-pin by BNC (female) 20-channel conversion box
	C8001	CARRYING CASE	Hard trunk type, with casters
28	Z5300	RACKMOUNT FITTINGS	For EIA standard rack
29	Z5301	RACKMOUNT FITTINGS	For JIS standard rack



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81 Koizumi, Ueda, Nagano 386-1192 Japan https://www.hioki.com/



information

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Rack-mounted PW8001 (Z5300, Z5301) Pictured: Z5300

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